

20 Jan 05

# THE NAPAN

Vol. XLIV] No 9 -E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA

## A GREAT SILK SALE — ONE DAY ONLY —

### Thursday, February 16th.

Every kind of Silk in stock. Every piece of Silk and Satin in stock will go into this great offering. Many thousand yards of Silks, plain Blacks, plain Colors, fancy Waisting Silks, also Satins, Black and Colors, also Dress Trimmings.

The entire Millinery Show Room will be given over to the display and Sale of the Silks.—Goods will be conveniently laid out in lots, plainly marked showing Sale price along side of the regular price.

## — Wednesday, Examining Day. —

All day Wednesday ladies may come in and see the display, examine the goods, and compare with the best value you can get here or elsewhere—if the inspection is satisfactory, we will be pleased to have you come and buy on Thursday.

### SPECIAL TO COUPON HOLDERS.

Bring your Coupons in and redeem them. We want all outstanding Coupons brought in. Get more when you come.

FULL LOT DISHES NOW TO HAND.

## Saturday, Specials all Over the Store.

Special lots of Dress Goods, Waists. Jackets, Men's Furnishings for Saturday. Big Discount off Furs of all kinds.

Special lots of Dress Goods, Waists, Jackets, Men's Furnishings for Saturday.  
Big Discount off Furs of all kinds.

**Delineator for 10 Cents on Saturday.**

# Hardy Dry Goods Co., Napanee.

**BLOCKS, SLABS, AND CORDWOOD.**

—FOR SALE—

**CHAS. STEVENS,**  
West Side Market.

**W. G. WILSON,**  
**BARRISTER,**  
Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc  
P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 83.  
OFFICE—North Side Dundas Street,  
Napanee, Ont.

## THE - DOMINION - BANK

CAPITAL, Paid up \$3,000,000  
RESERVE FUND \$3,000,000  
UNDIVIDED PROFITS \$ 135,000  
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS  
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT  
DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UPWARDS  
RECEIVED.  
INTEREST CREDITED THEREON  
HALF-YEARLY.

FARMERS' SALES NOTES COLLECTED AND  
ADVANCES MADE THEREON.

**T. S. HILL, Manager.**  
Napanee Branch

## SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

Under and by virtue of a Writ of Execution issued out of the Seventh Division Court of the County of Lennox and Addington, and to me directed and delivered at the suit of Thomas Evans and against the lands of Mrs. Mary A. McMullen, I have seized and taken into execution at the estate, right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Mary A. McMullen, of in and to all and singular those certain parcels or tracts of land and premises, situate, lying and being in the Township of Sheffield, in the County of Lennox and Addington, and being composed of "that lot of lot No. 6, in the 3rd concession of the said Township of Sheffield lying east of White Lake, also that part of the south half of lot No. 7, in the 3rd concession of the Township of Sheffield situate, lying east of White Lake. Alled which I will offer for sale at my office in the Court House, in the Town of Napanee, on SATURDAY, THE 25th DAY OF MARCH 1905.

GEO. D. HAWLEY,  
Sheriff of Co. Lennox and Addington,  
Sheriff's Office, Napanee, Dec. 21st, 1904.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that the James Bay Railway Company will apply to the Parliament of Canada at its next Session, for an Act authorizing the Company to change its name and empowering it to lease, purchase or otherwise acquire the lines of the Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Railway Company and to amalgamate with that Company; also to extend and define the powers of the Company with respect to the issue of bonds, debentures and other securities and for power to construct the lines of railway below mentioned; also empowering the Company to lease to the Canadian Northern Railway Company its lines or leased lines or any of them and to give that Company running powers thereover.

The lines referred to are the following:—  
(1) From a point on the Company's line south of Lake Muskoka thence easterly to Montreal passing through or near Ottawa with branches to Ottawa and Hawkesbury.  
(2) From a point on or near the French River thence easterly to Montreal passing through or near Ottawa with branches to Ottawa and Hawkesbury.  
(3) From a point on the Company's line at or near Sudbury thence westerly and south of Lake Nipigon to a point on the Canadian Northern Railway West of Port Arthur, passing through or near Port Arthur or with a branch to Port Arthur.

**Z. A. LASH,**  
Solicitor for Applicant.  
Dated December 8th, 1904.

**FARM FOR SALE OR TO LET.**  
The farm known as the Thompsons' Point farm, containing about 120 acres. This farm is situated on the Bay of Quinte midway between Deseronto and Picton, and would make a splendid summer resort as the boats call between eight and ten times a day. It is principally fenced with red cedar rails. For full particulars apply to D. W. ALLISON, Apolthstown, Ont.

## FOR SALE.

South half lot for n. on east side John Street, Napanee, on which are erected a stone building at present used as a butcher shop, and a frame barn in the rear. The property is centrally situated, being close to the Post Office.

For price and terms apply to  
**THE TORONTO GENERAL TRUSTS CORPORATION,**  
2-d Toronto, Ontario.

## S. CASEY DENISON,

Will be pleased to have your trade in  
**Groceries, Provisions,**  
**Flour, Feed, Salt, Straw,**  
**Pressed Hay, Etc.**  
PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

## NOTICE.

Application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at its next session for an Act to incorporate a railway Company under the name of the "Georgian Bay and Seaboard Railway Company," with power to construct, operate and maintain a railway from a point on Georgian Bay between Point Severn and Penetanguishine, in a southeasterly direction through the counties of Simcoe, Ontario, Victoria, Peterboro, Hastings, Lennox and Addington, Frontenac and Lanark, or any of them, to a point of connection with the Ontario and Quebec Railway between Caynville and Maberly with such powers as are usually given to railway companies incorporated by the Parliament of Canada; and that the said works be declared to be for the general advantage of Canada.

**ANDREW T. THOMPSON,**  
Solicitor for Applicants.  
Cayuga, 1st December, 1904.

## Best in the East

The new, up-to-date, Business Training School

**STONING**  
**BUSINESS COLLEGE**  
**KINGSTON, ONT.**

In affiliation with the well-known CENTRAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, of Toronto.

giving best courses in all Departments. Everything new, clean and first-class. Circulars free. Enter now.

**W. H. SHAW,** President. **T. N. STOCKDALE,** Principal.

Brilliant.  
"Did my diamonds call forth any comment?" asked Mrs. Cumrox.  
"Yes, indeed," answered Miss Cayenne. "I heard several people refer to you as the human chandelier."

## Dear Things.

Miss Shugger—What a self possessed woman Miss Passay is! Miss Pepper—Yes, and I don't imagine she'd ever get a chance to dispose of the property.

Lipton's Salada, and Blue Ribbon Teas in pkgs. Try our 25c and 40c teas in bulk at **GREY LION GROCERY.**

## PERSONALS

C. B. Huffman Esq., Bath, was a caller at our office on Tuesday.

Mrs. G. D. Hawley spent a few days in Kingston this week the guest of her sister, Mrs. Saunders.

Mrs. Geo. Thompson is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Fred Arnott, Toronto.

Miss Sarah Knight, of Eginburg is the guest of Miss Emma Sampson.

Miss Elsie Eyvel left last week for Belleville, where she is taking a course in Albert College.

Miss Bessie Sherwood entertained a number of her friends on Tuesday evening.

Mr. Jas. Roblin was in Belleville on Wednesday.

Mr. Geo. O'Hare and son James, Syracuse are renewing acquaintances in town.

Mrs. Harvey Vankoughnet, Toronto, is spending a few days in town.

Mr. W. T. Waller is able to be around after a week's illness.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Loucks entertained a number of their friends on Wednesday evening.

Mrs. M. H. Fralick and little son were in Camden East on Wednesday.

Mrs. Bradshaw, and Miss Effie, spent Sunday at Selby, the guests of her sister, Mrs. McQuaig.

Mr. Frank Moore, Prince Edward, is spending this week with friends in town.

Mrs. A. McLeod is retiring from business and will reside on the market square.

Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Pruyn spent a few days calling on friends in Napanee, this week. Mr. Pruyn returned from British Columbia about Christmas, after a four years sojourn in the west.

Rev. G. S. White was taken with a severe nose bleed one day this week, and before it could be stayed he was quite alarmed.

John Prittie has returned to Smith's Falls, after a six weeks' visit with friends in Napanee and Bruce county.

Mr. and Mrs. John Williams, Kaladar, spent a few days last week the guest of her daughter, Mrs. R. Crauston.

Mr. Wm. Balderstone, of Winnipeg, is the guest of Mr. T. S. Riddle, Piety Hill.

Miss Ethel Sexsmith, of Kingsford, is spending a few days with Miss Jettah Gould.

## BIRTHS

**SMITH**—At Napanee, on Saturday, February 4th, to Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Smith, a son.

**WOODCOCK**—At Deseronto, on Monday, January 30th 1905, to Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Woodcock, a daughter.

**BOIS**—At Deseronto, on Thursday, January 20th, 1905, to Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Bois, a daughter.

## MARRIAGES

**COLE—JORDAN**—At the Manse, Melrose, Ont., on Wednesday, February 1st, 1905, by Rev. D. O. McArthur, Willet E. Cole to Miss Alice L. Jordan, both of Tyendinaga.

American and Canadian coal oil, gasoline.

**MADOLE & WILSON.**

Maple syrup and table syrup just in at **GREY LION GROCERY.**

## NEW GOVERNMENT INSTALLED.

Wednesday afternoon a straight Conservative Government was invested with the power of conducting the business of the Province of Ontario for the first time in its history, the Sandfield Macdonald Administration from 1867 to 1871 having been the result of a coalition. The ceremony commenced at 4.30 in the afternoon at Government House, the members of the new Cabinet going there from the Queen's Hotel. They were sworn in by his honor William Mortimer Clark, the oath being administered by Mr. J. Lonsdale Capreel, K.C., Clerk of the Executive Council. The new Government is as follows:—

**HON. J. P. WHITNEY,** Premier and Attorney-General.

**HON. J. J. Foy,** Commissioner of Crown Lands.

**HON. A. J. MATHESON,** Treasurer.

**HON. R. A. PYNE,** Minister of Education.

**HON. NELSON MONTEITH,** Minister of Agriculture.

**HON. J. O. REAUME,** Commissioner of Public Works.

**HON. W. J. HANNA,** Provincial Secretary.

**HON. W. A. WILLOUGHBY,** Minister without portfolio.

**HON. ADAM BECK,** Minister without portfolio.

**HON. J. S. HENDRIE,** Minister without portfolio.

Mr. Whitney said—"I expect that Mr. St. John will be Speaker of the new Legislature." Later he said—"I also expect that in a few months Mr. Foy will take the Department of Attorney-General, with a view to considering the question of law reform."

Asked as to what portfolio he himself would take when this change is made, Mr. Whitney said he was prepared to discuss that now. He was also unable to say anything as to the date of the bye-elections (beyond the fact that they would be held as early as possible), or the meeting of the Legislature.

To another question, Mr. Whitney answered: "There will be a Department of Mines created in due course." But he declined to say anything as to its chief.

The new Cabinet fairly well represents the various sections of the Province. It is expected that the Minister of Mines, a position that cannot be filled until legislation has been passed creating the department will be filled by a representative from New Ontario. Toronto has in the Cabinet, Messrs. Foy and St. John although the latter represents West York, and Dr. Pyne being residents of that city. The Catholic Church has two representatives; the Presbyterian Church one, the Methodist two and the Anglican church six. The Cabinet includes four lawyers, two business men, three doctors and a farmer. Mr. Hanna is the youngest man in the Cabinet, only a few weeks in age dividing him and Mr. Monteith, Mr. Whitney is the oldest man in the Cabinet.

## DEATHS.

**HOWARD**—At Deseronto, on Saturday, January 22nd, 1905, George Howard, aged 23 years.

**BRISTOL**—At Deseronto, on Monday, February 6th, Bertha, Louise, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bristol, aged about nine weeks.

**Howard's Cold-Break-Ups** is a little brown tablet that breaks up grip and colds promptly 25c at Wallace's Drug Store.

# NANEE EXPRESS.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

NA—FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 10th, 1905

## NEWBURGH.

Quarterly meeting was held in the Methodist church on Sunday morning. At the official board meeting held on Saturday a unanimous invitation was extended to the pastor, Rev. J. F. Mears to remain a third year.

At the regular meeting of the village council last evening a petition was presented signed by thirty-one electors in regard to the council taking over the public library. Mr. Hayden, of Camden East, and Harvey Warner, of Nananee, have generously offered \$200 each. Another gentleman has offered \$50, making \$450 in all. These offers are conditional upon security being furnished that the library be maintained, and it was with this object in view that the board desired the library to be taken over by the village. The position was presented by Rev. J. H. Chant, who spoke briefly on the question. M. W. Simpkins asked many questions and in the heat of his argument said some things that were provoking to some present. Consequently things were lively for a few minutes. G. A. Aylesworth spoke on the subject and many electors asked various questions. It is surprising how many in the village are opposed to the library. It is an institution to be proud of, and its value is great, its influence far-reaching. After discussion the petition was left over to a special meeting to be called by the reeve. The auditor's report was presented by F. G. Millar, B.A. Mrs. Dunn is seriously ill at her son's, John Dunn's, Deseronto.

The sympathy of their many friends in this village goes out to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Finlay, of Strathcona, in the loss of their son, Thomas, who died Monday afternoon.

The Epworth League will unite with the prayer-meeting on Thursday evening. Rev. J. F. Mears will give an address on "compensation".

Rev. W. H. Emsley, Nananee, and Rev. R. Duke, Selby, have accepted invitations to give addresses at the tea meeting to be held in the church here on February 16th. The local hockey team met defeat at the hands of the Strathcona team in Strathcona, by a score of 4 to 2.

A number of children in the village are on the sick list.

Rev. J. F. Mears visited the Sunday school on Sunday and delivered an excellent address to the children.

Miss Myrtle Husband, Sydenham, spent Sunday at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. John McCauley entertained a few friends on Thursday evening of last week.

Miss Maggie Mitchell was at home to sixteen of her girl friends on Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Estes arrived last week from Winnipeg on a visit to his father Jerome Estes.

Mrs. Hugh Kelly, Strathcona, was visiting friends in the village on Friday and Saturday.

Master Gordon Storey sustained a nasty cut on the chin, by falling against a desk at school one day last week.

On Thursday of last week, John Lockwood was presented with an address and cane by his fellow employees of Finkle's carriage factory in honor of his birthday.

Mr. Miller of Switzerville, spent Sunday at Mrs. Husband's.

## TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chambers,  
Nanabee, Feb. 6th, 1905.

Members present, the Mayor in the chair, and Councillors Simpson, Williams, Graham, Ming, Normile and Kimmerly.

The minutes of January 11th, 16th and 23d were read and confirmed.

A communication was read from H. R. Grassen, Toronto, requesting the Council to see that all fire engineering apparatus, such as hydrants, mains, etc., be tested, as the extreme cold weather is likely to tighten them up and cause considerable delay in case of a fire. On motion the matter was placed in the hands of the Fire, Water and Light committee to investigate and report.

Communication from Alf. Knight, re lands for Canning factory, offering same, five acres, for \$500.00, per acre.

Moved by Coun. Ming, seconded by Coun. Simpson, that the communication be filed.

Communication from E. A. Hunter thanking the Council for their grant of \$50.00 to the Kingston General Hospital.

Communication from Seldon Denison, wishing to sell the Council a carload of cedar, was placed in the hands of the Street committee to report.

James Kenny asked that his assessment be reduced four mills on the dollar, which would amount to \$12.00.

Mrs. Armstrong was wrongfully assessed, \$16.20. Treasurer was granted a voucher for said amount.

Robt. Light was assessed for five lots on Robert street, which was an error in taxes.

C. A. Anderson was wrongfully assessed for dog, \$1.00, and water tax, 80c. Dog tax was remitted.

David DeShane, \$8.80; on motion treasurer was granted a voucher for said amount.

W. H. Hunter asked for a remission of four mills on his farm property, which was assessed for \$7,000, amounting to \$28.24. Granted.

T. Anderson, assessed \$100.00; referred back to Finance committee to report at next meeting.

Petition from A. S. Kimmerly, two houses assessed for \$225.00 and \$150.00 respectively; referred to Finance committee to report at next meeting.

Petition from M. R. Reid, asking that he be remitted \$5.40. Granted.

R. A. Crockery, \$5.40; granted.

U. J. Flach, \$8.10, remitted.

R. McNeill, \$2.70; remitted.

A. McCauley was remitted \$1.00 dog tax.

A communication from E. McLaughlin was laid over till next meeting of Council.

The Treasurer's monthly statement was presented and adopted.

On motion a gong was ordered to be placed in the Chief Engineer's house in order that he may be easily reached in case of fire.

## THE BEST.....

## OYSTERS

AT—

J. F. SMITH'S.

## DRY MILLWOOD FOR SALE

Also Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Salt and Portland Cement.

COAL FOR Stoves, Furnaces and Grates, Steam Purposes and Blacksmiths' use.

The Rathbun Co. R. B. SHIPMAN, Agent.

## DISTRICT NEWS.

W. J. Paul's majority in the recent election contest in Addington was 625.

It was just a year ago Monday since war broke out between Japan and Russia.

An ice jam in the St. Lawrence is causing the water to rise around Ogdensburg.

The recount in Kingston on Saturday increased Mr. Pense's majority from seven to twenty.

The great ballot box trial is stated to take place in Belleville on March 14th, before Judge Idington.

Mr. R. L. Borden, Conservative Leader, on Saturday was elected to the Commons in Carleton without opposition.

Lindsay Owens, a farmer, of Sistriville, Va., shot his wife and committed suicide by plunging into a tank of burning oil.

The recount of the ballots in the Provincial elections in Prince Edward resulted in the majority of Dr. Currie, Liberal, being increased to 9.

Geo. T. Pretty, a well known resident of Belleville, was found dead in bed Monday morning. He was a widower, aged 50 years and leaves a daughter.

Tom Marks playing in Prince Albert was accidentally shot in the foot by a 22-calibre revolver in the Prince Albert Hotel. The bullet struck an eyelet in his shoe and glanced off, plunging through the foot a couple of inches and embedding itself in the fleshy part.

## NANEE MODEL SCHOOL.

Honor Roll January.

Entrance—Alma Storms, Lucy Murphy, Jean Gibson, Aubrey Cowan, Norine Sobey, Vivian Hambly, Lena Herrington, Lorraine Pybus, Zella Parks, Stanhope Anderson.

Jr. IV.—Maise Stark, Edith Morden, Lambert Graham, Flossie Clark, Gerald Anderson, Roy Root, Max Trumper, Percy Laidley, Lucy Scott, James Websdale, Norma Davis, Lola Madden, Ruby Conger.

Sr. III.—Allie Wheeler, Annie Richardson, E. Richardson, N. Gordon, H. Gordon, G. Masters, E. Wagar, M. Gibson, E. Barton, P. Vrooman, V. Lasher, G. Grange, N. Waller, D. Gibson, M. Paul, M. Loucks, L. Loucks, E. Gleeson, F. Blair, B. Conger, G. Dryden, D. Vanalstine, G. Oliver, F. Green, G. Dickenson, H. Wilson, C. Clarke.

Sr. II.—Frances Leonard, Maggie Sayers, George Walker, Hattie Frizzell, Muriel Chalmers, Alison Anderson, Nettie Vandusen, Mabel Edwards, Kenneth Hamm, Hazel Shannon, Myrtle Edwards, Winnie Briggs, Hazel Kelly, Willis Jewell, Selden Herrington.

Jr. II.—Muriel Hart, Godfrey, Bartlett, Percy Goode, Irma Solmes, Harold Murray, Bertie Rodgers, Helen Daly, Beatrice Wilson, Edith Websdale, Della Gibson.

Pt. II. Sr.—Marie McNeill, Harold Herrington, Cecil Harshaw, Roy Johnston, Hugie Markle, Harvey Belcher, Wilfrid Storms, Roy Babcock, Reginald Willis, Louise Harshaw.

Pt. II. Jr.—Floyd Whitmarsh, Jean Daly, Freddie Cliff, Graham Fraser, Hazel

## TRUSSES

A Complete Stock.

The Medical Hall,  
FRED L. HOOPER.





The Medical Hall,  
FRED L. HOOPER.

### STRATHCONA.

Sickness is very prevalent in this village. A large number of our citizens are sick; victims of La Grippe.

The roads in this section are very bad and business is very black.

The committee having in charge the arrangements for the pan cake social are making a special effort to make it one of the events of the season. Hot pan cakes and an abundance of maple syrup and a first class programme in aid of the public library. Date February 14th, paste the date in your hat and come along.

A number of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Granger surprised them on Thursday evening by taking possession and having a party. They enjoyed themselves immensely and returned in the wee small hours of the morning.

The Sunday school, of St. Jude's, has re-organized with Frank Granger as superintendent.

Chas. Thompson, of Maribank, spent Sunday with his family.

Mrs. Hugh Kelly spent a few days last week visiting friends in Newburgh.

Mrs. Alex Tait who has been seriously ill of pneumonia the past few weeks is slowly recovering. Her friends will be glad to see her in her usual state of health.

Miss Maude Holden, of Chicago is visiting relatives here.

T. Finlay son of Mr. Wm. Finlay died on Monday after a short illness of peritonitis, the sympathy of the community goes out to the parents in their hour of sorrow and bereavement.

Mrs. John Pybus returned on Saturday from the Kingston General Hospital not very much improved in health; she is still seriously ill.

An exciting game of hockey was played here on Saturday between Strathcona juniors and Newburgh. The home team was successful by a score of six to two.

Harry Granger has purchased a fine team of heavy draught horses.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Soles, of Sharbot Lake, are visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. H. Herrington.

Pedro parties are all the rage now.

Iron and steel, all sizes sleigh crooks, all sizes sleigh poles and shafts for sale at  
**GREY LION HARDWARE.**

### YARKER.

E. W. Benjamin had the misfortune to lose the end of two of his fingers. They were easing down a new engine, recently purchased, to its place, when his fingers were cut clean off, the ends being picked up by one of the men.

Dances and entertainments have not been well patronized this winter, owing to the weather and bad condition of the roads.

Revival services are being held in Yarker. Cyrus Eggar, Camden East, has purchased the residence of M. Vanluven, late residence of S. S. Guess.

The ice harvest this winter is about eighteen inches thick.

Miss Edna Dupuis has recovered from her sickness.

The infant child of M. Warner is very ill.

Alpheus Vanluven, a resident here, says that in his opinion the Indian runner is the coming duck as an egg producer, and being a small fowl the cost of keeping is small as they are light feeders. He had three in his possession last season; they laid five hundred and twenty-two eggs, an average of one hundred and seventy-four eggs each, and that number would weigh down two hundred hen's egg. They can be kept in a much smaller space than hens and with a lower fence.

Miss Emmons, Belleville, is at Mrs. Burns.

The Best Backache and Kidney plaster on the market, 25c at Wallace's Drug Store.

### CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the Signature of  
*Chas. H. Pritchard.*



EARL GREY.  
The new Governor-General of Canada.



LADY GREY.

Moved by Coun. Ming, seconded by Coun. Graham, that the Clerk be instructed to communicate with the different rubber companies, re the purchase of 500 feet of hose, and report at next regular meeting. Cd.

There were three applications for the office of assessor, at the following figures, I. J. Lockwood, \$200.00; E. B. Hemstreet, \$150.00; W. L. Bennett, \$200.00. The blanks in the By-law were filled in with the name of Mr. W. L. Bennett at a salary of \$200.00. Mr. Bennett was present and asked the Council to furnish him with all necessary blanks, in regard to salary, etc., and also that he have them as early as possible.

A By-law was introduced to appoint a school trustee, which was filed in with the name of Robert Boyes for the current term of three years.

Mr. Williams thought that five acres of land which would be suitable for a canning factory could be purchased from W. H. Hunter, for the sum of \$450.00.

Moved by Mr. Ming, seconded by Mr. Kimmerly, that the Finance committee, with the Mayor added, be appointed to thoroughly investigate the land question, at a special meeting to be called by the Mayor.

Moved by Mr. Williams, seconded by Mr. Graham, that the Queen's Own, Grenadiers Band and 48th Highlanders be invited to Napanee for July 1st, 2d and 3d, for their annual outing.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

A. Vanluven \$150; F. E. Vanluven, \$51.80; Madole & Wilson, \$13.00; E. B. Perry, \$12.000; Municipal World, \$5.24; Chas. Vanalstine, \$3.65; Pollard Co., \$10.00; Gutta Percha & Rubber Co., \$52.75; J. Storms, 500c.

The Treasurer was granted a voucher for sundry payments, amounting to \$1501.20. Council adjourned.

We sell Herbageum the great cattle food.  
**BOYLE & SON.**

### LAPUMS WEST.

Snow? Loads of it, and still snowing. A very pleasant event took place here on Monday afternoon at the residence of Mr. Jas. Huff, it being the baptism of his youngest son, James Clifford. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. E. S. Radcliffe, of Camden East in the presence of a few of the near relatives.

Thos. Clyde was in Napanee several days last week attending County Council. Will Brown and Elmer Clyde were in Napanee on Saturday.

Geo. Emberly, of Camden East gave us a call on Sunday. The next time bring your snow shoes so as not to be snow-bound again.

Mr. E. R. Hogeboom and Miss S. Scrimshaw, of Greta; Mr. and Mrs. J. Irish, of Yarker, were visiting at Sperry Rikley's on Sunday.

Laura Joiner, returned to J. D. Huff's after a two week's visit at her home in Colebrook.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Woodhouse were in Yarker on Saturday, also Mr. and Mrs. Byard Lee.

A Glasgow special cable says Lipton is to build three yachts, all qualified for cup racing, picking out one for the challenger. He has a new plan for a racing boat, to catch the Americans off their guard.

Byron O. Lott, the political refugee and the aspirant for Parliamentary honors in West Hastings, is at present wintering at Los Angeles, Cal. Friends of his have received letters from him from that place.

The annual consumption of sugar in Canada is 400,000,000 pounds. The price is practically two cents a pound higher than last year, which means an advance of \$8,000,000 that the people of Canada must pay for sugar.

Dr. Currie's many loyal supporters met in the Bijou Opera-House, Picton, Friday night and had speeches, after which a huge bon-fire was lighted in front of his residence. Then the crowd were taken in the house and treated to cake and coffee.

At Vanachar, on Saturday morning, January 18th, after a lingering illness, Alexander Gregg, passed peacefully away. He was born fifty-one years ago. Mr. Gregg leaves to mourn a wife and ten children, the youngest being sixteen months old; also his five brothers.

There is every indication that a wave of religious revivalism as strong as that which followed the first mission of Sankey and Moody is about to spread over Great Britain. It has been urged forward for months in several cities by Messrs. Torrey and Alexander, the American evangelists.

At St. Paul, Minn., on Saturday, a farm hand supposed to be Peter Eberhart, drank a small bottle of nitro-glycerine on a wager, froze to death while walking home, and exploded when efforts were made to thaw him out. The outbuilding in which the body was placed to thaw out was as badly wrecked as was the body of Peter.

President Roosevelt will be introduced this week to the father and mother of twenty-seven children, and it is expected he will present them with an autographed photograph. George W. Dunville, father is but forty-three years old, and his wife thirty-eight. They live at Yankton, South Dakota. The twenty-seven children are nine sets of triplets. Twenty-four of them are boys and three are girls. The children will not accompany their parents.

"The Grand Trunk Railway Company has at last placed an order for six electrical locomotives with the Westinghouse Company for hauling trains through the tunnel at Port Huron, Mich. The third rail system will be used, the rail being placed on the side of the tunnel, so as to offer less danger to men at work on track. The plans to call for a brilliant illumination of the tunnel, which will be whitened and advertised as an attraction to tourists."

The wedding ring was placed on the left hand, as nearest the heart, and on the fourth finger because that finger was supposed to have its own 'private wire' (in the shape of a delicate nerve) to the heart. That finger too, was called the medicine finger, and the belief was that by virtue of the little nerve it could detect a dangerous poison if simply inserted in the liquid. From that belief the idea that wedding rings—the rings worn on that finger—had special curative qualities, had its rise. To this day wedding rings are rubbed over an obstinate sty on an eyelid.

Vanalstine, Jimmy Stevens, Helen Vandulstine, Emma Mills, Maggie Gleeson, Kathleen Daly, Robbie Bowler.

Sr. Pt. I. A—Iva Evans, Dorothy Reeve, Muriel Martin.

Sr. Pt. I. B—Lizzie Marquajella, Louise Griffin, Maggie Mylo, Aletha Scott, Archie Smith, Herbert Plumley, Gladys Wilson, Herbert Wilson, Harry Walker, Selvina Brown, Vera Conway, Marjorie Britton, Leonard Wartman, Frank Hart, Nora Carr, Ray Woods, Clarence Peterson, Harry Evans, Kathleen Wilson, Frank Vandusen.

Jr. Pt. I—Eva Mitchell, Bernice Sagar, Leo Mylo, Harold McGuire, Kathleen Kelly, Hazel Stewart, Daniel Pizzariello, Helen Davis, Harry McNeill.

East Ward Jr. III—Frances Wagar, Carrie Cowan, Madge Rankin, Grace Ward, Minnie Rankin, Louisa Richards, Harold Moudk, Cecil Wilson.

Sr. II—Maud Hurst, Louis Meng, Laura Vine, Lucy Clancy, Nellie Morden, Sadie Conger, Willie Trumper, Cornelius Mills. Grade II—B. Murdoch, E. King, B. Hartwick, R. Vanalstine, G. Campbell, E. Norris, Ross Lucks, C. Perry, G. Metzler, L. McCabe, N. Cornwall, Lila Miles, F. Oliver, P. Lucas, Laura Vanalstine, H. Bruton, R. Laaser, E. E. Millan, M. Smith, J. Warner, R. Green, E. Dibb, Josie Loucks, Ora Knight, J. Simpson, Violet Perry, W. Duncan, Dorothy Smith, M. Laird, V. Kenny.

Grade I—Carmaleta Vine, Muriel Richards, Gordon Rockwell, Clarence Wheeler, Fred Denison, Hilda Barker, Loretta Trumper, Norman Root, Gerie Warner, Norman Giroux, Fred Graham, Carl Hamby, Geo. Davy, Willie Dibb, Willie Kinkley.

Try The Plaza Barber Shop for first class up to date work. We want your custom and will do your work to please you. The Plaza. A. WILLIS.

## EYES THAT TIRE

The normal eye should be able to do a normal amount of work. If your eyes readily become tired it is because seeing calls for abnormal effort. This is eyestrain and if neglected may end in complete loss of sight. We can give you eye comfort.

**H. E. SMITH,**  
Smith's Jewellery Store.



## THIBETAN EXPLORATIONS

### A VISIT TO THE TASHI LAMA OF THE WEST.

His Monastery Is a Finer One Than Any to be Seen at Lhasa.

In connection with the exploration to Lhasa much exploratory work was done, and is still in progress. The London Times tells of an expedition now heading toward Gartok, one of the cities of Western Tibet, opened to trade by Lhasa treaty. The party left Gyantse on October 10 and arrived at Shigatse in three days, after what is described as a delightful journey through thoroughly richly-cultivated and highly irrigated valleys. Villages lay dotted thickly over the slopes, every house and hamlet being surrounded with trees. The harvest had been very good and was being got in, and affairs looked prosperous in this part of Tibet. On nearing Shigatse the British officers were met by a deputation of Lamas and laymen, who extended to them a cordial welcome and entertained them with refreshments laid out in tents by the roadside. The streets of the town were filled with large crowds, who gazed with much surprise at the first Europeans seen at Shigatse since Turner's visit 120 years ago. Captain Turner, it may be remembered, was Warren Hastings' envoy to the infant Tashi Lama, the reincarnation of the former Pontiff, who had received George Bogle, the first envoy in such

#### A FRIENDLY WAY.

The plain of Tashi-lhunpo, which is perfectly level, is encompassed by rocky hills on all sides. Towards the north it narrows, leaving only room for the road and the river. A rock, crowned by the fortress of Shigatse, commands the pass. The position is clearly described by Turner. As he looked southward from his apartment he could see, in front, the road leading to Bengal and Bhutan; on his right ran the roads to Ladak and Kashmir, as well as that by Tingri Maidan to Nepaul, and in that direction lay also "the mines of lead, copper, cinnamon and gold," while on his left were the roads to Lhasa and China. Far away to the north stretched the territory of the Taranth Lama, bordering upon Russia and Siberia.

Since Captain Turner's time two travellers have placed on record their visits to Shigatse, but neither of them was a European. The famous explorer, the Pandit Nain Singh, visited Tashi-lhunpo and Shigatse in October and November, 1865, at which time the place was of some importance, numbering 9,000 inhabitants, exclusive of the monks, but inclusive of a garrison of 100 Chinese soldiers and 400 Tibetan militia. At Tashi-lhunpo the Pandit, like his distinguished predecessor, did homage to the Tashi Lama, then a boy of 11. Still more recently, in 1879 and 1881, Sarat Chandra Das visited Shigatse. It was on December 13 in the latter year that he witnessed the arrival thither of the Kashmir envoy with his

#### GUARDS AND ESCORT.

This envoy, so it was told to "S. C. D." was sent by the Kashmir Durbar every three years to Lhasa with presents (called tribute) to the Grand Lama. The Tibetan Government, on receiving notice of the setting out of the mission, had relays of ponies and mules and also coolies prepared at all the towns and post stations along the road from the Ladak frontier to Lhasa. Although so large a number of ponies and men was hardly necessary for the envoy, who only brought presents of precious things of little bulk, the party availed itself of the pri-

For the debonair detective, Mr. Hurst, was leading a double life. By day he was the respectable and respected citizen; by night he was the clever and determined burglar. No one suspected Mr. Hurst. Who would suspect a detective?

Burglaries became common in the Clapham district, and last year no fewer than forty were reported in the district, most of them baffling, by reason of the fact that no sign of forcible entry could be found. What more natural than that Mr. Hurst, the detective, should be engaged to clear up the mystery? He was so engaged, but without any success, so far as can be gathered. It has only recently become known that Mr. Hurst was the burglar as well as the detective.

Finally when three mysterious burglaries occurred in the house in which Mr. Hurst lodged suspicion fell on him. Then discoveries came thick and fast. It was found that all the houses which had been entered had a slit for letters but no box, and argued that a piece of flannel-covered wire could have been silently wielded so as to lift the latch. Finally, when Mr. Hurst's room in Ramaden road was entered the detectives found skeleton keys, electric lamps, a set of jeweler's tools, a cypher for use between thieves and receivers, and articles relating to no fewer than seventeen burglaries.

Once Hurst left a party for an interval, burgled the house of his sweetheart's sister, and returned to the party with the booty in his pocket.

He got four years' penal servitude.

## IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND

### NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

#### Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

A wedding took place at Bulwell, Nottingham, in which the bride, bridegroom, best man and a bridesmaid were all deaf mutes.

The largest roll of pigtail tobacco, twist ever made is on view in the shop window of a Bolton manufacturer. It measures two and a half miles in length, and weighs 203 lbs.

Young and growing soldiers, says an Army Council memorandum to officers, are prone to wear boots that are two small and too narrow, mainly because of their smart appearance.

Beaters going through a wood near Lowestoft, found the body of Alexander Patrick, a Scotch fish buyer, who had been missing since October 11, and beside it a rusty revolver.

By the terms of an ancient charity every man in the parish of Little Leighs, Essex, received three half-quartern loaves, each recipient being required to bring a pillow-case to put the gift in.

Thirty-two years ago Geo. Vasey, of Shildon, Durham, lost his eyesight through an accident on the railway. In August last he was surprised to find that he could see slightly with his left eye, and now, though undergoing no treatment, he can see quite well.

Hotly pursued by a cross-bred hound, a fox plunged into the Humber just below Hull, and half-way across whipped round and savagely attacked his pursuer. An exciting fight ensued, in which the hound, after losing an ear, eventually strangled his enemy.

Acting on the legal opinion that perambulators come within the definition of "wheeled traffic," the owner of Moor Park, Farnham, has prohibited perambulators and cycles

## REAL PICTURE OF CHRIST

### REMAINED THE SAME IN EVERY AGE.

#### Artists' Conception of To-day is Based on Authentic Likeness.

All the world is familiar with the beautiful face, as full of sadness as it is of spiritual light, which is accepted as the likeness of Christ.

Many Christians are skeptical as to the faithfulness of the picture because in their view, the accepted likeness simply grew up in the dark ages, each painter having his own ideal and adding a light here, a shade there, until the effort culminated in the faces painted by Raphael and Correggio, Michael Angelo and Albrecht Durer.

Sir William Bayliss, F. S. A., president of the Royal Society of British Artists, disposes of objectors and their objections by an irresistible appeal to historical evidence.

He shows that every Christian community in the world possesses this likeness, and that in every age it has remained the same. When the graves of the first Christian martyrs were opened they were found to contain portraits of Christ, and the likeness they disclose is the likeness as we know it to-day.

The art of portraiture was common among the Romans and was at its greatest height when Christ and the Apostles were living. Many portraits of the Apostles still survive the centuries, and with them are many portraits of Christ.

#### ART OF PORTRAITURE.

The painter, the engraver, the enameler, the mosaic-worker of early Christian times, all saw Christ and pictured him, and all their pictures are the same. The frescoes in the Roman catacombs, the Greek enameled, the engraved sacramental cups in use in the earliest Christian times, the paintings on the face-cloths of the dead in the first century, all show the same likeness, and it is identical with that painted by Michael Angelo.

"Some critics have declared that we know what Christ was like because the art of the period was primitive, and primitive art is not to be taken seriously," he declares.

"This is an argument founded upon ignorance. There was one phase of art, and one only, which the Romans practised with any marked success—and that was portraiture. Instead of collecting pictures, the wealthy citizens decorated their houses and galleries with collections of portraits of men and women of note.

"If there was ever a period when Rome possessed consummate portraits, it was when the face of Christ was first being painted. Christ came at the very time when the world was specially prepared to receive and record its impressions of the aspect of His human nature.

#### VERONICA PICTURES.

"As additional evidence of the authenticity of the likeness of Christ, we have the Veronica images. The old legend is that one of the women who met Christ on His way to the Cross offered Him her handkerchief to wipe the sweat from His brow, when the Divine features were miraculously imprinted upon it.

"The absurdity of this legend is shown by the fact that there are several of the Veronica likenesses. As a matter of fact, they are simply face-cloths from the graves of the first martyrs, on which the likeness of Christ has been painted by Roman artists. The darkness of a Veronica is really the imprint of a face—the dead face on which it was laid; the likeness discerned through the

## FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND

### NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER BANKS AND TRAILS.

#### What Is Going on in the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

In connection with the expected visit of His Majesty the King to Edinburgh this year to review the Scottish Volunteers, there is a suggestion that he should be invited to inaugurate the new Talla water supply.

The death is announced of Mr. Robert Andrew Fayer, who was descended through the Douglasses of Glenbervie from King Robert Bruce. Deceased, who was 48 years of age, was the eldest son of Sir Joseph Fayer, Bart.

By the will of Mr. John Hamilton, Motherwell, Lanarkshire, it is specified that on the death of his sisters his estate is to go to purchase oil paintings to be presented to Glasgow. Mr. Hamilton has left upwards of £50,000.

The new Regent's Bridge, to afford communication with both sides of Aberdeen docks, the principal part of a large scheme of harbor extension and improvement, was formally opened on the 28th ult. The total cost of the works will be about £120,000.

The death has taken place of Mr. Alexander Guild, general merchant, Meigle, Perthshire, at the age of 85 years. Deceased took great interest in antiquarian subjects, and was zealous in his research for Roman remains and places of the Picts who once peopled Strathmore.

By the will of the late Mr. William Knox, grain merchant, Aberdeen, a sum of £9,000 has been left to Aberdeen University for the establishment of bursaries in arts, divinity and medicine. To Aberdeen Free Church College a sum of £4,000 has been bequeathed to found scholarships in theology.

Throughout the whole of Scotland there will be a feeling of deep disappointment if it turns out to be true that the Government has abandoned the intention of creating a great naval base in the Firth of Forth at Rosyth. The Government, it is said, have been advised to give up the scheme by Sir Joseph Fisher.

The fourth Duke of Gordon, whose memory has been rekindled by an action raised in Arbroath Sheriff Court, is said to have been the author of the poem, "Cauld Kail in Aberdeen and Custocks in Strathbogie." There are two versions of this song. The first appears in Herd's collection, and is probably the older set of words extant.

The death of Mr. John Paton, of 30 McLaren road, Edinburgh, removes one of the most devoted Christian workers amongst the children of the city slums in Scotland. For 20 years Mr. Paton was associated with the carrying on of the Sabbath Free Breakfast Mission, the children's section of which claimed his warmest interest.

The death has taken place at Skelbow Hall, Doncaster, of a well-known Lanarkshire laird, Mr. James Findlay, of Easterhill, in his 86th year. This family belonged originally to Ayrshire, a son of Mr. W. Findlay, of Waxford, being the celebrated Rev. Dr. Robert Findlay, for many years professor of divinity at Glasgow University.

A thaw was so rapid in some districts of Scotland on the 18th ult., that flooding resulted. The Spey at Kingussie was in a state of high flood. The water invaded a haugh below the station, where a number of ponies were enclosed, and five of them were drowned. At Kirkintilloch the Kelvin ran very high, and many roads were under water and impassable. The Gleast also over-

prepared at all the towns and post stations along the road from the Ladak frontier to Lhasa. Although so large a number of ponies and men was hardly necessary for the envoy, who only brought presents of precious things of little bulk, the party availed itself of the privilege for the carriage of personal property and merchandise to and from Lhasa.

On the present occasion the reception of the Englishmen was of a pleasing character. The officials could not have been more courteous or hospitable and the populace were most friendly. The two parties were lodged in a nobleman's garden, and Captain Steen of the Indian Medical Service was called upon to minister, from morning till late at night, to the sick of Shangtse and the surrounding parts. Rich and poor are said to have sought his good offices, the fame of Captain Walter's skill at Lhasa having spread far and wide. The British officers describe the monastery of Tashi-lhunpo as far finer than anything at Lhasa, its circumference being two miles. Turner says it is a large monastery consisting of three or four hundred houses, the habitations of the Gy-longs, besides temples, mausolea and the palace of the Sovereign Pontiff, in which is comprised also the residence of the Regent and of all the subordinate officers, both ecclesiastical and civil. Its buildings are all of stone, none less than two stories high, flat-roofed, and

#### CROWNED WITH PARAPETS.

On October 16 Captain O'Connor, accompanied by all the Europeans, paid an official visit to the Tashi Lama, who is at present, by virtue of the Emperor of China, the head of all the churches owning the supremacy of the Dalai Lama. The Tashi Lama is a young man of 23 years of age, with a pleasing address and owning the reputation of being both pious and able. He received the Englishmen with respect and regard, and impressed his visitors most favorably. On the night of their arrival the lamasery was brilliantly illuminated in memory of some great Lama of the past, and, curiously enough, this date coincided with the date of Captain Turner's arrival, October 13, 1783, a fact considered by the Lamas to be especially propitious. The monastery contained some wonderful tombs and was far more richly decorated than any of those of Lhasa. Here Captain O'Connor separated from his friends and returned to Gyantse while Captains Ryder, Wood and Rawling, and Lieut. Batley continued their long and interesting journey to Gartok. The next intelligence of their movements will in all probability be derived from Simla, or possibly some other more eastern point on the Himalayas, according to the condition of the passes from Thibet offers the most practicable chance of crossing the mountains into Indian territory.

#### "RAFFLES" IN REAL LIFE.

##### A Detective by Day and a Burglar by Night.

Joseph Machin Hurst lived a life of ease in the highly-respected district of Balham, a suburb of London. He was a man of ability, a detective in private practice, and the neighborhood thought much of him. He went to local parties, took his sweetheart about, and lived what would have been an extravagant life to any but a man of considerable private means.

And all the while he was making himself popular and respected he was also making himself acquainted with the peculiarities of the district and its people, learning of those houses which contained valuables and of the methods by which those valuables might be obtained.

after losing an ear, eventually strangled his enemy.

Acting on the legal opinion that perambulators come within the definition of "wheeled traffic," the owner of Moor Park, Farnham, has prohibited perambulators and cycles from passing through the park over the bridle paths and footways of which the public claim a right of user.

"This artificial honey is nothing more or less than glucose flavored with real honey, and to some people is even preferable to the genuine article," said the editor of the British Bee Journal, in reference to the attempts of German chemists to foist artificial honey on the British market.

A process has been discovered by which slag may be converted into a substance closely resembling wool. The slag—refuse from smelting works—is melted and blown through a fine wire screen, coming out in a long, white, woolly fibre.

The manager of the shop of the Zeale Meat Co., Walkley, Sheffield, set a trap—a juicy joint with electric wires running through—for thieving dogs. A "King Charles" bit and died, and a lawsuit followed. Judgment has, however, been reserved.

To enable Indian graduates to finish their education in England, Mr. Shyamaji Krishnavarma, M. A., (Oxon), proposes to found five Herbert Spencer Travelling Fellowships, value £135 each, the conditions being that no successful candidate shall accept any office under the British Government.

The reconstruction of Victoria station by the London Brighton and South Coast Railway, which will cost over £2,000,000, is advancing rapidly. It is hoped that the new system will be in working order by September.

#### HYGIENE IN SCHOOLS.

There is a movement in England. Lacked by a petition to the board of education signed by nearly 15,000 practising physicians, to introduce in the public elementary and secondary schools the compulsory teaching of hygiene. The petitioners urge that such instruction should be given as will lead all children to appreciate at their true value healthful bodily conditions, as regards cleanliness, pure air, food and drink. Among the things particularly asked for is elementary instruction concerning the nature and effects of alcohol. Lord Londonderry, the president of the board, has expressed his sympathy with the intention of the petitioners.

"Every year," said the professor, "a sheet of water, 14ft thick, is raised to the clouds from the sea." "What time of the year does that happen, professor?" asked the freshman. "I should think it would be a sight worth going to see."

A curious custom has just been celebrated at Klin, near Moscow. All the marriageable girls in the town lined up on the principal street, decked out in their simple finery. The young men contemplating matrimony walked down the ranks of beauty, and selected the girls of their choice. A formal visit to the parents to arrange details was then made in each case, and a date fixed for the ceremony.

The sovereign who reigns over the smallest monarchy in the world is the King of the Cocos, a group of islands near Sumatra. These islands were discovered about 300 years ago by the captain of the "Keeling," but were comparatively little known till 1825, when Mr. Ross, an Englishman, visited them, was struck by their beauty, and took up his abode there. It is his grandson, M. George Reiss, who now holds sway over the Cocos.

ly face-cloths from the graves of the first martyrs, on which the likeness of Christ has been painted by Roman artists. The darkness of a Veronica is really the imprint of a face—the dead face on which it was laid; the likeness discerned through the imprint is the drawing originally made on the cloth, and it is the well-known likeness of Christ.

"If any suppose the great painters of the Renaissance invented their likeness of Christ, it may interest them to know that Michael Angelo, the most daring and imaginative painter who has ever lived, in his unfinished painting of Christ, followed the Veronica of St. Silvestro line for line. A tracing of his picture superimposed on the Veronica is indistinguishable from a tracing of the Veronica itself."

#### A SWIM FOR LIFE.

##### Sailor Battled With the Waters a Full Day and a Half.

When the British steamship Shimosa arrived at New York from Singapore last summer she brought a story of most extraordinary human endurance. The tale is told by the captain. The ship, at the time of the occurrence, was three hundred miles from Perim, and well into the Red Sea.

One day, while on the bridge, the chief officer heard a whistle. No vessel was in sight, but still the faint whistle continued. Suddenly he described a man swimming not far from the ship. A life-buoy was thrown out, and the swimmer brought on board. The man was so exhausted when he reached deck that he entirely collapsed, and it was some time before he could tell his story.

When the rescued man had recovered he told his adventures. He was a lascar, and had fallen overboard from a steamer bound for Suez. He insisted he had been three days in the water, but that is improbable. There is no doubt, however, that thirty-six hours had passed between the time of his falling overboard and his rescue. When the Shimosa reached Suez, she found the steamer from which the lascar had fallen, and, according to the calculations of the crew, the poor sailor battled with the waters for a full day and a half.

The most extraordinary part of the affair is how the man could have existed in the intense heat of that climate. His lips and mouth were skinned and bleeding, but he seemed as well as could be when he was landed at Suez, four days after his rescue.

The water of the Red Sea is somewhat denser than of the ocean, and therefore more buoyant. The heat is terrific. The mean surface temperature is from eighty-four to one hundred degrees. How any one could keep afloat under such a broiling sun is a mystery.

The story helps to discredit the stories of the continual attendance of sharks upon vessels, and of their disposition to attack man. They are generally supposed to be larger and bolder in tropical waters, yet this man had been for thirty-six hours in the sea and was not touched. Some years ago a well-known shipping-agent offered five thousand dollars for a well-authenticated story of a man having ever been devoured by a shark, but no one claimed the prize. It is evident at least that there were no "man-eating sharks" round where the lascar was picked up by the Shimosa.

A Woman's Right.—A right to a husband, if she can get one.

The Vienna police are about to experiment with a phonograph in taking a prisoner's answers to questions asked in the preliminary examination, so that when the actual trial takes place there may be no dispute as to what was said.

Kingsmill was in a state of high flood. The water invaded a haugh below the station, where a number of ponies were enclosed, and five of them were drowned. At Kirkintilloch the Kelvin ran very high, and many roads were under water and impassable. The Glasnet also overflowed its banks and caused considerable damage.

The death is announced of Mr. Daniel Yarrnton Mills, joint secretary of the Scottish Equitable Life Assurance Society, Edinburgh, at the age of 55 years. By the directors and other officials of the society he was held in the highest esteem, having proved himself a most valuable official. As a chess player he was well known, having won the championship of Scotland no fewer than seven times out of the eight competitions in which he took part.

#### HUMAN FLESH AS BAIT.

##### Employed by Hawaiian Chiefs to Capture Sharks.

It appears that the Hawaiian chiefs of some years ago were much addicted to the use of human flesh as bait for sharks. It came cheaper than pig, was equally acceptable to the shark, and gave the chief an opportunity to kill any one whom he disliked. The victim was cut up and left to decompose for two or three days in a receptacle. Kamehameha I. was a great shark hunter, and kept those of his victims who were intended for bait penned up near the great temple of Mookini.

Mrs. Beckley gives a particularly interesting account of another method of capturing the huge niuhi, or man-eating shark, followed by the natives. They first of all captured a large number of the small common shark, saved their livers with a portion of the flesh, wrapped them in ki leaves and baked them underground. From fifty to a hundred canoes were loaded with the baked meat and large quantities of the pounded roots of awa, mixed with a little water and contained in large gourds. The fleet would sail many miles out to sea in the direction in which the niuhi is known to appear.

Arrived at a comparatively shallow place, the canoe containing the head fisherman, and the priest and the sorcerer, who was supposed to be indispensable, would cast anchor; meat and the baked liver would be thrown overboard, a few bundles at a time, to attract sharks. After a few days the grease and scent of cooked meats would spread through the water many miles in radius. The niuhi would almost always make its appearance after the third or fourth day, when bundles of the baked meat were thrown to it as fast as it could swallow them. After a while it would become comparatively tame, and would come up to one or other of the canoes to be fed. Bundles of the liver with the pounded awa would then be given it and it would become not only satiated, but also stupefied with awa.

A noose was then slipped over its head, and the fleet raised anchor and set sail for home, the shark following, a willing prisoner, and the occupants of the nearest canoes being careful to feed it upon the same mixture from time to time. It was led right into shallow water until it was stranded, and then killed. Every part of the bones and skin was supposed to confer unflinching bravery upon the possessor, and the actual cantor, that is, the one who slithered the noose over the niuhi's head, would also, ever after, be always victorious.

#### NO CAUSE FOR GRATITUDE.

"You ought to do something for that cold."  
"What! After the way it has treated me?"



## SOME MEXICAN CUSTOMS

### WOMEN SPIN ON ANTIQUE-LOOKING WHEELS.

#### Indian Tribes Retain Their Distinctive Dress and Customs.

One of the many things that go to make Mexico so picturesque and so interesting for foreigners is that it still retains many of the customs of past generations which modern nations have left behind them. These seem to fit in with the strange, half-Moorish, half-Aztec aspect of many of the old buildings which are found everywhere throughout the country. The landscape, too, the many colored mountains, the wonderful lights on the hills, and the picturesque natives all seem to blend with the curious old customs of a past age which have lived on here into the rushing civilization and restless energy of the 20th century, says Modern Mexico. In the rural districts many of the natives are doing now as our ancestors did more than a century ago before the factories and the steam looms came to centralize work that had been previously done in the homes.

#### RETAIN OLD CUSTOMS.

Many of the Indian tribes still keep their ancient languages, their distinctive dress, and their customs, and the superstitions of their ancient religion, if not the spirit of the religion itself. Among these primitive customs referred to are more often to be found as they existed centuries ago.

The Indians who cling most closely and tenaciously to their ancient dress and language are those who are most interesting to study, and picturesque from the tourist point of view. These tribes do all their own weaving at home. You can tell each tribe by the distinctive dress it wears. Especially is this so of the women. For, like the Highland Scotch, they have certain ways of weaving their cloth peculiar to each tribe. The tribe is generally indicated on the uplands by certain stripes. Sometimes, however, it is shown by having a skirt of one kind and a reboso (a kind of shawl) of another.

#### SOME HOME INDUSTRIES.

In many Mexican houses women spin on curious, antique-looking wheels, as their ancestors did before the Spanish conquest four centuries ago. Almost all the cloth made in the Mexican homes is of cotton, and in many places they will tell you proudly that the art has remained in the family since the time of the Aztec princes. The cotton yarn is dyed in many colors and woven into artistic patterns. The curio stores make a very profitable business selling the more artistic of the blankets and different kinds of wraps of the Indians.

One of the sights of interest for the tourist is the making of matting from rushes. This is to be found in many different patterns and colors, from the very coarsest class to the fine variety which is often used by the middle-class people in the place of ordinary rugs and carpet. The long rushes from the swamps are partially dried, and then woven into mats, while they are pliable enough to be worked without injuring the fibre. Many poor people make a living by the manufacture of these rush mats, which serve the place of bedding for the poorer class, who stretch them upon their earthen floors to protect themselves from the damp.

#### WORK TAKES TIME.

On the most curious and primitive looms Mexican women weave saddle girths. These looms consist of upright sticks fastened into a rude crossbar. Generally two women work at this loom, one working the wool, while the other handles the

## THE SPOILS OF A WRECK

### DRUNKEN ORGY ON THE COAST OF ENGLAND.

#### Wreck Near Mouth of Mersey—Shores Strewn With Fruit and Wine.

About a fortnight ago the steamer Ulloa, bound for Liverpool from Spain with a cargo of Spanish wines and oranges and various kinds of fruit, went ashore upon one of the many sandbanks in the mouth of the Mersey, about a quarter of a mile from the Wallasey shore. On Thursday night last a heavy storm arose, and broke up the fore part of the cargo. The wind blew ashore about 300 cases of oranges, and numerous boxes of raisins, lemons, figs, and onions, together with five 100-gallon casks of port wine.

Towards Friday evening the villagers turned out to view the debris left on their shores by the receding tide. Many of the cases of fruit had been burst open by the force of the waves, and the shore for miles was covered with rich-colored fruits, the prevailing tone of which was a bright orange. As the sun began to sink in the west its departing rays caught the wet surfaces of the oranges, and a spectacle of the most dazzling brightness was the result.

#### TAPPING THE CASKS.

As night drew on, and as fear of detection was reduced to a minimum, the villagers crept out of the dunes, silently appropriated the cases of oranges, and carried or dragged them home. All night long small boys labored through the quaint streets under the burden of bags of oranges, laying up stores of enjoyment for weeks to come.

The denouement was reached when the first brave man approached a cask of port with a bottle in hand. Regardless of excise officers and coastguards alike, he soon punctured the side of the cask with a gimlet, and slowly filled his bottle. His example was quickly followed by others, and the casks were pierced with numerous small holes, from which spurted streams of tempting liquor.

Some filled bottles, some sucked at the holes. Presently this mode of tapping became too slow. The bungs were extracted, and out poured copious streams of red wine. Bucket and lading cans were procured, and men were seen trudging home carrying the wine in buckets as carelessly as if it had been water from the pump.

#### BOTTLES FAILED.

Bottles in the village were soon at a premium. Sixpence and a shilling each were given for empty whiskey bottles, and the owners washed them out with the port before refilling them.

Some ingenious persons hit upon the device of investing in bottles of ginger beer for the sake of the empty bottles, and one man filled as many as seventy-four bottles during the evening. The wine was consumed in large quantities, many drinking it as if it were beer. The shore soon became the scene of an orgy. Men with fevered brains sang loudly and danced round the casks, and many a roysterer lay down to sleep upon the damp sands. The more seasoned toppers paraded the streets on unsteady legs, and the village resounded with the echoes of their drunken songs until the small hours of the morning.

The ship and cargo are supposed to be uninsured. The remainder of the cargo is of considerable value, consisting of whiskey, rum, and tobacco, the whole being valued at £20,000.

When the vessel went ashore the crew was removed, but the captain resolutely stuck to the ship, and when efforts were made to forcibly remove him he ran to his cabin and threatened to shoot anyone who approached.

On Saturday evening large crowds

## VEIL OF SECRETS LIFTED

### WEDDED PEOPLE WHO POSE AS CELIBATES.

#### Deaths Reveal Romances of Supposed Old Bachelors and Maids.

Why some people should deliberately commit themselves to matrimony, only to spend the remainder of their lives in posing before the world as celibates remains one of the mysteries of life. And illustrating incidentally the adage about raining comes a number of such revelations, which, by coincidence, have occurred almost simultaneously in England, the facts in the cases being usually uncovered by the death of one of the contracting parties.

For more than a generation John Batty and a Miss Jackson lived at opposite ends of the same small village in the north of Yorkshire. They rarely spoke to each other, and on the few occasions when they met they treated each other with old fashioned courtesy and with the reserve becoming to an old bachelor and a maiden lady. Mr. Batty, who had then reached the ripe old age of 80, recently died, and when the contents of his will became known they furnished such food for gossip as the village had not known within living memory.

Mr. Batty, who had always been regarded by his neighbors as the most crusty of bachelors and almost as

#### A WOMAN HATER.

left all his estate to "my lawful wife Annie, commonly known as Miss Jackson, of Rose cottage, in this village, to whom I was married in the city of York on Aug. 9, 1849; but who, for reasons which need not be explained, has never lived with me or been known as my wife."

About the same time Henry R. Curwen died in a Northumberland village, in which he had lived for more than thirty years. Although he was a man of considerable fortune he lived in a small cottage, attended only by one man servant as old and eccentric as himself; and so strong was his aversion to the fair sex that during the whole period of his life in the village he was never once known to speak to a woman.

There was naturally much speculation as to the reason for such a strange aversion, but the secret was only revealed on his death, when he bequeathed an annuity of \$500 "to my wife, on the same conditions as those under which she has enjoyed it during my lifetime—namely: that she shall never come within a hundred miles of me, dead or alive." This was the first intimation his neighbors had that he was a married man; for he had invariably posed not only as a bachelor but as a man whom nothing could induce even to contemplate matrimony.

The groom of a well known squire was killed while exercising a young horse, to the grief of the master and, indeed, of all who knew him. No one, however, mourned his death more deeply than

#### THE SQUIRE'S DAUGHTER.

who was prostrated with grief. She insisted on following his body to the grave, and unknown to her family joined the knot of mourners gathered around it. Her sudden appearance was naturally a shock and surprise to her father, who was present, and who took hold of her arm to lead her away.

"You ought not to be here," he said; "why did you come?" "Why?" the heart broken girl sobbed; "because I am his wife."

The death of a well known county gentleman in the Midlands had an almost equally dramatic sequel. It was common knowledge that some years before his only son and heir

## MAKE YOUR OWN BUTTER

### SO SIMPLE ANY HOUSEWIFE CAN DO IT.

#### A Creamy Flavor About It That Suggests the Dairy and the Cow.

Why not make the butter for your own table?

An ingenious scientist has invented a new process, which is so simple that any housewife can be her own butter maker. If you care to try you can do it easily enough.

The term "invention" usually implies mechanical apparatus, but in this case the only outfit required consists of a sheet of clean blotting paper, a spotless towel, and a china bowl—things which every housewife has ready at hand. With these essentials supplied and some everyday cream, you go to work.

#### BUTTER FAT ON BLOTTER.

You cover the china bowl with the towel, and on top of that place the sheet of blotting paper. Then upon the paper you slowly pour the cream. When the blotter and the towel beneath it have become saturated the more fluid part of the cream (skim milk) will gradually dribble through into the bowl, leaving behind on top of the blotting paper all of the butter fat that was contained in the cream fat when you have stirred it just a bit with a tablespoon, is sure enough butter—nevertheless, sufficiently different from ordinary butter to be a gratifying dietetic novelty. It is butter, and yet it isn't—that is to say, not quite—but spread on bread or otherwise used, it serves the same purpose. There is a delicious creamy flavor about it that suggests the home dairy and the cow.

#### GLASS CHURNS.

Now, if it so happens that you relish this fascinating butter product less than actual butter, you can easily make the real and veritable stuff every day for your family table by utilizing a diminutive churn, such as may soon be bought—it is a new invention—at any store. The churn is of glass, and the paddle is actuated by a toothed wheel turned by the hand, working much after the fashion of a patent egg beater.

You turn the handle for a few moments; the paddle revolves at a great rate of speed, and, almost before you know it, the cream you have put into the receptacle begins to turn to butter. Scientifically considered, it is the bunching together of the fat globules of the cream that produces the butter. When the butter "comes," as the phrase is, you fish the lumps of it out of the "buttermilk" (which is the residue), manipulate it with a spoon for a few minutes, and, lo! you have a fresh "pat" of the most appetizing food luxury on earth.

The butter you make in this way is remarkably different from the butter you buy in the market. In the first place, it is not yellow, but white, or nearly so. Secondly, it seems, when you first try it, to be objectionably saltless. To supply the salt is easy enough, but one should remember that the taste for salted butter is purely artificial and a matter of habit. In the most expensive hotels and restaurants today the butter served is white and not salted, the coloring substance which the "trade" ordinarily demands being likewise omitted.

#### FRESH DAIRY FLAVOR.

The product of the household churn above described has the flavor of fresh dairy butter, which one commonly seeks in vain. It is the veritable article, undoctored and devoid of the dye which (derived from the seeds of a Mexican plant, and known under the trade name of "anatto") used so freely nowadays that much of the "cow print" on the market actually has a reddish hue. Adulteration of this kind has been carried so far as to bring about a tendency to return to the old fashioned



## WORK TAKES TIME.

On the most curious and primitive looms Mexican women weave saddle girths. These looms consist of upright sticks fastened into a rude crossbar. Generally two women work at this loom, one working the wool, while the other handles the warp. The threads, which run lengthwise, are made so that each alternate strand can be raised or lowered at its fellow, as in the ordinary loom; but as one woman has to stay at one end to raise and lower the strands, it requires another to pass and repass the cross-threads. It is surprising what pretty designs are often worked out on these primitive looms.

Outside the customs are as primitive as they are in the house. In many places crops are obtained by irrigation. The water is carried in open ditches, often across an almost level country, and any morning or late afternoon one may see the Indian laborers throwing water by hand from the ditches upon the land.

The ploughing here is also as primitive as the irrigation. It is generally done with oxen, and the plough consists of a long, rudely fashioned wooden stick, which, more properly speaking, scratches the earth, for by no courtesy can it be called ploughing.

## SENTENCE SERMONS.

Good cheer is half of good courage. Character is the only true culture. Borrowed trouble always comes to abide.

When a man has fame he does not know it.

The cynic gets his opinions before the mirror.

A little cant can spoil a whole lot of consecration.

No soul was ever saved by a scheme of salvation.

The cruelest truth is better than the most cultured lie.

Trickery in the pulpit does not make truth in the pews.

He who will not pray for others cannot pray for himself.

No man gains anything until he is willing to lose everything.

It will take more than gold-loving hearts to make the golden age.

What the church needs is not fortifying so much as filling with life.

You cannot cover sin by offering 3 per cent of the spoils to the church.

It is not hard to believe in the total depravity of the rest of the race.

If you are looking for a chance to love you are always finding love itself.

A man's ascent amongst the living counts for more than his descent from the dead.

The first step toward curing a crooked world will be to straighten your own glasses.

Religion has nothing at all to do with life when it has not something to do with all life.

It is no use praying that all the world may have the bread of life when your own life has about as much nourishment in it as a brickbat.

When a girl acts as if she were tied to the end of a comet and tries to look as if she were only buttoning her gloves, most likely she is just becoming engaged.

As soon as Lawson saw the stranger at his gate he anticipated trouble. Moreover, he promised that it would be about his dog, and he was right. "My name's Pether-ton," commenced the stranger, "and I've come to see you about that dog of yours." "Ah!" "Yes, sir. That ravenous canine of yours has bitten my mother-in-law three times." "Has he? Well, I'm sorry; but I don't know that I'm prepared to do anything in the matter. Of course, if you like to bring a lawsuit—" "Lawsuit be jiggered! I've come over to make an offer for the dog."

When the vessel went ashore the crew was removed, but the captain resolutely stuck to the ship, and when efforts were made to forcibly remove him he ran to his cabin and threatened to shoot anyone who approached.

On Saturday evening large crowds of people came from Liverpool, and the coastguards went so far as to draw their swords in protecting the wine casks.

## GLASGOW SMOKE MAY GO

### A SUCCESSFUL EXPERIMENT HAS BEEN MADE.

#### New Device Tried in Factory Furnaces Does the Work.

Sir John Ure Primrose, Lord Provost of Glasgow, is giving much attention to the smoke nuisance in that city. There has recently been installed in several factories, in one of which he is interested, a smoke consuming device that has given great satisfaction. As a result of the eleven months' trials, it is estimated that there has been a saving of at least 17½ per cent. in the consumption of coal—which is, as formerly, dross—while it is calculated that the boiler duty to supply driving power for additional machines installed has been increased by one-fifth. The boiler at the mills is a marine one of the well-known Scotch type in general use in mercantile steamers, and notorious as a smoke producer.

#### BY THE NEW METHOD

even the most bituminous coal is burned without the emission of any smoke, and on a weight of air very little above that required by theory.

Observations made by the sanitary inspector and the corporation chemist of Glasgow by means of eight gauges, which were allowed to remain in different parts of the city for seventy days in the summer and autumn, showed that on an average sixty-four tons of smoke refuse fall daily within the municipal area. It is estimated that four-fifths of this dirt comes from the chimneys of works. If the new method were adopted throughout Glasgow, the atmospheric smoke pollution would be confined to the one-fifth which comes from domestic fire-places, a subject which the inventor proposes to deal with at a future date.

Smokelessness, while of primary importance to the community, may be almost described as merely incidental to the new method, since along with this purification of the atmosphere there have been secured economy of fuel consumption, along with increased boiler power, and consequently a saving of boiler space.

#### FOR MARINE ENGINES.

The invention can be adapted to almost every existing type of boiler, but the best results are, of course, obtainable with a boiler and furnace specially adapted to each other. In such a case it is calculated that where dross has hitherto been the fuel there will be in many cases a saving of 25 per cent. on the coal outlay, while in the case of steamers which are at present compelled to burn expensive Welch steam coal, but can henceforth use dross, the saving will be enormous. Our navy, being then able to burn any kind of coal, would be independent of special coaling stations, while the funnels of the ships would send forth no smoke signals of their presence. At the same time, the maximum of horse-power—more than double that got from the existing types of marine boilers occupying equal space—could be obtained with the minimum of bunker space and weight of coal.

#### REMEMBRANCE.

Remembrance is the only paradise out of which we must be driven away.—Richter.

said: "why did you come?" "Why?" the heart broken girl sobbed: "because I am his wife."

The death of a well known county gentleman in the Midlands had an almost equally dramatic sequel. It was common knowledge that some years before his only son and heir had fallen in love with the daughter of a tradesman in the neighboring village; but his father had so strongly opposed the match—even to the extent of sending his son away for a year—that it was concluded the romance had long since come to a conclusion, especially as the young man seemed to ignore the existence of his former lady love.

Scarcely, however, had the father been buried when the tradesman's daughter was installed as mistress of the hall, and it became known that for the last five years the lady had been a wife.

#### IN THE EYES OF THE LAW.

Exposure of these secret marriages sometimes comes about in an amusing way, however, as was the case with a patriarchal old man who came to reside in London, accompanied by his granddaughter, a pretty and attractive young girl of 18. As was perhaps only natural, a girl of such youthful fascinations soon attracted wooers, much to the grandfather's annoyance. The crisis came recently when one persistent young man shadowed the girl to such an extent the old gentleman, in a moment of anger, threatened to horsewhip him if he did not cease his unwelcome attentions.

"And what right have you, sir," the young man asked, "to prevent a man paying honorable attention to your granddaughter?"

"You can make what love you please," the old gentleman answered, hotly. "to my granddaughter—but certainly not to my wife."

This lifted the veil of secrecy, and the "granddaughter" has now assumed her real station in life.

#### THE GERMANS AS FIGHTERS.

The Germans are good fighters, but have not enough to do. So they sail around the world and fire off their guns at mud forts, while the good kaiser pats them on the back with one hand, and with the other placates the other great powers,—for more to be feared than armies is the world's enlightened opinion. The German emperor, however, is not to be taken too seriously; he may not be so unwise as he sometimes seems, even though his people do not like to have him out alone far from home. Berlin will be careful how Germany goes to war with a nation strong enough to give the kaiser the drubbing he is aching for; careful, also, not to ignore that power of powers, greater than any world power, or any combination of Germanic and Romanic forces, the world's sentiment as to what is just and fitting between men and nations. It was this greatest of powers that stopped the fire of the German gunboats on the Venezuelan forts, and sent apologies to Paris and London and Washington, whence emanated disapproval of such proceedings.—Herbert Howe Bancroft in Success.

A German mail-boat is being built with lifts in various parts of the ship.

At least 40 per cent. of the people of London are attendants at public worship.

"There's nothing in the world that quite satisfies Bingle." "Yes, there is." "What is it. 'Bingle.'"

Not one bride was over twenty-two years of age in the 346,590 marriages which took place in Japan last year.

The French Post Office Department is now operating twenty motor-car postal routes in various parts of the country.

seeds of a Mexican plant, and known under the trade name of "anatto") used so freely nowadays that much of the "cow print" on the market actually has a reddish hue. Adulteration of this kind has been carried so far as to bring about a tendency to return to the old fashioned creamy butter, like Aunt Susan used to make, and the housewife who employs a glass churn of the kind described may have the satisfaction of knowing that the output of her little machine represents the most fashionable as well as an extremely palatable brand.

The great dairy concerns at the present time are inoculating their cream before churning it with bacteria of particular species, pure cultures of which they buy in little bottles. Each kind of germ thus put up is guaranteed to produce a certain flavor in the butter, the best known of such microbes being the famous bacillus 49, discovered by Prof. Conn. But the everyday housewife will be content with the production of appetizing pats of the plain, old fashioned stuff, that goes so well with a slice of home-made bread.

#### CHEESE, TOO, EASY TO MAKE.

Butter, however, is not the only dairy product which the housewife may manufacture in an offhand way, if she knows how. The potted cheese that comes in porcelain crocks she can make for herself quite easily, by mixing ordinary cheese with olive oil. It may be put up in jelly glasses just as well if desired, and in case olive oil is not handy the butter fresh from the glass churn will serve excellently as a substitute.

You can make the kind of cheese known as "Schmierkase," which is much like "Neufchatel," in a chafing dish. All you have to do is to boil sour milk in the receptacle until the curd has completely separated from the whey. Then pour off the whey, and what remains needs only to be salted in order to be ready for use. Unlike cheeses of most other sorts, it needs no ripening.

In earlier times housewives were better acquainted than nowadays with such arts. They knew, for example, how to make "sage cheese" by adding to common cheese a judicious quantity of ground sage. Sage cheese, which is distinguishable by the greenish specks scattered through it, has a peculiar flavor that is much relished by many people.

#### BAR BABY CARRIAGES.

In Berlin, Germany, the police are strict about children's perambulators. In certain of the busiest streets, especially those in which most shopping is done, nurses are not allowed to wheel perambulators at all. A license has to be obtained from the police before a baby carriage can be used at all, and each vehicle is numbered.

#### LAND OF SLAVE GIRLS.

China is undoubtedly the greatest slave country in the world. Of a population of 400,000,000 over one fortieth are slaves. Every family of means keeps its girl slaves. The girls are mostly purchased to do housework, it being cheaper to buy than to hire.

The diameter of the earth has lately been accurately ascertained, after thirty years, labor, at a cost of \$500,000. It is 7,926 miles at the Equator, and 7,899 from Pole to Pole.

An attempt is to be made to raise the United States battleship "Maine," which was blown up and sunk in Havana Harbor just before the outbreak of the Spanish-American war.

Army reform in India has occasioned the disappearance of two historic regiments—the 65th Carnatic Light Infantry, which was raised in 1759, and the Bombay Marine Battalion, which dates from 1777.

# THE CRISIS IN RUSSIA

**"The Judgements of the Lord Are True and Righteous Altogether."**

If any man would be king over you, let him become your servant.

In weight of manhood Jesus Christ stands forth earth's figure. He is supreme in the quality of His intellect and character. As to wisdom His body of ethics never has shown flaw or error. As to eloquence, He spake as never man spake. As to popular leadership, He cast such a spell upon the masses that they would fain have taken Him by force and made Him king. As to philosophy, the scholars still are trying to solve the least of his profound statements. Such was His manifest supremacy that there was no gift that the people would not gladly have given Him.

Oliver Cromwell began his career on the farm. For thirty years he led his herds and flocks afield. But Oliver Cromwell died in Whitehall Palace, known the world round as the greatest soldier of his time, the greatest monarch that ever sat on England's throne, the greatest diplomat of his generation. Not otherwise did Jesus begin His career in a carpenter's shop, and yet there was no office nor honor to which He might not have looked forward. The people would gladly have housed Him in Herod's palace, have clothed Him in purple, have given Him an army of servants, but He would not have it.

"Will any man among you be king?" He cried, "let him become your servant." And this is His lesson to men of office and lands and honors, "Master the throne; put aside the scepter; stoop and serve." Therefore to-day He is the world's king, with millions who would gladly give life itself for Him.

Now, Christ's law of service offers the secret of influence and peace to-day for princes and cabinet officials for king and czar alike. One hundred years ago the revolution was on in France. One day a titled gentleman left his chateau to join the hunt. He was clothed in a crimson coat, wore fur gloves and rode

A SPLENDID CHARGER.

By chance he fell behind the rest of the company. Riding through the forest alone, suddenly he came upon a miserable peasant. On the man's back was a box. "What do you carry?" said the prince, reining in his horse. "A coffin, sire." "Of what did the man die?" asked the rider. "Of starvation, sire." The prince felt his cheeks grow red. He remembered the night before while at the hunter's banquet a fierce face of one who looked savage as a demon was at his window.

Riding on to the hunt, he soon forgot the incident, though the peasants on his estates were starving. That night he was wakened by the roar of a mob—3,000 of his peasants men, women and children, stood about his chateau. The men had seized the rails from the top of the fence and used them as battering rams against his door. The women had sharpened sticks and pikes and carried lighted torches. The little children, starving and tottering on their legs, could lift the little stones at least that fell against his windows like hail.

What did they want? "Bread, sire." When the doors fell they poured into the halls, streamed through the rooms, and the famishing multitude seized the loaves, tore the meat in shreds, looted wine cellar, pantry and storehouse. Applying the torch to the chateau, they reduced every barn and building to ashes, and the owner of that estate became a wanderer upon the face of the earth. It was not that the peasants

The czar thinks liberty is not safe for the peasant; but that is what every master has told his slaves from the beginning of time. Meanwhile there is a path that leads to peace. It is the path of service, of self-sacrifice and of brotherhood. Jesus Christ walked along that way, a king over his fellows. Being rich, for man's sake he became poor, and lo! the world's millions worship him.

For high and low alike every scene of woe and desolation has come through selfishness; for every prince and noble the path that leads to peace and prosperity is the path of service—that service which uplifts their fellow-man, broadening the vision of his hope and enlarging the scope of his manhood—through liberty.

## THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,  
FEB. 12.

The Second Miracle in Cana. John  
iv. 43-54. Golden Text,  
John v. 36.

INTRODUCTION.

The Samaritan woman at Jacob's well accepted Jesus by faith as her personal Saviour from sin. Then she hurried back into the village and became at once a messenger of salvation to others, persuading many to come and hear and see for themselves the person who had searched and uncovered and then cleansed her own sinful heart. Jesus saw them coming, a great multitude, their white turbans nodding in the sunlight as they moved slowly up the valley. A picturesque sight it was, and it suggested to the mind of Jesus a field of grain white unto harvest moved and swayed into steady undulations by the wind. But it was more than a figure of speech when, pointing to the moving, swaying throng of humanity, he said to his disciples, "Lift up your eyes and look on the fields, for they are white already unto harvest." Two days he tarried in that Samaritan harvest field with his chosen helpers, and many were the sheaves they garnered for eternity. Then he proceeded again on his way into Galilee.

LESSON HELPS.

43. "Now 'after two days'—The two days spent among the Samaritans at their request. See Introduction and v. 40 of this chapter.)

44. "For Jesus himself testified"—see Matt. 13: 57; Mark 6: 4. "His own country"—Probably referring to Judea, the land of his birth, whence he had just come.

45. "Then when he was come—all the things that he did"—The miracles referred to in 2, 23. "At Jerusalem at the feast"—That is, the passover. (See 2, 13-25.)

46. "Nobleman"—Literally, "king's son," meaning an official of the king (Herod Antipas. "Capernaum"—About twenty-two miles north-east of Cana, the headquarters of Jesus during his Galilean ministry.

48. "Then said Jesus.—Except ye see signs and wonders, ye will not believe"—The faith inspired only by signs and wonders is not profound, and hence not trustworthy. Jesus did not wish to be known simply as a worker of miracles.

49. "Stir, come down ere my child die"—These simple words of appeal

## NATIONS' WAR WEAPONS

COAL CELLARS THAT PROTECT  
BRITAIN.

Mines Under the Thames—Vessel  
Which Clears a Harbor  
of Mines.

In the event of war no alien army could approach our shores without imperilling its navy by encountering the Brennan torpedo—the most formidable engine for harbor attack and defence that exists in the world, says Pearson's Weekly. John Bull possesses a monopoly of this war weapon, and the secrets of its mechanism are so jealously guarded by him that only the highest officials at the Admiralty have inspected its interior from nose to tail, though a large number of Navy men know how to fire it.

The Brennan dirigible torpedo is operated from shore, or from a point out at sea whence its movements can be directed and controlled. During its evolutions it remains hidden below the surface, its position being indicated by a small flag-staff cutting its way through the waves. Its speed is far greater than that of the fastest torpedo boat or cruiser, and a hostile ship coming within its range possesses no chance of escape whatever.

The best under-water explosive mines are those belonging to John Bull, and the secrets of their whereabouts and manipulation are rigidly kept close.

MINES IN THE THAMES.

Not so very long ago a certain weekly paper, stated that Britain's explosive mines were under the charge of ordinary Government laborers earning \$9 a week! To anyone who knows anything at all about fighting Britain, this is an absolute absurdity.

Strange stories were also told by the periodical under notice of attempts made by foreign spies to penetrate the privacy of these mysterious mines. A German was alleged to have contrived to locate the entrance to one of the mines at the mouth of the Thames with the help of a member of the Bill Sikes fraternity—a story which strongly savors of the ridiculous.

It is a fact that there are numerous mines in the Thames, one of them being in the vicinity of Blackfriars. It is supposed that an innocent-looking cellar at the basement of a tradesman's shop is the entrance to this particular mine, but the tradesman is not aware of this, nor does he know who rents his cellar, or the true nature of the operations carried on therein.

HOW THEY ARE PROTECTED.

At the further end of the cellar is a door, so admirably made that it looks like a portion of the brick wall, and it opens upon a circuitous passage which leads to a secret chamber from where the mine is controlled. The chamber is about eight feet square with white stone walls. Let into a crevice of the floor is a tiny lever, and a pressure upon this opens a door on the north wall, disclosing a cupboard containing two bone buttons and printed particulars relating to the location and character of the mine. The door of the cupboard so closely resembles the wall of the chamber that no one but those in the secret could detect its presence. The buttons are connected by means of electric wires with the mine, which is equipped with explosives of the most potent kind.

The chambers are double locked, and every lock and key is specially made for the Government, and is unlike any other constructed. Only one or two of the highest officials at the Admiralty are allowed the use of the keys, and they are solemnly sworn not to divulge their use, to a

know precisely where the strong-room is situated.

UNDER THE DANUBE.

The Bulgarian jewels are hidden in a castle which stands on the banks of the Danube. It is guarded by a small army of soldiers, but not even the officers know where the jewels to the value of \$5,000,000 are hidden.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra do not wear real gems very often. For safety's sake they wear paste jewels which are exact copies of the valuable originals. The real stones repose somewhere in the recesses of Windsor Castle, and are carefully guarded by the finest detectives of the day, who reside in the Castle as ordinary officials.

The Crown jewels in the Tower of London are similarly protected, but in the event of a hostile army and navy attacking our shores, they would possibly be taken to Windsor Castle and hidden in the underground strong-rooms there.

There is an old law still in force which states that those persons through whose carelessness any of the Crown jewels might be stolen shall be put to death. This law, which would not be carried out now-a-days, was made to prevent treason on the part of the guardians.

## THE PAST AND FUTURE

A COMPARISON OF THE TWO  
CENTURIES.

We Wonder if the Twentieth Will  
Keep Up With the  
Nineteenth.

The nineteenth century received the horse and bequeathed the automobile.

It received the dirt road and bequeathed the railroad.

It received the sailboat and bequeathed the ocean liner.

It received the fireplace and bequeathed steam and the gas range.

It received the staircase and bequeathed the elevator and escalator.

It received the hand printing press and bequeathed the Hoe cylinder.

It received hand-set type and bequeathed the linotype.

It received the goosequill and bequeathed the typewriter.

It received the painter's brush and bequeathed lithography, the camera and color photography.

It received ordinary light and bequeathed the Roentgen ray.

It received gunpowder and bequeathed nitro-glycerine.

It received the flintlock and bequeathed the automatic Maxim.

It received the tallow dip and bequeathed the arc light.

It received the beacon light signal and bequeathed the telephone and wireless telegraphy.

It received wood and stone buildings and bequeathed twenty-story steel structures.

It received letters sent by a personal messenger and bequeathed a world's postal union.

It received the medieval city, a collection of buildings huddled within walls for safety and bequeathed the modern city, lighted, paved, sewered and provided with five-cent transportation.

It received a world without free public schools and left no civilized country without them.

It received a world in which men voted only in America and left them voting in every civilized country.

It received a world without a voting woman, and left it with some measure of woman suffrage in nearly every civilized country and full suffrage in a large section of the earth's surface.

Is the twentieth century going in for breaking after this style? If so, it will have to hustle.



poured into the halls, streamed through the rooms, and the famishing multitude seized the loaves, tore the meat in shreds, looted wine cellar, pantry and storehouse. Applying the torch to the chateau, they reduced every barn and building to ashes, and the owner of that estate became a wanderer upon the face of the earth. It was not that the peasants wished his chateau—it was only that they wished justice. They could not read, they could not write; they lived in mud huts; they wore garments of skinskin; they knew ugliness, and filth and squalor. They asked justice, work.

#### A LIVING WAGE.

Had the prince given it to them all would have been well. What if he had obeyed Jesus' law? What if he had remembered the poor and found his happiness not in banquets, in brutal passions, but in being bread to the hungry and shelter to the homeless? So far from ruining his chateau, they would have given him honor, love and taught their children to revere his name.

In Russia to-day the nobles and clergy are largely exempt. But not the poor. Their wage is a pittance. Over against the splendid palace and country seat of the Russian noble are the 10,000 huts on the cast estate. The huts average 16 by 20 feet. The traveler tells us that in one end is an open fireplace with no chimney, black dirt floor, a bundle of old bedding rolled up in one corner, a couple of calves tied in the other corner. The coop for the hens is found there also. There, too, are a toothless old hag, a woman of thirty, a man and a half-dozen little children, stolid, ignorant, half-fed, debased, unable to read or write. Simply one of the 10,000 peasants on the estate. The man has a low forehead and a thick back head. These are God's images whom the noble has marred, debased and brutalized and turned into demons.

It is a pitiful story. What will happen? When Paris les misérables asked Foulon for bread, the noble answered: "Eat grass, you dogs!" That night they tore his head from his shoulders. The starving woman put his head on a pike and set it in front of his house. They pulled a handful of grass from the ground, and, prying, his jaws open, stuck it between his teeth and they screamed: "To-night Foulon eats grass!"

Then they said: "There is no hope. Neither the king nor the nobles will serve or help us." First they chopped off the heads of Louis and Marie Antoinette. Then they set about the task of slaying the 30,000 landowners.

Has the beginning of the end come for Russia? Is the volcano to enter upon its fiery eruption? Are the down trodden about to turn against the 1,000 or less who control the countless millions?

#### GOD ONLY KNOWS

But if every drop of blood by the lash now be paid for by another drop drawn by the sword, nevertheless, now, as of old, the judgments of the Lord are true and righteous altogether.

The people, having reflected long the state of the country, wished to express their views. The censor and the czar have met the demand by exiling the editors to Siberia. The students had said: "Give us liberty of thought in the lecture halls of the universities," and the answer was to lead them to the headman's ox or the dungeon in the czar's prison. The peasants had said: "Let our children have schools—50,000,000 of us can neither read nor write"—and the answer was the knotted rope on the naked back or deportation.

But even a worm will turn at last, and much more peasants, students, workmen. And now the volcano has burst through at one crack. The moment is one of the greatest in the history of the race. While men behold the death struggle of an old regiment, gray, with a thousand years, in the birth midst cries and tears, of the spirit of liberty—God's

during his Galilean ministry.

48. "Then said Jesus,—Except ye see signs and wonders, ye will not believe"—The faith inspired only by signs and wonders is not profound, and hence not trustworthy. Jesus did not wish to be known simply as a worker of miracles.

49. "Stir, come down ere my child die"—These simple words of appeal reveal both the faith the man had in Jesus and his great love for his sick child. To an appeal prompted by faith and love Jesus never failed to respond.

51. "Met him, and told him, saying 'Thy son liveth'"—Their message is that the child has revived; his recovery is at least assured, if not already accomplished.

52. "Then inquired he—began to amend"—Or, "was somewhat better." Apparently pointing to a not instantaneous recovery. Another instance of gradual healing is recorded in Mark 8, 22-25. "And they said—the seventh hour"—One o'clock p.m.

53. "Himself believed"—Faith often, as in the case of this man, is of gradual growth. Final, abiding faith in the Messiahship of Jesus is here meant.

#### MODERN ENOCH ARDEN.

##### Birmingham Story Had a Tragic Ending.

With tragic differences in detail, the story of Enoch Arden has recurred in real life at Birmingham. Two husbands claiming one wife, the wife distraught, the end poison—such are the outstanding features of a painful drama.

Mrs. Annie Guest, wife of a prominent Birmingham, England, architect, died at her residence in Haughton road, Birchfields, recently, from the effects of an overdose of laudanum. She married over twenty years ago a man named Wilson, with whom she resided in Birchfields. After a little while Wilson left his wife and daughter to try his fortune in Australia. He communicated regularly with them, and after a few years returned to England, but the Mother-country had lost its charm for him, and he returned shortly to Australia, where all trace of him was presently lost.

His wife made fruitless inquiries, and finally gave him up as dead. She became acquainted with Mr. Guest about ten years ago, and a devoted friendship sprang up between them. As years passed by, Mr. Guest took legal advice, and, after advertising in Colonial and foreign papers for some time, he and Mrs. Wilson were married.

This was three years ago, and the skeleton in the family cupboard had been almost forgotten in their happy family life, when three or four months ago Mr. Wilson re-appeared, to involve them in utter consternation.

He did not accept the situation, and was anxious to reclaim his wife. Mr. Guest opposed this course, and between her conflicting ties the mind of poor Mrs. Guest was wrought beyond its strength. She had recourse to drugs to enable her to sleep. The theme of her dilemma was meanwhile discussed generally in the neighborhood.

On Saturday she ordered a cab to visit some shops, and purchased a quantity of laudanum at a chemist's. At seven in the evening she was discovered in bed, unconscious. She died on Sunday morning.

#### SUFFICIENT.

I paused. "You love me, then?" said she.

"I love you now!" said I. "Well, if you love me now and then. That ought to satisfy."

#### ALL FOR APPEARANCES.

"He's very fond of her, isn't he?" "Well, really, I don't think he's as fond of her as he is fond of having people remark that he is fond of her."

with explosives of the most potent kind.

The chambers are double locked, and every lock and key is specially made for the Government, and is unlike any other constructed. Only one or two of the highest officials at the Admiralty are allowed the use of the keys, and they are solemnly sworn not to divulge their use to a second party.

#### SHIP THAT DESTROYS MINES.

Standing in one of the American naval docks is a vessel called the Vesuvius. It was secretly constructed some years ago to clear any harbor mines in a few hours, and only a dozen chiefs of the American Navy are aware of the contents of the hold, which is secured by means of a double-locked steel hatch. Within the hold is machinery which works an appliance similar to a mud-dredger, clawing the mines and their shore connecting gear out of position and rendering them useless. It has been tested times out of number with unqualified success, and it is believed that nothing yet designed in the shape of a submarine mine could possibly escape it.

In the event of the Vesuvius being unable to approach a mine and use its dredges, special dynamite cartridges have been designed which, upon being discharged from the bows, explode at any required distance, and cause the explosion of the mine at the same time.

Another of Uncle Sam's secret war weapons is in ironclad specially designed for ramming. The Ram, as the vessel is called, is practically a mass of steel, with hardly any accommodation beyond that set aside for her engines and crew. The solid steel ram at her bows could stove in the sides of the largest and most powerful man-of-war built.

Germany has recently built an extraordinary war engine. It is a kind of land ironclad, being a movable fort on wheels. It is built of impenetrable thick steel with long spikes sticking out like a porcupine. From scores of openings in the walls the noses of big guns peep out. These guns are secret man-killers, and are calculated to beat the record in the quick discharge of bullets. They can fire no fewer than 30,000 in a single minute.

The world's Royal jewels are as much looked after as its secret war weapons, and stringent measures are adopted for their protection in times of both peace and war.

Take the priceless gems belonging to Nicholas II. and his family. Before the war broke out between Russia and Japan the majority of the jewels were lying about in their satin-lined cases in boudoirs and dressing-rooms, now they are stored in a monster strong room many feet below the Royal Palace at St. Petersburg.

#### SHAH'S PRECIOUS STONES.

Not only has the strong-room burglar and dynamite-proof doors, but it is guarded day and night by a body of army officers, 100 strong who, with loaded revolvers and drawn swords, are ready at any moment to repel an attack upon the treasure house.

The Shah of Persia owns more precious stones than any other monarch or commander in the world. He keeps \$10,000,000 worth in a glass jar in his bedroom, but the remainder of his jewels, to the value of many millions, are locked in a huge safe at his palace at Teheran, and a body of fifty men find employment in guarding it.

Standing on the banks of the River Tiber is a curious looking fort. Within it is a staircase which leads to an underground strong-room, bounded on two sides by the river, where the jewels of Italy's King are hidden. In the event of war the fort can be removed, and the approaches to the secret vault entirely hidden. Only the King himself and two or three of his Court

voting in every civilized country.

It received a world without a voting woman, and left it with some measure of woman suffrage in nearly every civilized country and full suffrage in a large section of the earth's surface.

Is the twentieth century going in for breaking after this style? If so it will have to hustle.

But, really, at times it seems as if the twentieth century would usefully employ itself in just utilizing the discoveries of the nineteenth.

Steam heat, gas ranges, elevators, bath tubs and other nice things are in the world. Why not make them available for everybody?

Then there is the land. That has always been in the world. Why not make that available for everybody?

The nineteenth century discovered the kindergarten.

The twentieth could usefully make it available for all children.

It discovered the Roentgen ray. But lots of people can't afford to pay for just plain, ordinary sunlight in their houses.

The inventors are a very wonderful class of gentlemen—women, too, now-a-days—but it really seems as if the twentieth century didn't need them so much as some plain, practical people to utilize what they'd done already.

And then again, it sometimes seems as if the little young twentieth century had all it could do to manage the problems which the nineteenth bequeathed along with its blessings.

The nineteenth century discovered how to make people live in perpendicular layers instead of beside each other on the ground, as they used to, and bequeathed the problem of congested population.

It discovered the ocean liner and bequeathed the steerage.

It took the weaving out of the hands of woman and sent her to the factory.

It discovered how to make things by steam and bequeathed trusts, trades unions, strikes, lockouts, child labor.

It did away with the slave and the serf, and bequeathed the proletarian.

It discovered the automatic Maxim and bequeathed imperialism.

The nineteenth century yelped gleefully over the attainment of political rights.

The twentieth century sees wearily that political rights are only a step on the road to economic rights.

#### FORTIFIED.

"Why do you insist on starting that enterprise on Friday, the thirtieth?"

"Well," answered the morose man, "the chances are that anything I undertake won't be a success, and I like to have something to blame the failure for."

#### EASILY PLEASED THEN.

"Well," complained the cranky woman, "I never met a man so hard to please as my husband."

"How quickly men change," remarked Miss Sly, spitefully. "It was only a few years ago that he proposed to you."

#### "WHEN A MAN MARRIES."

Jenkins—Now that you're raising a family I suppose you have to work harder. I guess it's "early to bed and early to rise" with you now.

Poppley—That's right. I scarcely get settled in bed these nights before I'm up again with the baby.

#### A REASONABLE CLAIM.

"We'll dispense with your services, sir," said Mr. Merchant sternly. "I saw you coming out of a saloon to-day. I told you I'd discharge you for that, didn't I?"

"Why, no, sir," replied Galley. "you said you'd discharge me if you saw me going into one. I think I deserve some credit for coming out."



## THE KING AND THE PRESS

### HOW HIS MAJESTY READS HIS NEWSPAPERS.

King Edward Reads Most European Languages Without Difficulty.

The press of Great Britain has a good friend in King Edward. Nobody is more appreciative of the difficulties under which the great newspapers are produced, or the remarkable lever of excellence to which they attain, than His Majesty, and he has frequently gone out of his way to give some expression of his sentiments in this matter. At the close of His Majesty's great tour through Ireland a little while back, when he was accompanied at a respectful distance by as many newspaper correspondents as would be sent out to a big war, the King took the exceptional course of sending a message out to the delighted journalists, saying that he had read most of their special accounts, or at least as many of them as he could, and was greatly pleased with the way in which the work had been done.

There appears also to be in modern times only one occasion on which the Sovereign has publicly used the Press for his personal convenience, and this was by King Edward in September of last year, when he thus showed his realization of the value of the Press as the surest and speediest vehicle for the transmission of a message to his people. His Majesty had just been to Doncaster races, where he had been accorded a specially enthusiastic reception and when he came back to London again he sent the following message to the newspapers: "The King desires that it should be made known through the Press how grateful he was for the splendid reception he received at Doncaster." This was a small thing in its way, but

#### IT MARKED AN EPOCH.

His Majesty is a great newspaper reader, and even an up-to-date journalist would have difficulty in exhibiting greater knowledge of the salient features not only of the English papers, but of those of the Continent also. He can tell you the names of the daily papers published in all the big towns and cities of the Continent, and in most cases the details of their policy and the names of the editors. When in England he goes through at least one daily paper every morning, often through several, and frequently a Continental journal is submitted to a short scrutiny. He is usually attracted by special articles concerning himself and his doings, and he rarely fails to read the report of any really big political speech which has been delivered the night before.

The King always tries to make certain of never missing seeing anything in the papers which he thinks he ought to see, either about himself or about any of the numerous objects and movements in which he is interested, such as different charities, the visits to him of his foreign friends, and so forth.

It would, however, be plainly difficult for either him or his secretaries to make a sufficiently close examination of the whole of the Press every day to ensure this being done with any degree of thoroughness, and therefore His Majesty many years ago resorted to

#### PRESS-CUTTING AGENCIES

for assistance. He subscribes to two of them, and they send him in the usual way each day every line of printed matter that has appeared in any paper concerning him, each paragraph or article being pasted upon a separate sheet of paper with the name of the journal from which it

## BREAD PEDDLERS IN CHINA.

They Frequently Dispose of Their Wares by Raffle.

Among the many curious sights in China, none presents a stranger aspect than the bread peddlers and their methods of disposing of their wares, says a writer in the Living Church. They carry their stock in trade about with them, either in oval boxes strapped to their backs, or in two boxes depending from a yoke across the shoulders, or on trays held by a strap hung from the neck and carried in front of them, after the manner in which the pie man of Simple Simon fame is invariably pictured by all orthodox illustrators of Mother Goose.

In the city of Tientsin these street vendors offer three different kinds of bread for sale. Two of these are twisted in oval shape, and the third is a thin, crisp cake sprinkled with seeds of sesame, that magic word which at once recalls to our minds the wonderful tale of Ali Baba and the forty thieves. How little we ever dreamed, when we listened, spellbound, in our childhood days to the thrilling account of Ali Baba's adventures, that we should ever behold, far less taste, the fateful sesame, the name of which proved so illusive to our hero at the crucial moment when he was confronted by the rock of difficulty. But the peddler's bread is not more curious than his method of selling it, for it is frequently disposed of by raffle, for which purpose he carries three dice, held in a little dish.

In Peking, the capital of the Celestial Empire, the bread peddlers generally come from the province, mostly from Shantung. They are called po-po sellers. Their street cry,

"Yaochin-mantao?"

"Can I sell you a pound of bread?" is often heard until late in the evening. Their bread is made of wheat flour and baked in hot vapors, distinguished from another kind which is baked in hot pans. They also sell several varieties of po-po, baked goods, a special favorite with the Chinese being an oval oil cake made of the very best flour, usually eaten with pork, sausage or liver.

The Mohammedans in China have a reputation for good bread and evidently wish to be known as pure food advocates, for in order to enable customers to distinguish their wares from those of other vendors they ornament their carts or boxes with the Moslem emblem. This consists of a vase containing a branch of the olive tree, on the top of which is perched the Mohammedan cap. On each side of this design is inscribed the motto, "Pure and true Islam." These Mohammedan peddlers also sell a kind of pate filled with a mixture of meat, vegetables, oil and sage. Another of their products, which is called "la shouning, ya chakuei," is a large roasted cake or dumpling baked in oil. Many of these Chinese confections are much more appetizing than one would imagine from the description, but, like many foreign dishes, the taste for them must be acquired by cultivation before they can be thoroughly appreciated.

The average Chinaman eats very little bread prepared according to our American formulas, consequently the bakery and confectionery shops are few and far between. Like all other stores in China, they are open in front, with no partition to protect them from the heat or cold or the dust of the streets. Wooden shutters are used to close them up at night. One finds practically the same wares at the bakers' as the bread peddlers offer for sale. Among them is one special kind of cake having the figure of a hare imprinted on it, which is eaten by the Chinese in honor of the birthday of the moon. As soon as the festivities celebrating this anniversary are over the cakes are withdrawn from

## A REAL PICTURE OF WAR

### GREATEST BOMBARDMENT IN WORLD'S HISTORY.

How Thousands of Soldiers Died in One of the Port Arthur Assaults.

The absorbing interest in St. Petersburg permits little attention to be paid to the full accounts now in London of one of the greatest feats of modern arms, the capture of 203 Metre Hill and the slaughter of thousands of Japanese in three or four unsuccessful attacks. The last assault encountered no resistance, for the infantry found the trenches filled with dead Russians, so awful had been the greatest bombardment in history. The crucial moment is thus described:

"At 3 o'clock a forward movement was made by the soldiers on a companion hill, which was designated as 210. They pressed on, encountering little resistance, and were soon in possession of half the crest. At the same moment 500 men left a Japanese trench on 203 Metre Hill and rushed a Russian trench thirty yards away. The Japanese soldiers were seen to enter the trench. Then there was a brief pause, and the artillery continued to bombard the summit of the mountains. Nothing could be seen of the Russians.

"A few minutes later the soldiers in possession of the trench reappeared on the far side and again moved forward. Every one watched with breathless anxiety for this part of the climb that had always been so fatal. The soldiers on 210 Hill also moved forward, and before one had time to realize what had happened the Japanese infantry were over the crest of both peaks and outlined

#### AGAINST THE SKY-LINE.

"With the exception of three prisoners not a live Russian was found on the summit. They had been shelled to pieces, and not even a mouse could have escaped from that hail. No mountain ever contained, contracted in so small a space, so much of the horrors of war. The crest had been absolutely smashed to pieces. One could not even trace the lines of original defences.

"Among this confused jumble of rocks, sandbags, shells, charred timber, broken rifles, bits of uniforms and soldiers' accoutrements of every description the dead lay in hundreds, many smashed beyond resemblance to human form, so terrible is the effect of modern shellfire. On the east side of the mountain lay dead Russians and on the west side the dead Japanese. The summit was sacred to both.

"It had been freezing during the day of the attack and the bodies were perfectly preserved. Some seemed to have died a natural death, but the majority, especially the Japanese, who were struck down while advancing up a steep slope, had their teeth clenched, and a look of fierce resolve was written on their faces. The Russians, who for the most part met death while sitting in the trenches on the summit, wore a pained, even surprised, appearance. In one place a dozen soldiers were sitting in a square shelter of sandbags when a big shell landed between them and killed all.

"The defences had been temporarily repaired from time to time, and often one could see the body of a soldier taking the place of a sandbag in improvised walls. Many of the dead had been killed as far back as September and their bodies remained unburied in all stages of decay. But what struck one more forcibly than anything else was the manner in which the big shells smashed everything to pulp."

#### LIVED NEXT TO JEWELLER.

Frenchwoman Had a Convenient Hole.

Mysterious daily disappearance of

## YOUNG FOLKS

### HER FIRST PARTY.

For a week Anna Lee had thought of nothing but the party. The invitation was the first delight, and she had carried the square, gilt-edged card to school, and peeped at it once when recess was beginning, before she got her little lunch-basket and joined the three girls who were her particular friends. Then there was the interest of her dress, a red one with a guimpe; her little full petticoats with narrow but fine embroidery; her smooth lisle stockings, and shoes with cloth tops and shiny tips.

She was to have a red ribbon to tie the black hair back from her eager little freckled face; and she was to carry Cousin Mollie's tiny white fan hanging about her neck, for although it was winter, fans were proper at a party.

It seemed to her as if the time would never come. Days and nights passed away, of course, but the party stayed "next Wednesday" and "the day after to-morrow" for a long time. However, the morning came at last when the party was to be "this afternoon"; and then Anna had her dinner and tried restlessly to take a nap, and first thing she knew it was "now," and there was a great hurry to get her ready.

The whole family came into the parlor to have a look at her in her party clothes.

"Head up," said father, "and smiles to the front." That was part of a drill they used to play sometimes. But—would you believe it?—Anna looked as if she could not smile, no matter how hard she might try. Nobody remembered ever to have seen such a sober look on the face of the youngest Lee.

"What is it, dear?" asked mother. "Did I tie your hair-ribbon too tight?"

"No, ma'am," said Anna.

"What's the trouble, chick?" asked Uncle Charlie. "You look just like a little girl who was going to get kept in because she couldn't spell b-a-t, bat, and maybe not even c-a-t, cat. Now what is the matter?"

But Anna only shook her head, and although they could see that she was trying to smile, she was not able to get the tiniest bit of sunshine into her face.

"Dear me!" said mother. "After all this looking forward to the party!"

"Well, well!" began father; and Uncle Charlie was going to make a remark, too, when grandma, sitting in her big chair by the open grate, said:

"Bless the child! I know all about it. She's scared."

"Scared?" asked Uncle Charlie.

"What of?"

"Yes," grandma went on. "I remember my first party, and I remember Anna's mother's first party; and we were both of us frightened, thinking about the strange people and so many of them. But I know the cure for it. I am not going to tell it out loud before all of you, but if Anna wants me to I will go into my own room with her and tell her a secret and if she does just what I say she will enjoy the party as much as she expected yesterday to do."

Father and mother and Uncle Charlie laughed, because it was quite a family joke that grandma and Anna had so many secrets from the rest of them; then father said they would wait in the hall outside, and the two could talk in the parlor.

Ten minutes later Mary put on her white cap and apron and took Anna to the party. There were a great many little boys and girls already gathered together, and they seemed to be having a merry time playing games. Four or five ladies were standing near the door, greeting the

for assistance. He subscribes to two of them, and they send him in the usual way each day every line of printed matter that has appeared in any paper concerning him, each paragraph or article being pasted upon a separate sheet of paper with the name of the journal from which it was taken and the date of publication.

All these cuttings are glanced through by his secretaries, the less important weeded out, and those which it is considered His Majesty ought to see are duly shown to him. The King keeps many large cutting albums, and whenever he desires to preserve any of these extracts orders are given for them to be pasted up in one of them.

In this way it is practically certain that everything that is written and printed about the King duly finds its way to one of the Royal palaces, and there has been on at least one occasion an instance of the King very effectively expressing his opinion concerning one item. His Majesty does not in the least mind the personal paragraphs that are printed about his doings, habits, and so forth, realizing that the public curiosity in regard to these matters is great, and that it has some claim to be satisfied; but it is an instance of his keen scrutiny of the papers that on one occasion two or three years ago, when a paragraph was going the round of the daily papers which he did not consider to be in the best of taste, he forthwith caused a request—that is, a command—to be sent round to the offices that in future they would refrain from the publication of such matters.

**ON ANOTHER OCCASION,** the King being actually abroad at the time, an illustrated paper published a portrait of one of His Majesty's friends, and by a curious error put the wrong name underneath it. He immediately had a letter written by one of his secretaries to the editor of the journal in London, in which he expressed his surprise and regret that such a usually well-informed periodical should have permitted itself to fall into such an error.

When the King is abroad he has a big parcel of the English papers sent to him every day, and he peruses as many of them as he can find time for, paying particular attention to the accounts of his doings and the comments upon them which appear in the great London dailies. But he is a firm believer in the old maxim, "When in Rome do as the Romans do," and accordingly the first paper that he unfolds every morning when thus far away is the leading journal of the country in which he is staying. Thus, when he is "curing" in the autumn at Marienbad, the first newspaper which he takes up at breakfast-time is almost invariably one of the Vienna dailies. The King reads most European languages without difficulty, and thus his perusal of the Continental Press comes as an agreeable change to him.—*London Tit-Bits.*

There is something convincingly wise about a widow's ignorance. The prosecuting witness testified that the defendant had knocked him senseless, and then kicked him in the head and face for several minutes. "If he knocked you senseless," asked the magistrate, "how do you know that he kicked you after you were down?" The witness reflected, "I know it," he replied, "cause that's what I'd a-done to him if I'd got him down—so there."

A Frenchman's gallantry to ladies is said to be always equal to an emergency. At a party a gentleman of that race stepped heavily upon the toe of a lady, who looked up with an angry frown. "Pardon, madame," he said, bowing low, "but I have forgot to bring my microscope." "Your microscope?" "But, yes; for to see ze leetle feet of madame!"

same wages at the bakers' as the bread peddlers offer for sale. Among them is one special kind of cake having the figure of a hare imprinted on it, which is eaten by the Chinese in honor of the birthday of the moon. As soon as the festivities celebrating this anniversary are over the cakes are withdrawn from sale and are not again displayed until the next moon birthday, which corresponds in season to our Easter.

## WOMAN'S ARMY CAREER

### THE INTERESTING STORY OF JAMES BARRY, M.D.

#### Alleged Daughter of George IV.—Served Many Years in South Africa.

Some new and interesting light is thrown on the life story of a woman—who passed so successfully as a man that she entered the army as a medical officer—by an article in the Christmas number of the "Cape Times," says the London Daily Mail.

The case of this woman, who was known in the service as James Barry, M.D., is mentioned in "Fifty Years of Public Service," a book recently published by Major Arthur Griffiths. The writer in the "Cape Times" sets forth Dr. Barry's autobiography, the manuscript of which recently came into his possession.

The story opens with a sudden visit on Christmas Eve to the house of Dr. Barry's mother by a mysterious stranger, who exhibited a signet ring and carried off the doctor, then a child, saying, "It is the Prince's will." Finding later that her father was George IV., then Prince Regent, Dr. Barry called on him at Carlton House, and after an angry scene informed him that the shame of her birth had decided her to disguise her sex. Henceforth she would be no longer Joan FitzRoy but James Barry. For the rest of her life a powerful, clandestine influence was exerted on behalf of the pseudoman, who rose to the position of Inspector-General of Military Hospitals.

#### FOUGHT A DUEL.

Joan took her medical degree at Edinburgh, her true sex never being suspected, and received a post in Cape Colony. Here a remarkable series of adventures began.

She made love to a handsome Dutch girl of whom another officer, Lieutenant Mannering, was deeply enamored. Dr. Barry actually courted and won her. Afterwards the disguised woman taunted Mannering, who flung a tumbler of wine in her face. A duel followed, in which Joan wounded herself to be slightly wounded.

The next day she told Mannering that she had never loved the object of his affections, and the fickle Cape girl eventually married the lieutenant.

On another occasion an officer with whom Joan was riding suddenly said to her, "By the powers, you look more like a woman than a man!" For this he received a savage cut across the face with a whip, and his demands to the Governor for redress were met by his transference to Tristan d'Acunha.

The secret of the doctor's sex was discovered only after her death.

#### NEEDED FAITH.

Madge—Does she believe in the faith cure?  
Marjorie—Well, she is using a lot of preparations to make her face beautiful.

A man has plenty of friends when he doesn't need them.  
"Falloo, Bill, old man! Well, well! I haven't seen you since the old days when we used to run around together!"  
"No, Jack. Ah, those old days! What a fool I used to be then!"  
"I tell you, I'm glad to see you. You haven't changed a bit, old man."

manner in which the big shells mashed everything to pulp."

#### LIVED NEXT TO JEWELLER.

##### Frenchwoman Had a Convenient Hole.

Mysterious daily disappearance of rings, watches and other valuables had been detected for some time past by a jeweller at Suresnes, France. He sat pondering in his shop over the question how to unearth the thief, when, as he leant against the wall, his elbow went through it. An aperture, which has merely been papered over, was revealed into his next door neighbor's parlor. The police, having been informed, naturally called on the neighbor in question for inquiries. Madame, in her husband's absence, received the inspector, who asked about the hole. "What hole? You astonish me," she replied. But when the inspector entered the parlor there was the other end of the hole staring him in the face, and he could even see the jeweller's shop.

The game was up, and the lady frankly confessed that the temptation of living next door to a room full of trinkets had been too much for her. "You see, they were so near at hand and gettable," she explained, "and the New Year is such a drain on one's purse." She added that she alone had burrowed the hole and purloined the valuables, unaided by her husband, and unknown to him. The aperture was not much more than a foot square, but, being a woman of slight build, she had easily managed to wriggle through it and back again with her pockets full of plunder. Her occult communication with the jeweller's shop had enabled her to give jour de l'an presents all round at small initial cost. She will now, however, have to pay rather dear for them. But pending trial she has been allowed her liberty by a paternal police, because she is nursing a baby five months old.

#### ENGLAND IN SOUTH AFRICA.

##### County Settlements Planned to Look Like Home.

A novel, but essentially practical, scheme has been devised by the South African Association to encourage settlers in Orange River Colony.

Its distinctive feature is that home county associations will be preserved, and that the settlers will not be altogether strangers in a strange land. The Orange River counties will correspond to British counties. The colony will, in fact, become a miniature England.

With this end in view, the association, with no aim to pecuniary benefit itself, is acquiring areas of agricultural land in different portions of the Colony from the Colonial Government.

Each settler must have about £500 capital, and having trained him and found a farm for him, the association will not only help him to work it, but to make it pay.

He will live for one year in a great training farm, the profits of which, after the cost of maintenance has been defrayed, will be divided at the end of each training year among the settlers who have gained their experience on it.

The settlers will then be invited to enter into agreements with the Government of the Land Settlement Ordinance, to purchase a portion of the great farm on which they have gained their experience at the rate of about £1 per acre, and each will immediately take possession of 1,500 acres, or thereabouts, allotted to him, some portion of which will be irrigable.

After another year has passed, he will pay his first instalment of the purchase money, which will be payable half-yearly over a period of thirty years.

could talk in the parlor.

Ten minutes later Mary put on her white cap and apron and took Anna to the party. There were a great many little boys and girls already gathered together, and they seemed to be having a merry time playing games. Four or five ladies were standing near the door, greeting the newcomers, and when one of them came forward, Anna nearly turned to cling to Mary's hand, for although she was eight years old, she really was very shy. But then she remembered grandma's secret, and even while she was being welcomed she began to look about for somebody.

All during the first part of the party Anna was on the watch. She looked at each little girl and boy she came near, but she did not find the one she wanted; so at last she slipped out into the hall and peeped round in all the corners. And after a while, in the very last corner, where it was dark because the staircase went up right over it, she came upon a little girl about her own age, sitting quietly all alone on a sofa. Anna's eyes sparkled, and she went and stood in front of the little girl.

"I was looking for you," she said. "What's your name?"

"My name's Maude," said the other. "And you couldn't look for me, 'cause you don't know me."

"But my grandmother told me to," explained Anna. "And we've got to go in and play games with the others, and make everybody have a good time at the party."

"I can't," said Maude, "and then her voice lowered. 'I'm too timid, and my mother says parties will wear it off, and they don't.'"

"Oh," said Anna, "I know. Grandma told me. Move over and I'll tell you all about it."

"Grandma says," she went on, spreading her fingers and counting them off, as she had seen Uncle Charlie do when he was discussing things, "grandma says that when people are timid it is because they don't remember other people. She says s'pose all the boys and girls said, 'I'm too timid to play, and so I'll sit in a corner and not smile or have a nice time.' What then? grandma says. And then she says no matter how scared you are, there might be somebody feeling still worse, and so go find that one, and tell them to let's play games and eat ice-cream—or maybe it's sherbet. Have you seen any popping mottoes yet?" she broke off.

"No," said Maude. "But how did your grandma know where I was? I was hiding."

"My grandma said 'specially under the stairs,'" laughed Anna. "That was a good place to find people timider than you are, she said; and they might be a boy or maybe they might be a girl. And if you will come along now I know where the lady with the mottoes is, and we'll get ours and be partners all the rest of the party. And anyway, Willie Tremont and his mother would feel sorry if they knew two of their party folks were under the steps, and thought they were scared."

So they went in to the games hand in hand; and when seven o'clock came, and with it a flock of maids and big sisters, nobody had had a better time or said good-by more reluctantly than the two timid ones who had started the party hiding under the stairs.

#### DIFFICULTIES.

"Do you think our new servant will stay?" asked Mr. Rooral.

"I am afraid not," answered his wife. "She says her family doesn't like the things we have to eat, and I don't believe my clothes fit her very well."

Magistrate (to delinquent charged with begging)—"Three days' imprisonment on bread and water. Take him away." Beggar—"Make the livin' a trifle richer, yer washup, and I'll stay a week."



# Ayer's

Doctors first prescribed Ayer's Cherry Pectoral over 60 years ago. They use it today more than ever. They

## Cherry Pectoral

rely upon it for colds, coughs, bronchitis, consumption. They will tell you how it heats inflamed lungs.

"I had a very bad cough for three years. Then I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. My sore lungs were soon healed and my cough dropped away."

MRS. FRANK HYDE, Guthrie Centre, Ia.  
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.  
25c., 50c., \$1.00.  
All druggists.

## Old Coughs

One Ayer's Pill at bedtime insures a natural action next morning.

## The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for insertion, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the rate will be 10c per line each insertion.

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Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

## TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

### CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1903, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Montreal Weekly Herald...	\$1.00
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.50
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.50
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.65
Any three of the above papers.....	\$2.40
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$1.80

Two recounts, one in Kingston, and one in Prince Edward, and both Liberal candidates received an increase of majority. Do it some more.

The Kingston News-Times wants Mr. Pense to resign. Would they like all the Liberals members in the Province to resign also? A few good men like Mr. Pense is needed in the opposition to keep an eye on the "purists" in power.

Judging from the advice of Mr. Biggar, of Toronto, in relation to the lighting question, read before the council Monday evening, the town is somewhat "in the soup."

grades and natives. In contrast to this, another herd was above the average. This shows that the flow of milk depends upon the individuality of the cows even more than upon their breeding.

In the month of July a herd of twenty-seven cows, Jersey, Ayrshire Holstein and Shorthorn grades, gave 13,760 lbs of milk, and 473.7 lbs of fat, an average of 509 lbs of milk and 17.5 lbs of fat per cow. This was typical of several herds consisting of mixed grades. The average record per cow is poor, noticeably below the average of the whole 1120 cows for July. The best showing was made by a Holstein grade, whose record is more than double that of the poorest cow. This dairy had five more cows than that first mentioned, and yet produced 4,000 lbs less milk in the month. Another July record showed that one herd of six cows gave 8,020 lbs; twice as many cows gave over three times as much milk. In September one lot of twenty-three cows gave 8,120 lbs of milk, and another another lot of twenty-three yielded 11,200 lbs. These records emphasize the need of knowing definitely the production of each individual cow.

The average production per cow must be improved by weeding out the poor ones. Figuring goes well with farming. With forethought and figures, the production of butter in the average farm herd can be increased at least 40 lbs. per year in five years. It has been done scores of times. It is safe to say that almost every farmer milking twenty cows has three on which he loses money. Until he keeps records he cannot tell which they are. It will pay him to find out.

The wide variation of the total yield of butter by individual animals in the same herd is even more apparent in the records for longer periods. For four months the cows in one herd of fourteen varied from 46 to 114 lbs., the best cow yielding nearly three times as much as the poorest. The average for the herd was 81 lbs. per cow, while the general average of all the cows tested for four months was 96 lbs. Would not this man be better off if he disposed of at least four cows? Another herd varied from 51 to 127 lbs per cow, with an average below the census average. It is probable that both men think they have pretty good cows.

For a period of five months, one dairy made the creditable showing of 190 lbs. of butter per cow, more than double the average of some other herds, and well above the census average of 115 lbs per cow for five months. Indeed, every one of the twelve cows in this herd exceeded the general average ranging from 147 to 251 lbs. These figures are encouraging. This man's record can be, and should be equalled on a thousand farms in the next five years. Such results are obtained by using the scales, and Babcock tester to detect the robber cow and get rid of her. Then, by the use of a good dairy-bred sire, and aiming at a standard of say 6,000 lbs of milk and 250 lbs. of butter per cow annually, a good herd can speedily be graded up. There are hundreds of dairy farmers who have thus raised the butter production of their herds in a few years from 150 or 175 lbs to 300 lbs. per annum.

In Heart Disease it works like magic.—"For years my greatest enemy was organic Heart Disease. From uneasiness and palpitation it developed into abnormal action, fluttering and choking sensations. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gave instant relief, and the bad symptoms have entirely disappeared. It is a wonder-worker."—Rev. J. S. Dana, Pa.—155 Sold by Fred L. Hooper, Medical Hall.

**900 DROPS**

## CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

**INFANTS - CHILDREN**

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of OLD DR. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -  
 Aloe Senna -  
 Rochelle Salt -  
 Anise Seed -  
 Peppermint -  
 El Carabana Soda -  
 Worm Seed -  
 Clarified Sugar -  
 Watermelon Flavour

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Facsimile Signature of  
*Chas. H. Pitcher*  
**NEW YORK.**

At 6 months old  
**35 DROPS - 35 CENTS**

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature

of

*Chas. H. Pitcher*

In Use

For Over

Thirty Years

# CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

hatch or gets twenty per cent lower vigor in the chicks that do hatch, he has bought the probability of failure in buying that machine.

A large hatch of strong chicks cannot be expected unless the eggs used are from a pen of thrifty vigorous fowls. If the breeding stock is lacking in vitality the chicks are sure to be weak. The fresher the eggs are, the greater is the vitality of the germs and the more chicks they will hatch. It is not advisable to use for hatching eggs that are more than ten days old, and these should be tested twice during the incubation period. The use of a simple egg tester will enable a man to know what percentage of the eggs are fertile, and thus prevent him blaming the machine when it is not at fault.

The advantages of a really good incubator are summed up in larger hatches and the greater strength and vigor of the chicks. Such a machine renders us independent of the vagaries of the brood hen, enables us to get chicks when we want them. How much this means a study of market prices reveals. Everyone knows that the price of eggs is very high in the fall and winter, owing to the fact that the hens have not recovered from moulting and the pullets have not begun to lay. Obviously then, if we want eggs to sell when prices are high, we should hatch our chickens of the American varieties in April or May and of the Mediterranean varieties in May; than feed the pullets for growth so they will be mature and laying for November. The same thing holds good for chickens for market.

## Typewriting and Shorthand.

Nothing is more important in the business world than a knowledge of typewriting and shorthand. A proficient stenographer and typewriter is always in demand, and many a man or woman attributes his or her business success to the start secured in this way.

This department is conducted by an expert.

The Picton Business College also gives courses in Book-keeping and Telegraphy—each course being taught by one experienced in business. Pupils may start any time. Individual instruction. Write for catalogue and particulars to JNO. R. SAYERS, Principals and Proprietors.

**Picton Business College,**  
**Picton, Ont.**

## Sore Throat and Coughs

A simple, effective and safe remedy for all throat irritations is found in

## Cresolene Antiseptic Tablets

They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licorice.

10c. All Druggists 400

## Michael Angelo's Work.

Michael Angelo relied almost entirely upon form—the form of the figure and of the draperies. He told Pope Julian II., when the latter requested him to paint the ceiling of the Sistine chapel at Rome, that he was not a painter, but a sculptor; yet, after he had shut himself up for four years—from 1508



Judging from the advice of Mr. Biggar, of Toronto, in relation to the lighting question, read before the council Monday evening, the town is somewhat "in the soup."

#### AN INTERESTING COW CENSUS.

At the Eastern Ontario Dairyman's Convention Mr. C. F. Whitley of the Dairy Commissioner's Branch, Ottawa gave a very interesting account of a cow census, which he conducted in the vicinity of Cowansville, Que., during the summer 1904. Under his supervision seventy-two farmers kept daily milk records of their cows and three times a month took samples for testing from the milk of each individual cow in their dairies. In this way reasonably accurate figures were obtained.

For the month of June the general average of all the herds tested was 655 lbs. of milk, yielding 25 lbs. of fat. In one case twenty-two cows had a yield for the month of 17,845 lbs. of milk and 722.5 lbs. of fat, an average per cow of 811 lbs. of milk and 32.4 lbs. fat. In another herd of eleven cows, every animal was below the general average, the range being as low as 230 lbs. to 805 lbs. milk per cow, and this herd consisted of Jersey, Gurnsey, Arshire and Holstein

## All Run Down

**T**HIS is a common expression we hear on every side. Unless there is some organic trouble, the condition can doubtless be remedied. Your doctor is the best adviser. Do not dose yourself with all kinds of advertised remedies—get his opinion. More than likely you need a concentrated fat food to enrich your blood and tone up the system.

### Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil

is just such a food in its best form. It will build up the weakened and wasted body when all other foods fail to nourish. If you are run down or emaciated, give it a trial: it cannot hurt you. It is essentially the best possible nourishment for delicate children and pale, anaemic girls. We will send you a sample free.



Be sure that this picture in the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

**SCOTT & BOWNE**

Chemists

Toronto, Ont.

50c. and \$1. All Druggists

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gave instant relief, and the bad symptoms have entirely disappeared. It is a wonder-worker."—Rev. J. S. Dana, Pa.—155 Sold by Fred L. Hooper, Medical Hall.

#### WHAT OTHER PAPERS SAY.

Montreal Herald.

The Czar has finally seen some working men. He is reported to have been greatly surprised to find that they looked like human beings.

Exchange.

A woman always has a grudge against a newspaper who notes her presence at a five o'clock tea and spells her name wrong.

Ottawa Citizen.

The Russian army is now on the Hun. But after the next battle it will probably resume its old position on the run.

Montreal Herald.

Gamey's majority was 400, which shows what an appreciative country will do for a man when he has a blameless record, and makes a specialty of attending Sunday school picnics.

Toronto Globe.

The new Whitney cabinet will have neither pledges to fulfil, nor promises to redeem, nor policy to carry out. That is almost as easy and comfortable as a seat on the opposition side.

Itching, Burning, Creeping, Crawling Skin Diseases relieved in a few minutes by Dr. Agnew's Ointment. Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves instantly, and cures Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eczema, Ulcers, Blisters, and all Eruptions of the Skin. It is soothing and quieting and acts like magic in all Baby Humors, Irritation of the Scalp or Rash during teething time. 35 cents a box.—159 Sold by Fred L. Hooper, Medical Hall.

#### THE USE AND MANAGEMENT OF INCUBATORS

At this time of the year the incubator question is an important one to the poultryman, says F. C. Elford, Acting chief of Poultry Division Ottawa. An inexperienced person or beginner in business should exercise the same care and judgment in buying an incubator that a farmer would use in selecting an expensive farm implement. In other words, he should take care to buy the best. It is simply wasting money to buy a poor machine, as it can never be depended upon. With a first class machine, all that the beginner has to do is to learn to run his machine according to the manufacturer's directions. Five or ten minutes, morning and night, will be all the time required to care for the machine and it can be depended upon to maintain the proper degree of heat and to bring the eggs to a successful termination of the hatch if the operator simply follows the instructions and does not interfere with the machine or attempt experiments on his own behalf. He is not likely to know more about the machine than the manufacturer.

To be considered first class an incubator must not only hatch a large percentage of chicks, but those hatched must be large strong and lively. The test of incubation is not alone in the number hatched, but also in the health, vigor and hardiness of the chicks and their ability to live and thrive. Faulty incubators are responsible for the death of many small chicks. Being poorly hatched, that is hatched with ten or twenty or thirty per cent less vitality than they should have, they struggle against heavy odds and die off in large numbers in the brooders. If by buying a low priced and poorly constructed incubator, a man gets a twenty per cent lower

May and of the Mediterranean varieties in May; than feed the pullets for growth so they will be mature and laying for November. The same thing holds good for chickens for market. The greatest profits are made by putting our eggs, our broilers and our fattened chickens for the home or export trade upon the market when supplies are scarcest and prices highest.

If an incubator is to be purchased, it should be ordered early, as there are apt to be vexatious delays in shipment and delivery and it is always advisable that the operator have an opportunity to run the machine for a few days before the eggs are placed in it, or until the regulation is understood and the temperature of the egg chamber can be maintained at 102½ degrees F. The incubator should be placed in a well-ventilated room, preferably one unheated. The chicks developing in the shells require an abundance of fresh air. A bright airy cellar or a well-ventilated room having an even temperature is the best place. The ventilation should be so arranged that there will be outside air entering the room at all times, but without a direct draught blowing on the machine.

Finally, let me repeat the advice to follow implicitly the directions that accompany the machine. Study carefully the instructions regarding the care of the lamp and the control of temperature, the turning, cooling and testing of the eggs, and all other details. Then when hatching commences let the machine alone. It is too late to rectify mistakes in management and interference can only injure the hatch. The chicks should be left in machine until they are thoroughly dry and should not be fed the first day. When feeding commences be careful to feed sparingly. More small chicks are killed by over-feeding than by under-feeding.

## Narrow Chesis.

The old theory that consumption was inherited is utterly discredited by modern medical science. The germs of consumption must be received from without. These germs are everywhere. They are constantly being received and cast out by the healthy system.



It is the narrow chested whose inheritance is weakness who fall a prey to consumption because they are too weak of lung to resist and throw off disease.

Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery makes weak lungs strong. It cures obstinate deep-seated coughs, bleeding lungs, weakness, emaciation and other conditions which if neglected or unskillfully treated find a fatal termination in consumption.

\$3,000 FORFEIT will be paid by the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Proprietors, Buffalo, N. Y., if they cannot show the original signature of the individual volunteering the testimonial below, and also of the writers of every testimonial among the thousands which they are constantly publishing, thus proving their genuineness.

"In the spring of 1900 I was taken with hemorrhage of the lungs, and became very weak and short of breath, lost flesh and had no appetite," writes Mr. E. L. Robinson, of Xerxes, Tenn. "I was persuaded to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. The first few bottles seemed to do me but little good. Thought I would soon be a victim of that dreaded disease, consumption. Had almost given up in despair when my friends persuaded me to give your 'Golden Medical Discovery' a fair trial. I commenced its use. I weigh 160 pounds now, and when I commenced I only weighed 140 pounds. If any one doubts this statement I will be pleased to answer any inquiry."

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." Nothing is "just as good." Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse the clogged system from impurities.

of the grapes. The old Pope John II., when the latter requested him to paint the ceiling of the Sistine chapel at Rome, that he was not a painter, but a sculptor; yet, after he had shut himself up for four years—from 1508 to 1512—and the scaffold was removed, a result had been achieved which is without parallel in the world. A Very wonderful is the work which Michael Angelo spread over this vast area of 19,000 square feet. The fact that there are 343 principal figures, many of colossal size, besides a great number of others introduced for decorative effect, and that the creator of this vast scheme was only thirty-three when he began his work—all this is marvelous, prodigious, and yet not so marvelous as the variety of expression in the figures of which Jeremiah is only one figure in a small side arch.—Charles H. Caffin in St. Nicholas.

#### The Cruelty of Pate de Foie Gras.

To eat pate de foie gras is luxury, but to prepare the delicacy for the table is prolonged torture—for the goose. The Humanitarian league of England has issued a pamphlet on the subject. "We behold," says an eyewitness, "innumerable geese in this torture chamber, bound fast to the table. They lie on their backs as if crucified. We watched how the women pressed some new victims against the tables so that the hinder parts should hang over the edge." Two months of torture for the geese are considered necessary before its liver is sufficiently diseased to be

## Vapo-Cresolene

Established 1879.

Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis  
Cough, Grip, Asthma, Diphtheria

Cresolene is a boon to Asthmatics

CRESOLENE is a long established and standard remedy for the diseases indicated. It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surfaces of the bronchial tubes with every breath, giving prompt and constant treatment. Those of a consumptive tendency, or sufferers from chronic bronchitis, find immediate relief from coughs or inflamed conditions of the throat.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists or sent post on receipt of price.

A Vapo-Cresolene outfit including a bottle of Cresolene \$1.50. Send for free illustrated booklet, LEBMING MILLS CO., Ltd., Agents, 28 St. James St., Montreal, Canada. 306



## ON THE BRINK OF THE GRAVE RESTORED TO HEALTH BY A Wonderful Curative Liquid.

Composed of Healing gums, Balsams, Barks, Etc. This Compound is called the

### O. R. KIDNEY CURE

Miss Emma Monroe, Trenton, Ont., says: "I suffered for a long time with nervousness and back-ache. I then got a distressing hacking cough, lost flesh, and felt very miserable every day."

I consulted two doctors; both said I had quick consumption and could only live a few weeks. A friend, who had used O. R. KIDNEY CURE, said she believed my trouble was due to weak kidneys. I commenced its use; and, before I had finished six bottles, I felt like a new girl. That was two years ago, and to-day I am perfectly well and happy.

O. R. KIDNEY CURE is sold by all druggists, 50c. a bottle; or write to

**THE O. R. MEDICINE CO., Limited,**  
2 Queen St. East, TORONTO, ONT.





to plain dress, but in plain living, in simplicity of heart, of personal beliefs and respect for the beliefs of others.—Rev. Charles Wagner.

#### Preparedness.

Begin the morning by saying to thyself, I shall meet the day's body, the ungrateful, arrogant, doubtful, envious and unsteady, but I, who have seen the nature of the good, that it is beautiful, and that of the bad, that it is ugly, can be injured by none of them.

#### Cause For Sorrow.

Brown-Smith is down with brain fever. Green, you don't say so! Brown—Yes, the doctor says if he recovers his mind will be a blank. Green—Well, I'm sorry to hear that. He owes me \$10.

#### Eight Arrows In the Air at Once.

"There is a purely Indian exploit which is recognized as a test of fast shooting," says Mr. Ernest Thompson Seton in Country Life in America. "In this the 'honor' is allowed the archer who can have six arrows in the air at once and the 'high honor' for seven. The Indian record is eight, but not many Indians have made it."

#### Wrestling With the Spauld.

When Walter Williams, from Columbus, Miss., was in Spain in the summer of 1903 he called upon a provincial editor in the interest of the St. Louis exposition. The next day the paper had the following: "Walter Williams of the United States purchased the state of Louisiana and next year will give a celebration, to which he invites his fellow journalists of Europe." Mr. Williams again called upon the editor and thoroughly explained matters. The editor apologized and printed this correction: "Governor Francis of Missouri has purchased a large tract of land in the Great American desert, and Walter Williams is here to invite the journalists of Spain to a show which the governor will give next year." Mr. Williams fled the place, fearful the editor might explain some more.

#### Rossetti's Awful Breakfast.

It was at one time arranged that Dante Gabriel Rossetti, his brother William and Swinburne and George Meredith should live together in a certain house. Meredith happened to see Dante Gabriel Rossetti at breakfast and charmed his plans. Meredith himself tells the story. "It was past noon," says he. "Rossetti had not yet risen, though it was an exquisite day. On the breakfast table on a huge dish rested five thick slabs of bacon, upon which five ripe legs had slowly bled to death. Presently Rossetti appeared in his dressing gown, with slippers down at heel, and devoured the dainty repast like an ogre." That meal was too much for Meredith, and he sacrificed three months' rent rather than see it repeated.

#### The Sphinx's Riddle.

The riddle which the sphinx propounded to the Thebans and the solution of which she made a condition of her withdrawal from the state was as follows: "What animal has one voice, at first four, then two and at last three feet?" Oedipus discovered the answer to be "man," who in infancy, from using his hands as well as his feet in walking, may be said to have four feet (all fours), in after life employs but two, and in old age to these he adds a staff, which may be reckoned a third. Upon this solution being given the sphinx is said to have thrown herself headlong from the citadel.

#### CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

## people Well

Mrs. Wm. Carter, of Merckdale, Ont., who thanks heaven and Paine's Celery Compound for her restoration to health says:

"After my baby was born I took gripe, and was in a very weak condition of health. My nervous system seemed to be broken down and I had convulsions several times. I frequently lost use of my limbs, I had severe night sweats, was sleepless, despondent and very nervous. I thought at times that I was going to lose my reason. At last I became so weak that I could hardly move myself in bed. After a course of treatment with able doctors, I was still suffering, and on the brink of the grave. I was strongly advised by a friend to make use of Paine's Celery Compound. To gratify the desires of my family I used this medicine. In a short time appetite and sleep were better. After use of the second bottle I was so amazed and pleased with my improvement that I decided to continue the use of Paine's Celery Compound. I am happy to state that the use of six bottles has completely restored me to new life and usefulness to my family. I sincerely thank God and Paine's Celery Compound for my wonderful restoration."

## Ask For "PAINE'S," No Other Medicine Just As Good.

#### They Were Harlequins.

In her book on the poet Whittier, Miss F. M. L. relates the following anecdote: An old Quaker friend visited Mr. Whittier. He was a bachelor, and when the hour for retiring came he was shown to his room. Soon after he was heard calling from the top of the stairs in an excited tone: "I think thee hast made a mistake, Friend Whittier. I find female garments in my room." At which Friend Whittier replied: "Thee'd better go to bed. The female garments won't hurt thee."

#### He Didn't Laugh.

Little Johnny—That young man who comes to see you must be pretty poor company. He hasn't any sense of humor. Sister—Why do you think so? Little Johnny—I told him all about the funny way you rush about and bang the doors when you get in a temper, and he didn't laugh a bit.—Smith's Weekly.

#### Married Angels.

A domestic wife is merely a woman. When we marry for love we don't marry a woman. We marry an angel, a celestial, ethereal being with wings and halo. As you value your happiness never remove the wings and halo.

My Stomach gave out entirely and I suffered untold agonies." This was the experience of Mr. D. G. Whinden, Postmaster, East Wentworth, N.S., after three attacks of La Grippe. Doctors and doses gave him no permanent relief, but Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets had the permanent virtue that won him back to perfect health—pleasant and harmless but powerful and quick.—35 cents.—160 Sold by Fred L. Hooper, Medical Hall.

Some of it is very expensive, for a pair may be required to make a single piece. The linen or silk is placed in a frame, the threads are drawn out one way, and with a needle and the finest speed thread the design is worked. Pencil is used in the public schools. Among the articles made are handkerchiefs, table cloths, bedspreads and covers for chairs or lampes. The work is hard and tedious, and the earnings are on an average less than a shilling a day.

#### Onions as Weather Prophets.

One of the rites performed by the French peasants on New Year's eve is the forecasting of the weather for the coming year by means of onions.

When the bells ring for midnight mass they scoop out the middles of twelve onions, set them in a row on the kitchen table, fill them with salt and name them for the months of the year. Then when they return from mass they examine the condition of the salt. If it has melted in any of the "months," those months will be rainy; if the salt remains dry, it indicates drought; if half melted, the first fortnight of the month will be wet.

The peasants have such implicit faith in this means of foretelling the weather that they plant their crops in accordance with the prophecy of the onions.

#### The Fifteenth Century Gambler.

In the time of King Henry IV. of England the "smart set" managed to play bridge or its equivalent without shocking the susceptibilities of those who think it wrong to play for money. The fifteenth century gambler, according to one historian, "played at cards for counters, nails and points in every house more for pastime than for gain." "Everie scholar or petyte (little one) that plaies for money is to be expelled," ordains a grammar school charter of the period. One of the duties of hospital sisters was "to make diligent searche amonge the poore for cards or dice."

#### Insulted His Legs.

Apreros of knee breeches a correspondent of the London Express quotes an anecdote from Captain Gronow's "Recollections" which puts the whole case in a nutshell. The baillie de ferret was always dressed in knee breeches, with a cocked hat and a court sword, the slender proportions of which greatly resembled those of his legs. "Do tell me, my dear baillie," said Montrond one day, "have you got three legs or three swords?" Soon after which, we should imagine, the baillie went home.

#### Damages Enough.

There had been a railway collision near a Scottish country town, and an astute local attorney had hurried to the scene of disaster. Noticing an old man with a badly damaged head lying on the ground, he approached him with notebook in hand. "How about damages, my man?" he began. The injured man waved him off with the remark: "Na, na; ye'll get nae damages frae me. It wusna me that hit yer bloomin' auld train."

Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hospital.  
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Napanee. 517

A. S. ASHLEY,  
.....DENTIST.....  
34 YEARS EXPERIENCE  
21 YEARS IN NAPANEE  
Rooms above Mowat's Dry Goods Store, Napanee.

D. DEROCHÉ & DEROCHÉ.  
H. M. Deroché, K. C., C. C. A.  
H. M. P. Deroché.  
Barristers Etc.  
MONEY TO LOAN  
Mr. H. M. P. Deroché will be in Tamworth every Thursday.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE.  
Barristers, etc.  
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES  
Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office. 5.

DR. C. H. WARTMAN  
DENTIST.  
It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at Yark and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed first class.

CARLETON WOODS.  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
Roblin, Ont.

E. J. POLLARD,  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
Express Office, Napanee  
Strictly Private and Confidential.

JOHN ALLEN,  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
Commissioner in H. C. J.  
Conveyancer, etc.  
MARLBANK.

The Reporter Succeeded.  
In New York on one occasion a reporter made several vain attempts to see J. Pierpont Morgan, both at his office and his residence. Finally his opportunity came. He was interviewing another financier and incidentally came into possession of the latter's card. He kept it; then, going to Morgan's residence, he sent in his own card in company with that of the financier. The result was successful, and he was shown into Morgan's presence. When the reporter had stated his reason for the call the financier said: "Do you know, young man, that at least ten reporters have tried to see me today with reference to this question? I have declined to see any of them." The reporter smiled and replied, "Yes, sir, I know that, for I was the whole ten." He got his interview.

#### Spiteful.

Kate—Do you think it's true that people catch anything through kissing? Madge—Oh, I don't think so. See how often you've been kissed and you've never caught anybody yet.

## NO MUD IN OURS!

WELLS,  
RICHARDSON &  
CO.'S

IMPROVED BUTTER COLOR

Gives the True Golden June Tint that Guarantees Prize Butter.  
The Largest and Best Creameries and Dairies in the World Use It.

LOOK FOR THE DANDELION TRADE MARK. BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES AND IMITATIONS.  
ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.





by the ... and gentlemen, charged through ... boxes and jumped by ... the "pit" for places.

Burdens may be the ballast that saves the ship.—Chicago Tribune.

**Ayer's Pills** Sugar-coated, easy to take, mild in action. They cure constipation, biliousness, sick-headache.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use

**BUCKINGHAM'S DYE**



Mrs. R. J. Ego, Ardree, Ont., Says: "When baby was seven months old she got very ill with indigestion and constipation, and kept getting worse, until doctors had no hope for her recovery. All medicine failed to have any effect. We received a sample package of Hennequin's Infant Tablets. I had not much faith in them, as I had tried so much, but concluded to try them. We gave her one-half one Tablet, and that day we noticed a change for the better. I at once sent for a box, we used them, and the results are most astonishing. We used five boxes, and baby has been a well child for some months, and is fat, happy and cheerful. I do not feel safe without them. I cannot speak too highly of what I know has saved my baby's life. I wish all mother's whose babies suffer as mine was, to try them. Enclosed please find \$1 and for which please mail me my address 5 packages."

**DR. HENNEQUIN'S INFANT TABLETS.**

Destroy worms, assimilate the food, regulate the bowels, sweeten the stomach, procure healthy and natural sleep, relieve teething trouble, allay feverishness, cure indigestion, diarrhoea, constipation, colic, etc., stop walking in the sleep and frightened awakening from sleep, cure fits, etc. Beyond price for children afflicted with weak health. Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets do not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic properties. The per package—postpaid to any address. Send us \$1 for 5 boxes and if, after using part or all of one box, you wish your dollar back, you can have it by mailing us the remaining four boxes. We cannot be responsible for money unless sent by P. O. Order, Money Order, or Registered Letter. DOUGLAS & Co., Napanee, Ont., Can. Wholesale Agents for Canada.

**Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company**

**GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE, No. 26**

Eastern Standard Time. Taking effect Nov. 1st, 1904.

Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto.				Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn.			
Stations.	Miles	No. 12	No. 4	Stations.	Miles	No. 12	No. 4
Lve Bannockburn	0	6:00	1:40	Lve Deseronto	0	7:00	12:40
Albion	5	6:15	1:50	Arr Napanee	9	7:30	1:00
Quebec	8	6:25	2:05	Lve Napanee	9	7:40	1:10
Bridlewood	14	6:35	2:15	Strathcona	15	8:05	1:20
Two Rivers	20	6:45	2:25	Newburgh	17	8:15	1:30
Arr Lve				Thomson's Mills	18		
Two Rivers	20	7:00	2:29	Camden East	19	8:30	1:40
Steeles	23	7:10	2:35	Arr Yarker	23	8:45	1:55
Lakeview	27	7:25	2:45	Lve Yarker	23	8:45	1:55
Marbleton	33	7:40	2:55	Galbraith	25		
Lakeview	37	7:55	3:05	Moscow	27	9:20	2:20
Tamworth	40	8:10	3:20	Mudlake Bridge	30		
Valley	44	8:25	3:30	Enterprise	32	9:35	2:30
Port Hope	48	8:40	3:40	Wilson	34		
Mudlake Bridge	48			Yamworth	38	10:00	3:00
Marbleton	51	8:55	3:50	Erinsville	41	10:10	3:10
Galbraith	53	9:10	4:00	Maribank	45	10:25	3:20
Arr Yarker	55	10:10	4:05	Larkins	51	10:45	3:40
Lve Yarker	55	10:10	4:05	Steeles	55	11:00	3:50
Camden East	59	10:25	4:15	Arr Two Rivers	58	11:15	4:00
Thomson's Mills	60			Bridgewater	64	11:50	4:10
Newburgh	61	10:35	4:20	Queensboro	70	12:05	4:20
Strathcona	64	11:00	4:35	Allans	73	12:20	4:30
Arr Napanee	69			Arr Bannockburn	78	12:40	4:50
Lve Napanee	69						
Arr Deseronto	78	11:30	6:35				

**Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto.**

Stations.				Stations.			
Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5	Miles	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5
Lve Kingston	0	7:00	3:25	Lve Deseronto	0	7:00	3:25
G. T. B. Junction	9	7:30	3:55	Arr Napanee	9	7:30	3:55
Glennville	14	7:45	4:10	Lve Napanee	9	7:50	4:15
Murphy	19	8:00	4:20	Strathcona	15	8:05	4:20
Arr Sydenham	23	8:10	4:30	Newburgh	17	8:15	4:30
Arr Sydenham	23	8:10	4:30	Thomson's Mills	18		
Frontenac	26	8:35	4:50	Camden East	19	8:30	4:40
Lve Frontenac	26	8:35	4:50	Arr Yarker	23	8:45	4:55
Camden East	30	9:15	5:38	Lve Yarker	23	8:55	5:05
Thomson's Mills	31			Frontenac	27		
Newburgh	32	9:30	5:48	Arr Sydenham	30	9:10	5:45
Strathcona	34	9:45	5:58	Lve Sydenham	30	9:10	5:45
Arr Napanee	40	10:00	6:15	Murvale	35	9:22	5:55
Lve Napanee	40	10:00	6:15	Glennville	39	9:32	6:05
Arr Deseronto	49			G. T. B. Junction	47	9:50	6:20
				Arr Kingston	49	10:00	6:30

**LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE.**

NAPANEE TO DESERONTO and PICTON.				PICTON TO DESERONTO and NAPANEE.			
TRAINS		STEAMERS		STEAMERS		TRAINS	
Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
Napanee	Deseronto	Deseronto	Picton	Picton	Deseronto	Deseronto	Napanee
2:15 a.m.	2:55 a.m.	7:00 a.m.	8:30 a.m.	6:00 a.m.	7:30 a.m.	9:50 a.m.	10:10 a.m.
3:45 " 3:55 "				10:00 a.m.	11:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.	12:05 p.m.
6:35 " 6:55 "						3:45 p.m.	4:10 "
7:55 " 8:15 "						6:10 " 6:30 "	
10:35 " 10:55 "		1:40 p.m.	3:10 p.m.			7:40 " 8:00 "	
1:10 p.m.	1:30 p.m.			4:00 p.m.	5:30 p.m.	12:50 a.m.	1:10 a.m.
4:30 " 4:50 "		5:30 p.m.	7:00 p.m.			2:50 " 3:10 "	
6:50 " 7:10 "						6:00 " 6:20 "	
6:35 " 6:55 "		7:00 a.m.	8:30 a.m.			7:00 " 7:20 "	
8:15 " 8:35 "						7:20 " 7:40 "	

Daily. All other trains run daily Sundays excepted.

E. WALTER RATHBUN, President. H. B. SHERWOOD, Superintendent. D. A. VALLEAU, Asst. Superintendent.

with the Council's thanks to which Mr. Hall briefly replied. Mr. Baker, Chairman of the County Property committee, reported that he had given the pasture field in the rear of the jail to Mr. Metcalfe for the coming season for \$15.00. Moved by Mr. Hall and Mr. Woods that the Chairman of the County Property committee be authorized to let contracts for necessary supplies for County Buildings, and furnish the Clerk of the Peace with a copy of such contracts as he may require for the use of the Board of Audit. Account County Treasurer, contingent, \$7.10, was on motion ordered to be paid. Mr. Bryden presented the 1st report of the Roads and Bridges committee, which was read. Moved by Mr. Bogart and Mr. Creighton that the Council go into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Bryden in the chair, to consider the report. Carried. On motion the report was ordered read clause by clause. Clause 1 was read. Moved by Mr. Miller and Mr. Woods that the clause be adopted. Carried. Clause 2 was read. Moved by Mr. Miller and Mr. Woods that the clause be adopted. Carried. Clause 3 was read. Moved by Mr. Miller and Mr. Woods that the clause be adopted. Carried. On motion the Committee rose and reported. Warden resumed the chair. On motion the report of the Committee was adopted. Mr. W. J. Paul, M.L.A., was called on to address the Council, re the erection of a House of Refuge. Mr. Baker presented 1st report of the County Property committee, which was read. Moved by Mr. Baker and Mr. Creighton that the report be adopted. Carried. Moved by Mr. Miller and Mr. Creighton, that Council go into Committee of the Whole, Warden in the chair, on 1st report of Finance committee. Carried. Clause 5 was read. Moved by Mr. Clyde and Mr. Hall that the clause be amended by adding after the word "balance" the sum \$23.20. Carried. On motion the Committee rose and reported the adoption of the report as amended. On motion the report of the Committee was adopted. Council adjourned for half an hour for benefit of committees. Council resumed. Mr. Bogart presented the report of the Committee on Legislation with clause 1 amended. On motion clause 1 was adopted. On motion the County Councillors' pay list as prepared by the Clerk was approved. Moved by Mr. Baker and Mr. Bryden that whereas the law as it now stands on the Statute book makes it compulsory for the County to erect a County House of Refuge by the year 1906, and the same not being in the interest of this County. Be it therefore resolved that a deputation composed of the Warden and Messrs. Bogart, Bryden, Woods and the mover, wait on the Government at the next session of the House and urge upon the Government to so amend the law so as to make it permissive and not compulsory, and also to interview the Government re grants to colonized roads. On motion the foregoing resolution was ordered to lay on the table till to-morrow morning. Moved by Mr. Baker and Mr. Miller that rule 35 be suspended in order to introduce to-day the By-law allowing the Treasurer to overdraw. Carried. By-law was introduced and received its first reading, and on motion Rule 38 was suspended, in order to give the By-law its second reading. On motion the Council went into Committee of the Whole, Warden in the chair, and the By-law received its 2d reading. On motion the Committee rose and reported the By-law as read 2d time, which report was on motion adopted. Rule 38 was suspended in order to give the By-law its 3d reading. Moved by Mr. Miller and Mr. Bryden, that the By-law be read 3d time, numbered, signed by the Warden and Clerk, sealed, and finally passed. Cd The By-law was read 3d time, numbered 200, signed by the Warden and

with the Council's thanks to which Mr. Hall briefly replied. Mr. Baker, Chairman of the County Property committee, reported that he had given the pasture field in the rear of the jail to Mr. Metcalfe for the coming season for \$15.00. Moved by Mr. Hall and Mr. Woods that the Chairman of the County Property committee be authorized to let contracts for necessary supplies for County Buildings, and furnish the Clerk of the Peace with a copy of such contracts as he may require for the use of the Board of Audit. Account County Treasurer, contingent, \$7.10, was on motion ordered to be paid. Mr. Bryden presented the 1st report of the Roads and Bridges committee, which was read. Moved by Mr. Bogart and Mr. Creighton that the Council go into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Bryden in the chair, to consider the report. Carried. On motion the report was ordered read clause by clause. Clause 1 was read. Moved by Mr. Miller and Mr. Woods that the clause be adopted. Carried. Clause 2 was read. Moved by Mr. Miller and Mr. Creighton that the clause be adopted. Carried. Moved by Mr. Bogart and Mr. Hall that the communication from the Reeve of the Township of Richmond Mr. Anderson, should receive our serious consideration—that the question of ownership of the Richmond and Sheffield road being in dispute we request a conference at our June session with the representatives of the Richmond Council in order to arrive at an amicable and satisfactory adjustment of their claim against this Council and for the future maintenance of said road. Clause 3 was read. Moved by Mr. Woods and Mr. Creighton that the clause be adopted. Carried. Mr. Hiram Keech was heard in reference to Clare River bridge. Clause 4 was read. Moved by Mr. Creighton and Mr. Clyde that the clause be adopted. Carried. On motion the Committee rose and reported the adoption of the report without amendment.

**REASON WHY YOU SHOULD BUY Red Rose Tea**

Because of the care in My agents in the east every lot of tea that is sent to pass their inspection. chests and carefully taste them up to the Red Rose standard if not it is rejected.

The most important test tea arrives here, as during the Sea, the very great heat often. Immediately on arrival each lot and subjected to the those teas which have retained and strength are used for jobbed off in bulk).

When blended and ready, it is tested again just to be made in the blending; Will you test us by order T. H. ESTABROOK BRANCHES: TORONTO

**CASTORIA** For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*



Warden resumed the chair. On motion the report of the committee was adopted. Council adjourned till 2 p.m. Council resumed.

The Clerk produced the printing contract as executed by the contractor and Warden.

A deputation from the Township of Richmond and County of Hastings, consisting of Messrs. Jones, Dryden, Oliver, Brennan, McHenry, Grooms, Berry and McCullough, in reference to the assessing by this County as County road the boundary road between Tyendinaga and Richmond.

Moved by Mr. Bogart and Mr. Hall that this Council make a grant of \$200 to the boundary road between the Townships of Richmond and Tyendinaga, provided the County of Hastings supplemented it with a like amount, said grant to be laid out under the supervision of the Roads and Bridges committee.

Foregoing resolution was referred to the Roads and Bridges committee to report upon to-morrow morning.

Moved by Mr. Creighton and Mr. Paul that the Chairman of the County Property committee have the flower beds in front of the Court House attended to at a cost not to exceed \$25.00. Carried.

The resolution of Messrs. Baker and Bryden of yesterday, re erection of House of Refuge, was read and put to a vote and declared lost.

Moved by Mr. Creighton and Mr. Miller that Messrs. Bogart, Woods and the Warden be a deputation to wait upon the Government, re Colonization Roads and also re House of Refuge. Lost.

Mr. Woods presented the report of the Education and Printing committee, which was read.

Moved by Mr. Woods and Mr. Miller that the report be adopted. Od.

The County Treasurer's report to the Minister of Agriculture, as to debts of the County, was read.

Moved by Mr. Miller and Mr. Woods that the report before transmission be inserted in the County minutes. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Miller and Mr. Creighton that a special grant of \$400.00 be granted from this County on the road known as the Napanee and Hamburg road such grant to be laid out under the supervision of Messrs. Miller and Creighton.

Foregoing resolution was on motion referred to the Roads and Bridges committee.

Moved by Mr. Paul and Mr. Clyde that a special grant of \$700.00 be given to be laid out on the York Road, such grant to be distributed in the municipalities of Ernestown, North Fredericksburgh and Richmond according to the miles of road in each Township.

Foregoing resolution was on motion referred to the Roads and Bridges committee.

On motion Council adjourned till to-morrow 10 a.m.

#### SIXTH DAY.

Council met at 10 a.m. pursuant to adjournment. Warden in the chair. Members all present.

Minutes of yesterday were read and on motion were confirmed.

Mr. Hall presented 2d report of the Finance committee, which was read.

Moved by Mr. Hall and Mr. Creighton that the report be adopted. Carried.

Mr. Bryden presented the 2d report of the Roads and Bridges committee, which was read. Moved by Mr. Bryden and Mr. Clyde that the report be adopted. Carried.

Mr. G. A. Aylesworth was heard in reference to the Trustees' Association.

Mr. W. C. Scott was heard in reference to the telephone at the Court House.

Moved by Mr. Creighton and Mr. Clyde that the Chairman of the County Property committee enter into and sign contract with Bell Telephone Co. for instrument in Court House and arrange with Company as regards service. Carried.

The resolution of Messrs. Baker and Bryden of 2d inst., re deputation

appointed consisting of the Warden and Mr. Baker in order to get the information required and report at June session. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Creighton and Mr. Paul that D. H. Preston be re-elected High School trustee for Napanee. Lost.

Moved by Mr. Miller and Mr. Hall that W. S. Herrington be elected High School trustee for Napanee. Lost.

Moved by Mr. Miller and Mr. Hall that this Council adjourn until 1st Tuesday in June. Lost.

Moved by Mr. Bogart and Mr. Woods that the County Clerk be paid the sum of \$20.00 for his services as returning officer in County Council elections. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Creighton and Mr. Clyde that J. H. Patterson be re-elected High School trustee for Newburgh. Carried.

On motion the Council adjourned till 1st Tuesday, in June, at 2 p.m.

#### FAIR VIEW.

Mr. and Mrs. Gonn and sister, spent Sunday at John Louck's.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Smith, Deseronto spent a few days at John Bennett's.

Mrs. Switzer is visiting on Victoria st.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Snider entertained a number of guests on Friday evening. Music was furnished by Mrs. Cassidy on the organ and Mr. Cassidy on the violin.

Wm. Fenwick and David Hess have secured situations at St. Catharines.

John Bennett who was ill is recovering. Drawing wood and logs is the order of the day.

Stumbling Wrecks!—Undone and overdone! Discouraged and desolate! Emaciated nerve wrecks! Not one of you is too deep down in the mire of disease but the story of such a potent remedy as South American Nervine can reach you and lift you back to good health. It's nature's trusted lieutenant, gentle, but firm and unflinching. It never fails.—156 Sold by Fred L. Hooper, Medical Hall.

#### WILTON.

Archie Stover is very low with pneumonia.

James Simmons has rented the blacksmith shop from Alfred Babcock.

Rev. T. G. Brown, Sydenham, a former pastor here, will preach the anniversary services in the Methodist church next Sunday morning. Sacrament will be observed at the same service; and on the following evening a platform meeting will be held in the church.

Communion service was held in the Presbyterian church last Sunday evening.

The annual Sunday School "At Home," will be held in the Presbyterian church, Friday February 17th.

Miss Edith Hudgins, Selby, and Mr. Roblin, Adolphustown, are visiting at Alfred Miller's.

Wm. Bradshaw, North Dakota, was visiting Harvey Timmerman last week.

Woman, Why?—You have sallow skin, pimples, eruptions, discolorations. Why resort to cosmetics and powders to hid the effects? Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills regulate the system and restore to the cheek the healthful rosy bloom and peach blush of youth. From one to two pills a dose will clarify and purify the complexion in short order. 10 cents for 40 doses.—157 Sold by Fred L. Hooper, Medical Hall.

#### Out of Harm's Way.

"What the dence are you doing on the top of that tree, Mike? Don't you know that it's being cut down?" Mike—Yes, your honor. The last time ye had a tree cut down it fell on top of me, and begorra, O'll be safe this toime!—London Tit-Bits.

#### A Genus.

"Your mother-in-law never pays you a long visit," said one man to another. "How is that?"

"She did once, but I got my mother to come on a visit at the same time."

Catarrh for twenty years cured in a few days.—Hon. George James, of Saranton, Pa., says: "I have been a martyr to Catarrh for twenty years, constant hawking, dropping in the throat and pain in the head, very offensive breath. I

## HAPPY AND HEALTHY.

A Beautiful Canadian Girl Saved From Catarrh of the Lungs by Pe-ru-na.



MISS FLORENCE KENAH.

Miss Florence E. Kenah, 434 Maria street, Ottawa, Ont., writes:

"A few months ago I caught a severe cold, which settled on my lungs and remained there so persistently that I became alarmed. I took medicine without benefit, until my digestive organs became upset, and my head and back began to ache severely and frequently.

"I was advised to try Peruna, and although I had little faith I felt so sick that I was ready to try anything. It brought me blessed relief at once, and I felt that I had the right medicine at last. Within three weeks I was completely restored and have enjoyed perfect health since.

"I now have the greatest faith in Peruna."

F. E. KENAH.

WOMEN should beware of contracting catarrh. The cold wind and rain, slush and mud of winter are especially conducive to catarrhal derangements. Few women escape.

Upon the first symptoms of catching cold Peruna should be taken. It fortifies the system against colds and catarrh.

The following letter gives one young woman's experience with Peruna:

Miss Rose Gerbing is a popular society woman of Crown Point, Ind., and she writes the following:

"Recently I took a long drive in the country, and being too thinly clad I caught a bad cold which settled on my lungs, and which I could not seem to shake off. I had heard a great deal of Peruna for colds and catarrh and I

bought a bottle to try. I am pleased that I did, for it brought speedy relief. It only took about two bottles, and I considered this money well spent.

"You have a firm friend in me, and I not only advise its use to my friends, but have purchased several bottles to give to those without the means to buy, and have noticed without exception that it has brought about a speedy cure wherever it has been used."—Miss Rose Gerbing.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

#### The Other Kind.

"Do you think there is anything remarkable in love at first sight?" asked a romantic youth.

"Not at all," replied his cynical friend. "It's when people have been looking at each other for four or five years that it becomes remarkable!"

#### The Retort Amiable.

Mistress—I don't want you to have so much company. You have more callers in a day than I have in a week. Domestic—Well, mum, perhaps if you'd try to be a little more agreeable you'd have as many friends as I have.

#### Serious Mistake.

Dr. Cutts—I made an awful mistake when I diagnosed that man's case as appendicitis. Dr. Slash—What did the operation disclose? Dr. Cutts—That he didn't have a cent.

#### Cruel Fate's Favors.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

**PATENTS**

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DESIGNS  
COPYRIGHTS &c.

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ble to ours is the parliament of Great Britain. In character, intellect, methods, dignity and in the truthfulness with which each represents the people the British parliament and the United

House and arrange with Company as regards service. Carried.

The resolution of Messrs. Baker and Bryden of 2d inst., re deputation to wait upon the Government as to law relating to erection of House of Refuge and grants to Colonization roads, consisting of the Warden and Messrs. Bogart, Baker, Bryden and Woods was put to vote and declared lost.

Moved by Mr. Creighton and Mr. Miller that the foregoing deputation consist of the Warden and Messrs. Bogart, Woods, Creighton and Clyde. Carried.

Mr. Baker asked for the yeas and nays on his motion.

Yeas—Bogart, Baker, Bryden, Paul and Martin—5.

Nays—Creighton, Clyde, Miller, Woods and Hall—5.

Mr. Miller called for the yeas and nays on his motion.

Yeas—Creighton, Clyde, Miller, Woods, Hall and Martin—6.

Nays—Bogart, Baker, Bryden, Paul—4.

On motion the Council adjourned till 1:30 p.m.

Council resumed.

Moved by Mr. Bogart and Mr. Clyde that H. A. Baker be a delegate to the Trustees' Association this year. Carried.

Mr. Bogart tendered his resignation in favor of Mr. James Bryden, as one of the committee delegates to wait upon the Government, re House of Refuge and grants to Colonization roads. Moved by Mr. Clyde and Mr. Paul that the resignation be accepted. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Paul and Mr. Clyde that Mr. Bryden be substituted in place of Mr. Bogart as one of said delegates. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Bogart and Mr. Creighton that in consideration of the present expensive and unsatisfactory method of heating the County buildings this Council deem it advisable that a thorough and careful investigation as regards the results obtained and the expenses incurred by other counties that have adopted modern and improved methods of heating their buildings that a committee be

Soranton, Pa., says: "I have been a martyr to Catarrh for twenty years, constant hawking, dropping in the throat and pain in the head, very offensive breath. I tried Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. The first application gave instant relief. After using a few bottles I was cured.—50 cents—1 Sold by Fred L. Hooper, Medical Hall.

## Stock Food.

International leads them all. International Stock Food, International Poultry Food, three feeds for one cent. International Heave Cure guaranteed to relieve or money refunded. Gall Cure and Silver Pine Healing Oil. We sell Herbageum, MADOLE & WILSON.

### How to Shoot a Rattler.

The writer once saw an Indian kill a rattlesnake in a very peculiar manner. The rattler was about ten feet from the Indian, who was resting the rifle on his knee, apparently taking aim.

Whenever he moved the weapon a few inches the snake would move around and get exactly in line with it. Then, to show how the thing was done, the Indian moved about the snake in a circle, and the reptile moved as if its tail were a pivot, always keeping its head and body in line with the gun. The Indian then agreed to bandage his eyes and shoot the snake in the mouth.

The writer bandaged the Indian's eyes, and, holding the gun by his side at arm's length, the latter pulled the trigger, and the ball entered the snake's mouth and passed the whole length of its body.

"How did you take aim?" was the query.

"The snake he take aim," was the reply.

We have talked with an old hunter on this proposition, and he claims that a rattlesnake will always range directly in line with a gun or stick pointed at it.—Exchange.

### Redeem Your Past Failures.

You may say that you have failed too often, that there is no use in trying, that it is impossible for you to succeed and that you have failed too often even to attempt to get on your feet again. Nonsense! There is no failure for a man whose spirit is unconquered. No matter how late the hour or how many and repeated his failures success is still possible. The evolution of Scrooge, the miser, in the closing years of his life, from a hard, narrow, heartless money grubber, whose soul was imprisoned in his shining heap of hoarded gold, to a generous, genial lover of his kind, is no mere myth of Dickens' brain. Time and again, in the history of our daily lives, chronicled in our newspapers, recorded in biographies or exhibited before our eyes, we see men and women redeeming past failures, rising up out of the stupor of discouragement and boldly turning face forward once more.—O. S. Marden in Success.

### A Restricted Essay.

The puzzle department of London Truth called for a competition in accounts of a round of golf containing no letter "a" or "u." Here is a good specimen from the many replies received:

"I know nothing of golf. Some people do, or pretend to. However, I visit the links, for I like to look on. Slow work, yet good for the liver. They hit some kind of sphere into holes on the green, then seek for it. Some find it in them, some do not. Men who win grin. Men who lose bless everybody, sotto voce, being too polite to do so before people. Women who lose despise the she winners. Their verdict is, 'ill dressed objects,' 'wizened things,' 'no chicken.' Men do differently, for when finished they drink together in good fellowship, then mizzle—to dine, not repine."

operation disclose? Dr. Cullis—That he didn't have a cent.

### Cruel Fate's Favors.

The Poet—My mail contains nothing but rejected manuscripts! His Wife—And mine nothing but invitations to millinery openings!—Brooklyn Life.

### Long and Short Letters.

Sherwin Cody in his "Training Course in Correct English, Business Correspondence and Advertisement Writing" lays down some rules as to the length of business letters. He says:

"Write a long letter to—

"A farmer.

"A woman.

"A customer who has asked you a question.

"A customer who is angry and needs quieting down and will be made only more angry if you seem to slight him.

"A man who is interested, but must be convinced before he will buy your goods.

"Write a short letter to—

"A busy business man.

"An indifferent man on whom you want to make a sharp impression.

"A person who has written you about a trivial matter for which he cares little.

"A man who wants only a record or a piece of information.

"A person who needs only the slightest reminder of something he has forgotten or overlooked."

### Flattery and Flatterers.

"We sometimes fancy we hate flattery, when in truth it is the manner of it we dislike," said La Rochefoucauld. Stripped of its cynicism, the saying comes to this—that while praise is eternally pleasant there are fashions in flattery, and those fashions change very completely. Flattery is innocent or despicable, not according to whether or not it oversteps the limits of the accurate, but whether or not it proceeds from an interested or a disinterested motive.

There are moments when a true statement of honorific fact made for the selfish purpose of the speaker may be gross flattery, while an exaggerated speech may be justified by its good intention. The real question is not what was said, but why it was said. That is the only test by which we can divide the contemptible from the harmless kind. Surely there is less of the worse sort than there was, or do we but flatter ourselves?—London Spectator.

### Our Congress.

When comparisons are made between America and continental Europe we can find much of which to be proud. Our growth, our wealth, our industries, our resources, our energy, all make flattering comparison with average European conditions. But I believe in making such comparisons there is no one thing of which we have the right to be more proud than of the congress of the United States. Better than any continental parliament, it represents the people. The one legislative body of the world that is in any way compara-

Britain. In character, intellect, methods, dignity and in the truthfulness with which each represents the people the British parliament and the United States congress stand in a class quite apart and above any of the parliaments of continental Europe.—Frank A. Vanderlip in Scribner's.

### Half a Face Missing.

"It is not an uncommon thing," says a man who has hunted in central Africa, "to meet a native with half of his face missing, and when you ask him how it happened he will tell you that a hyena snapped at him while he was asleep. It is marvelous how they recover from such wounds, as the teeth of the animal must be poisonous, and the natives have no antiseptics and a very crude way of treating wounds. When a 'fisi,' as the natives call it, comes round the camp howling, the 'boys' shout all sorts of vile names at it. But very often the animal makes no noise whatever, and not till next morning is the loss of something discovered."

### Superstitious Parnell.

Miss Charlotte McCarthy, daughter of Justin McCarthy, told a curious story of Charles Stewart Parnell. "One evening," says she, "Parnell was talking to me at the coffee stage of dinner, and I, gazing at him with rapture, was vaguely stirring mine and going to drink it when he said: 'You must not drink that. You have stirred it the wrong way, and it would be unlucky. Get another cup.' What struck me as strange in this was not his being superstitious—every one who knew him at all knew that—but his extraordinary power of observation."

### The Woman of Kentucky.

The Kentucky woman is simply the Venus of Milo in warm healthy flesh, with grace in all her motions and when in love heaven in her eye. She has the American capacity to adapt herself to fresh conditions. Her nerves have not been set on an edge by Atlantic east winds, and she has a broad and sympathetic nature.—London Truth.

### In Spite of the Song.

"Are you fond of music?" asked a stranger of the young man at the concert, who was applauding vigorously after a pretty girl had sung a song in a very painful way.

"Not particularly," replied the young man frankly, "but I am extremely fond of the musician."

### A Great Composer.

Ethel—Who was that man you just bowed to? Penelope—That was Dobson, the great composer. Ethel—A composer, did you say? Penelope—He manufactures soothing sirup.

### Friends and Foes.

Dear to me is the friend, yet can I make even my very foe do me a friend's part. My friend shows me what I can do; my foe teaches me what I should do.—Schiller.

To act with common sense according to the moment is the best wisdom I

# N No 6 SHOULD USE Rose tea

## in Selection and Blending.

st are expert tea tasters, and t down from the Gardens has They take samples from the them, then if the tea is fully ard, it is accepted and shipped;

st of all, however, is when the the passage through the Red iten affects the Tea very seri- rival, samples are taken from he most rigid tests, and only ained all their original flavor or Red Rose (the balance is

ady to be put into sealed pack- t to make sure no mistake has ; nothing is left to chance.

rding a package?

OKS, St. John, N. B.

ONTON WINNIPEG.

# DIAMOND DYES

FOR  
PERFECT  
HOME  
DYEING.

EASY TO USE, BRIGHTEST AND BEST.

ASK FOR THE "DIAMOND."

All Druggists and Dealers.

TAKE NO OTHERS.



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is no romance but simply an evidence of what incomparable quality will do.

# "SALADA"

Ceylon Tea is the purest and sweetest nature can yield. Sold only in sealed lead packets. Black, Mixed or GREEN. By all grocers. Given the gold medal and highest award at St. Louis.



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Used in H.B.K. Mitts, Gloves and Moccasins—tough as whalebone, flexible, soft, pliable, scorch-proof, wind-proof, boil-proof, crack-proof, tear-proof, rip-proof, cold-proof, almost wear-proof—certainly the greatest leather ever used in mitts and gloves.

Like buckskin it is tanned without oil, unlike buckskin it is not porous, it is wind-proof—will outwear three buckskins.

"Pinto" Mitts and Gloves never crack or harden, never get sodden, are always warm, pliable, soft and comfortable.

Sold at all dealers but never without this brand:—



HUDSON BAY KNITTING CO.  
Montreal Winnipeg Dawson 2

### OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

It is not generally known that there is a telegraph across the southern desert lands of the Australian continent of 2,000 miles in length, and which runs partially through an uninhabited country and long tracts of a waterless desert. While it was being constructed over 2,000 tons of materials had to be carried far into the interior, and many of the iron and wooden piles were conveyed 400 miles. A recent report says that the wear and tear of this telegraph construction has been considerable, but there is great difficulty found in supplying the stations across the desert with operators.

### POWER OF LIGHT.

The extraordinary resuscitating power of light recently received a curious illustration in the silver mines at Laurium. A mine had been abandoned 2,000 years, and the seed of some poppies was found beneath the slab of a species which had disappeared for twenty centuries. The slab being removed, in a short time the entire space was covered with the most gorgeous show of poppies. After their twenty centuries' rest they had bloomed as vigorously as ever without air or water.

### FRAIL LITTLE ONES.

The little ones are frail. Their hold upon life is slight. No symptom that indicates any of the little ailments of childhood should be allowed to pass for a moment without proper attention. The little ailment may soon become a serious one, and then it may be too late to save a precious little life. If Baby's Own Tablets are kept in the house, the danger of serious trouble can be averted, and the minor troubles promptly cured. An occasional Tablet to the well child will prevent illness. The Tablets are absolutely safe and contain no poisonous soothing stuff—they give children healthy sleep simply because they banish the cause of sleeplessness. Mrs. F. B. Bishop, Lawrencetown, N.S., says: "I have found Baby's Own Tablets just as you represent them—the very best of medicine for young children." You can get the Tablets from druggists or by mail at 25 cents a box, by writing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### THE OLD STORY.

Physician (at hospital):—"How did you happen to fall from the top of the ladder?"

Patient:—"A pretty woman was passing, and while trying to get a good look at her I slipped and fell."

Physician:—"Ah, the same old story—a woman at the bottom of it."

A woman never really can hate another who hasn't as good clothes as she has.

Beshbrook, the only town in Ireland without a police station, a public house, or a pawnshop, has

# The Price of Liberty

## OR, A MIDNIGHT CALL

### CHAPTER XXXIX.—(Continued)

"That's it," Merritt whined, brokenly. "Just as I was properly spoofing everybody as I—I mean just as I was getting used to a better life. But you can save me, miss; you can say as you were hard up for money and that knowing, as I knew the ropes, you got me to pawn it for you. Put it in that way and there's not a policeman in England as can touch me."

"I had thought of it," Chris said, with a pretty assumption of distress. "But, but—Mr. Merritt, I have a terrible confession to make. It was not I who started the police: it was somebody else. You see, the star was not my property at all. I—I got it in London."

Mr. Merritt looked up with involuntary admiration. "You don't mean to say as you nicked it?" he asked. "Well, well."

Chris bent her face lower to conceal her agitation. Her shoulders were heaving, but not with emotion. The warmth of Merritt's admiration had moved her to silent laughter, and she had made the exact impression that she had desired.

"I have telegraphed to the lady, who is more or less of a friend of mine," she said. "I have urged her to take no further steps in the matter. I fancy that she is a good and kind girl and that—but a reply might come at any time."

There was a reply on the way now, as Chris knew perfectly well. The whole thing had been carefully arranged and planned to the moment by Steel and the others.

"I dare say they'll let you down easy," Merritt said, disconsolately; "but it'll be hot for me. I've copped it too many times before, you see."

"Yes, I see," Chris said, thoughtfully. "Mr. Merritt, I have made up my mind: if I had not—er—borrowed that star, it would not have been lost, and you would not have found it, and there would have been no trouble. My conscience would not rest if I allowed you to be dragged back into the old life again. I am going to save you—I am going to tell the police that you pawned that star for me at my instigation."

Merritt was touched even to tears. There was not an atom of chivalry in the rascal's composition. He had little or no need for the trouble that his companion appeared to be piling up for herself, but he was touched to the depths of his soul. Here was a clever girl, who in her own way appeared to be a member of his profession, who was prepared to sacrifice herself to save another. Self-sacrifice is a beautiful and tender thing, and Merritt had no intention of thwarting it.

"Do that, and I'm your pal for life," he said, huskily. "And I never went back on a pal yet. Ask anybody as really knows me. Taint as if you weren't one of us, neither. I'd give a trifle to know what your little game is here, eh?"

Chris smiled meaningly. Merritt's delusion was distinctly to be fostered.

"You shall help me then, presently," she said, in a mysterious whisper. "Help me and keep your own counsel, and there will be the biggest job you ever had in your life. Only let you and I get out of this mess, and we shall see what we shall see presently."

Merritt looked speechless admira-

"Looks like a mistake," the officer muttered. "But if we get that telegram—"

"Which has reached the police-station by this time," Chris interrupted. "Come into the castle and ask the question over the telephone. I suppose you are connected?"

The officer said they were; in fact, they had only recently joined the Exchange. A brief visit to the telephone, and the policeman came back, with a puzzled air and a little more deference in his manner, with the information that he was to go back at once, as the case was closed.

"I've seen some near things in my time, but nothing nearer than this," he said. "Still, it's all right now. Very sorry to have troubled you miss."

The officers departed with the air of men who had to be satisfied, despite themselves. Merritt came forward with an admiration almost fawning. He did not know quite how the thing had happened, but Chris had done the police. Smartness and trickery of that kind were the highest form of his idolatry. His admiration was nearly beyond words.

"Well, strike me," he gasped. "Did ever anyone ever see anything like that? You, as cool as possible and me with my heart in my mouth all the time. And there ain't going to be no trouble, no sort of bother over the ticket."

"You hand over the ticket to me," Chris smiled, "and there will be an end of the matter. And if you try to play me false in any way, why, it will be a bad day for you. Give me your assistance, and it will be the best day's work you ever did in your life."

Merritt's heart was gained. His pride was touched.

"Me go back on you?" he cried hoarsely. "After what you've done? Only say the word, only give old Jim Merritt a call, and it's pitch-and-toss to manslaughter for those pretty eyes of yours. Good day's work! Aye, for both of us."

And Chris thought so too.

### CHAPTER XL.

Waiting with the eagerness of the hound in leash, David Steel was more annoyed and vexed over the disappearance of the wounded Van Sneek than he cared to admit. He had an uneasy feeling that the unseen foe had checkmated him again. And he had built up so many hopes

### STOMACH TROUBLE.

The Agonies of Indigestion Can be Cured By Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

All over the land there are people whose lives had been made miserable through the pangs of indigestion, who have been restored to the enjoyment of health through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. One of these is Mr. Wm. Moore, of Welland, Ont. Mr. Moore is the manager of the electric light plant in that town, and stands high in the estimation of the citizens. He says: "It is really a pleasure to speak in favor of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. For four years prior to 1903 I suffered great torture from indigestion and stomach trouble. I could not eat solid food without experiencing great agony, and for over two years I had to re-

## THE WELSH REVIVAL.

### Striking Developments in the Religious Fervor.

The Old Country newspapers continue to publish striking incidents of the religious revival in Wales, which shows no sign of lessening. Here are a few samples:

At a meeting at Porth, Evan Roberts said he was on one occasion in a badly ventilated chapel, and there was no means to get fresh air in. Someone prayed, however, and straightway the atmosphere in the chapel was purified and freshened. That showed that all things were possible through prayer. At Treorhy one man came to seek, and he asked as he entered the building, "Where are these lunatics?" Before this man had been in the chapel ten minutes, however, he was on his knees and converted. During the Christmas holidays the Nonconformist Churches decided to keep their schoolroom open all day long for the use of young converts, and special meetings of prayer are being organized to pray for the safeguarding of converts during the temptations of the holiday season. There was practically no drunkenness in the Rhondda and Aberdare Valleys on Christmas Eve. One of the magistrates said that all the time he had been on the bench he had never seen anything like it, and he attributed the happy state of things entirely to the revival. A band of evangelists known as the six toothball missionaries has been formed at Treorhy. Many of them were prominent exponents of the game in their district. An incident emphasizing the spontaneity of the revival occurred at Rhondda chapel. The minister preached a very short sermon in the morning, and a young man's petition after the afternoon was, "Lord, you allowed him to say a little in the morning, but stop him tonight." Singularly enough, the minister was stopped although he attempted several times to preach on the usual lines, but the fervor of these present would not admit of it.

A new society in connection with the revival has been formed, to be known as the Christian Reformers, for work among drunkards by visiting public houses and holding prayer meetings in homes. Membership is confined to total abstainers and non-smokers. Jewell Roberts, a collier, who was fired at Aberavon for being drunk and disorderly, was asked if he had anything to say. "I was an ardent revivalist until Christmas," he said. A negro actor who said that for seven years he took a leading part in "Uncle Tom's Cabin," said at a Cardiff meeting that he was in a stock company, and had performed at the Grand Theatre. He, however, was now converted. At Carnarvon a congregation at Shiloh Calvinistic Methodist Chapel decided to go out into the streets. They formed into procession and made their way into the worst slums of the town, singing and praying as they went. As one man sang an old Welsh hymn, another, who was standing on the edge of the crowd, took a bottle of whiskey out of his pocket and dashed it on the ground, declaring he would never again touch a drop.

### DIPLOMATIC WOMAN.

Mrs. Wise—"The new girl Mrs. Houskeep's got must be a jewel."

Mrs. Newcomb—"Why, she complains about her more than any of the others."

Mrs. Wise—"Of course, she wants the rest of us to think the girl isn't worth stealing."

A woman never really can hate another who hasn't as good clothes as she has.

Besbrook, the only town in Ireland without a police station, a public house, or a pawnshop, has just celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of the ordination and the induction of the Rev. Thomas Cronie, its Presbyterian minister.

"When I took you into partnership," said the indignant father, "I expected you to be untiring in your devotion to the interests of the business." The son took one foot down from the desk long enough to strike a match to light his cigarette. "I think I have been," said he. "You never have noticed me tire myself yet, have you, pa?"

Friend noticing the confused heap of goods of every description scattered promiscuously around the shop—"Hallo! what's happened! been talking an inventory, had a fire, or are you going to move out?" Merchant—"That shows how little you know about shopkeeping. We have merely been waiting on a lady who dropped in for a paper of pins."

### A FELLOW FEELING.

#### Why She Felt Lenient Towards the Drunkard.

A great deal depends on the point of view. A good temperance woman was led, in a very peculiar way, to revise her somewhat harsh judgment of the poor devil who cannot resist his cups and she is now the more charitable. She writes:—"For many years I was a great sufferer from asthma. Finally my health got so poor that I found I could not lie down, but walked the floor whilst others slept. I got so nervous I could not rest anywhere."

"Specialists told me I must give up the use of coffee—the main thing that I always thought gave me some relief. I consulted our family physician, and he, being a coffee fiend himself told me to pay no attention to their advice. Coffee had such a charm for me that in passing a restaurant and getting a whiff of the fragrance I could not resist a cup. I felt very lenient towards the drunkard who could not pass the saloon. Friends often urged me to try Postum, but I turned a deaf ear, saying 'That may do for people to whom coffee is harmful, but not for me—coffee and I will never part.'"

"At last, however, I bought a package of Postum, although I was sure I could not drink it. I prepared it as directed, and served it for breakfast. Well, bitter as I was against it, I must say that never before had I tasted a more delicious cup of coffee! From that day to this (more than 2 years) I have never had a desire for the old coffee. My health soon returned; the asthma disappeared. I began to sleep well and in a short time I gained 20 pounds in weight."

"One day I handed my physician the tablets he had prescribed for me, telling him I had no use for them. He stayed for dinner. When I passed him his coffee cup he remarked 'I am glad to see you were sensible enough not to let yourself be persuaded that coffee was harmful. This is the best cup of coffee I ever drank.' he continued: 'the trouble is so few people know how to make good coffee.' When he got his second cup I told him he was drinking Postum. He was incredulous, but I convinced him, and now he uses nothing but Postum in his home and has greatly improved in health." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each package for the famous little book "The Road to Wellville."

"You shall help me then, presently," she said, in a mysterious whisper. "Help me and keep your own counsel, and there will be the biggest job you ever had in your life. Only let you and I get out of this mess, and we shall see what we shall see presently."

Merritt looked speechless admiration. He had read of this class of high-toned criminals in the gutter stories peddled by certain publishers, but he had never hoped to meet one in the flesh. He was still gazing open-mouthed at Chris as two men came along the avenue. They were both in plain clothes, but they had "policeman" writ large all over them.

"Cop, for a million," Merritt gurgled, with a pallid face. "You can tell 'em when you're asleep. And they are after me; they're coming this way, I'll be all right presently."

"I hope so," Chris said, with a curling lip. "You look guilty enough now."

Merritt explained that it was merely the first emotion, and would pass off presently. Nor did he boast in vain. He was quite cool as the officers came up and and called him by name.

"That's me," Merritt said. "What's the trouble?"

One of the officers explained. He had no warrant, he said, but all the same he would have to trouble Mr. Merritt to accompany him to Moreton Wells. A diamond star not yet definitely identified had been handed over to the police, the same having been pawned by James Merritt.

"That's quite right," Merritt said cheerfully. "I pawned it for this young lady here—Miss Lee. Of course, if it is not her property, why, then—"

The officers were palpably taken back. He knew more than he cared to say. The star had been pledged by Merritt, as he cheerfully admitted but the owner of the star had lost the gem in London under suspicious circumstances in which Miss Lee was mixed up. And at present it was not the policy of the police to arrest Miss Lee. That would come later.

"I am afraid that there has been a misapprehension altogether," Chris said. "Allow me to explain. Mr. Merritt, would you step aside for a moment? I have to speak of private matters. Thank you. Now, sir, I am quite prepared to admit that the ornament, pledged does not belong to me, but to Miss Henson, whom I met in London. I took the star by mistake. You may smile, but I have one very like it. If Miss Henson had searched her jewels properly she would have found that she had my star—that I had hers. I heard of the business quite by accident, and telegraphed to Miss Henson to look searchingly amongst her jewels. She has a large amount, and might easily have overlooked my star. Here is a box with a telegram. Will you take it from him and read it aloud? It is addressed to me, you will find."

It was. It was signed "Enid Henson"; it went on to say that the sender was fearfully sorry for all the trouble she had caused, but that she had found Miss Lee's star with her jewels. Also she had telegraphed at once to the police at Moreton Wells to go no further.

and stands high in the estimation of the citizens. He says: "It is really a pleasure to speak in favor of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. For four years prior to 1903 I suffered great torture from indigestion and stomach trouble. I could not eat solid food without experiencing great agony, and for over two years I had to resort to a milk diet. I had grown emaciated and was almost unfit for active work. I was treated by doctors and took advertised medicines, but without any lasting benefit. One day a friend urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I began their use, but I must confess that it was without much hope that they would cure me. After taking a couple of boxes I could see an improvement, and this gave me encouragement. I continued using the pills until I had taken eight boxes, when I was completely cured and able to eat any kind of food I desired. I shall always praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as they saved me from such misery as only a dyspeptic knows. I might add that my wife has also used the pills for troubles that afflict her sex, and has been fully restored to health."

Bad blood, poor blood, watery blood, is the cause of nearly every ailment that afflicts mankind. It is because every dose of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make new, rich, red blood that they have such wonderful power to cure such ailments as indigestion, anaemia, rheumatism, neuralgia, St. Vitus dance, heart troubles, kidney and liver troubles, and the special ailments of women, young and old. But you must get the genuine pills with the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on the wrapper around each box. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

upon this strangely-uninvited guest of his. If that man spoke he could tell the truth. And both Cross and Bell had declared that he would not die.

David found Cross in a frame of mind something like his own. It was late in the afternoon before it transpired that Van Sneck was gone and, unfortunately, David did not know where to find Bell just at the moment. Cross had very little to say.

"A most unpleasant incident," he remarked. "But these things will happen. We have been so busy lately, and our vigilance has been slightly relaxed. Oh, it is impossible to guard against everything, but he is certain to be found."

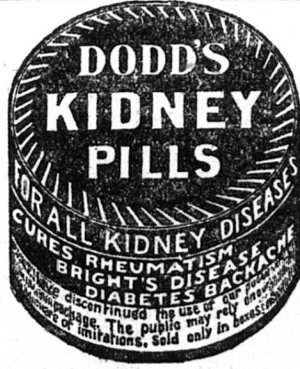
"You don't think," David suggested, "that anybody secretly connected with the man's past—"

"No, I don't," Cross snapped; "that would be impossible. The man had something on his mind, and so far as bodily condition was concerned he was getting quite strong again. In his dazed state he got up and dressed himself and went away. He seems to have been seeking for somebody or something for days. We are certain to have him again before long."

With which poor consolation David returned home again. He was restless and desirous of human companionship. He even resented it, as a kind of affront, that his mother had chosen at this time to go to Hassocks to stay with an old friend for a couple of days. That Mrs. Steel knew practically nothing of her son's trouble counted for naught. Therefore it was with something akin to pleasure that David found Ruth Gates waiting in the drawing-room for him when he came in from his walk on the following afternoon. Nothing had been heard of Van Sneck in the meantime, but thanks to Chris's telephone message late the previous night he had got in touch with Bell, who was coming south without delay.

There was a look of shy pleasure in Ruth's eyes and a deep carmine flush on her cheeks.

"You don't think that this is very





## CURE WAS QUICK AND PERMANENT

**DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS SOON  
DROVE AWAY RHEUMA-  
TISM AND DROPSY.**

**Case of a Windsor Man Who Suffered Two Years Before he Discovered the Right Remedy.**

Windsor, Ont., Feb. 6.—(Special). How quickly Rheumatism and Dropsy can be cured when the right medicine is used is shown in the case of Mr. Jno. McDonald, a retired farmer living at 130 Langlois Avenue here. Mr. McDonald says: "For two years I was troubled with Dropsy. My legs were terribly swollen, and though I tried many medicines nothing gave me any relief till I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. Two boxes of them cured me so completely that I have had no return of the diseases in years." Rheumatism and Dropsy are caused by the poisons disordered kidneys fail to strain out of the blood. Cure the Kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills, and the cured Kidneys will remove the cause of the Rheumatism or Dropsy. Without cause there can be no disease.

bold of me?" she asked. "I am pretty Bohemian in any case," David laughed, as he looked down fondly into the shy, sweet eyes. "And I'm too overjoyed to see you to think about anything else. I wish my mother was at home. No, I don't, because I have you all to myself."

"David! On an occasion like this you ought to be the pink of propriety. Do you know, I believe that I have made a great discovery?" "Indeed, little girl! And what have you found out?"

"Well, you must tell me something before my discovery seems valuable. David, you are a close student of human nature. Is it possible for men of phenomenal cunning to make careless mistakes? Do the most clever criminals ever make childish blunders?"

"My dear child, if they didn't the police would have very little chance. For instance, I have discovered how those enemies of ours got hold of the notepaper that lured Van Sneek here. They sent a messenger to Carter's, in East Street, presumably knowing that my dies were there, and ordered a quarter of a team of paper and envelopes. These were to be sent to an address in East Grinstead in a hurry. Now, that was very clever and smart but here comes the folly. Those people, in the stress of business, actually forgot to ascertain the cost and pay for the paper, so that it was down yesterday in my last quarter's bill. Oh, yes, I assure you, the most brilliant criminals do the most incredibly foolish things."

Ruth looked relieved. Her pretty features relaxed into a smile.

"Then I fancy Reginald Henson has done so," she said. "I fancy I have solved the mystery of the cigar-case—I mean, the mystery of the one I bought."

"And which was changed for the one purchased at Waler's, hence these fears. But Lockhart's say that our case was really purchased by an American."

"Yes, I know. And I fancy that the manager honestly thought so, but I think I can explain that."

It was David's turn to look up eagerly.

"Do you mean it?" he exclaimed. "It will make a wonderful difference if you can. That has been one of the most bewildering knots of the whole puzzle. If we could only trace the numbers of those notes, I suppose changed at the same time as the others."



Shirt waists and dainty linen are made delightfully clean and fresh with Sun-light Soap.

53

**No Breakfast Table  
complete without**

# EPPS'S

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact, fitted to build up and maintain robust health, and to resist winter's extreme cold. It is a valuable diet for children.

# COCOA

**The Most Nutritious  
and Economical.**

broken and the envelope presumably contained valuables. I had better take care of it. Well, I must admit at once that I steamed the envelope open. I shouldn't have done so if Lockhart's name had not been on the flap. In a little case inside I found a diamond bracelet, which I have in my pocket, together with a receipted bill for seventy odd pounds made out to me."

"To you?" David cried. "Do you mean to say that—" "Indeed I do. The receipt was made out to me, and with it was a little polite note to the effect that Messrs. Lockhart had made the exchange of the cigar-case for the diamond bracelet and that they hoped Miss Gates would find the matter perfectly satisfactory."

(To be Continued.)

## WOULD PROVE A HINDRANCE TO FARM IMPROVEMENT.

If the efforts of certain parties are successful, the farmers of Canada will have to face a very unjust and burdensome tax. A movement is on foot to have fence wire, which has for a number of years been admitted into the country duty free, put on the dutiable list. The grades sought to be collected are galvanized iron or steel wire No. 9, 12 and 13. Practically none of these are made in Canada, and since enormous quantities are used each year in replacing the primitive rail structures and enclosing prairie farms, the injury that a duty would impose upon the rural community could not be readily estimated.

Since the admission of wire duty free, Canadians have enjoyed the benefits of cheap fencing of a very desirable kind. This has not only vastly improved the appearance and value of hundreds of farm houses, but it has added immensely to the comforts of winter travelling over roads that were formerly very often impassable on account of snow blockades. To put a check upon this sort of improvement by a tax that could work only injury to the rural population without benefit to any other class of the people would be indeed a serious matter. Besides working an injury to the farmer, the fence-manufacturing industry would be demoralized. To increase the cost of wire, both fence production and consumption would be reduced, and farmers everywhere throughout Canada would be hindered in making improvements upon

*Comprehend facts—*

*not advertisements.*

*The popularity of Blue Ribbon Tea is a fact.*

# POULTRY

We can handle your poultry either alive or dressed to best advantage. Also your butter, eggs, honey and other produce.

**THE DAWSON COMMISSION CO., Limited**  
Cor. West Market and Osborne Sts., TORONTO.

# WARNING.

**TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: We are the sole owners and licensees of all patents and rights on**

## The World Famous TUBULAR CREAM SEPARATOR

In violation of our Canadian Patents, an imitating cream separator called the "Unedda" has in some localities been offered for sale and suits at law are now pending against the manufacturers thereof. Under the law a USER of these infringing machines is also liable for all damages resulting to the patentee through his use thereof. We hereby inform you that in buying or using one of these so-called "UNEDDA" separators you not only get a very inferior separator incapable of giving you such results as you should have, but you buy a law suit with all its expensive attendance and with a practical certainty of the early loss of the machine and a verdict of heavy damages against you.

**That you may be fully informed on the subject before becoming involved write to**

**The Sharples Separator Co., West Chester, Pa., U.S.A.**

Inquiries may also be made from our solicitors.

**Masten, Star & Spence, Toronto, Can.**

residence, and wanted the place for his mother.

Mrs. Adams presently appeared on the scene, represented that she had just come from America, and expressed annoyance that a residence had not already been secured for her by her son. They were very particular about the stabling, stating the Misses Adams would keep many horses, while he would have a couple of motor cars.

Terms were arranged, decorators were employed, and furniture ordered on an extensive scale. Then they were traced by a Lishburn creditor, who obtained a writ. The Adamases then fled to England, and were arrested at Harrogate. In Adams' possession were house-agents' lists of mansions for sale from £7,000 to £15,000.

## Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria

Butcher—"What can I do for you, mum?" Young Wife—"(trying to give him the air of a veteran) 'One pound of beef sausages, but without bone, please.'"

**FOR SALE—LAND, SUITABLE FOR** fruit and dairy farming in the best climate in Canada, no irrigation. Apply to J. G. McCallum, Salmon Arm, B. C.

**MANITOWA**—THE ONLY FARM lands for sale in the famous Wawanesa district. The Souris Valley is the garden of Manitoba and the Wawanesa District is the Garden of the Souris Valley. These farms are for sale at reasonable prices and on good terms, all located near markets, schools and churches. Write for lists and further particulars to the Souris Valley Land Company, Wawanesa, Manitoba.

## FEATHER DYEING

Cleaning and Curling and Kid Gloves cleaned. They can be sent by post, 10 per oz. the best place is

**BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.**  
MONTREAL

**DEEP SOIL GRAIN AND GRASS** farms for sale near Yorkton, Assiniboia, on crop payments. James Armstrong, 4 Richmond street east, Toronto.

**ABSENT-MINDED.**

Mrs. Schoppen—"I want five pounds of sugar, please." Grocer—"Yes'm, anything else?"

"It was David's turn to look up eagerly."

"Do you mean it?" he exclaimed. "It will make a wonderful difference if you can. That has been one of the most bewildering knots of the whole puzzle. If we could only trace the numbers of those notes, I suppose changed at the same time as the cigar-case."

"Indeed they were not," Ruth cried. "I have ascertained that the case was changed by Henson as you and I have already decided. Henson made the exchange not at the time we thought."

"Not when you left the package on the table for him to see?"

"No; at least I can't say. He had the other case then, probably, passed on to him by Van Sneek. Or perhaps he merely ascertained what I had purchased. That was sufficient for his purpose. Of course he must have found out all about our scheme. After I had laid my cigar-case on your doorstep a man quietly changed it for the other purchased at Walen's. But this is the alternate theory only. Any way, I am absolutely certain that you got exactly the same notes that we had placed in the original case."

"That might be," David said, thoughtfully. "But that does not explain the fact that Lockhart's sold your case to an American at the Metropole."

"I fancy I can even explain that, dear. My uncle came down suddenly to-day from London. He wanted certain papers in a great hurry. Now those papers were locked up in a drawer at 219 given over specially to Mr. Henson. My uncle promptly broke open the drawer and took out the papers. Besides those documents the drawer contained a package in one of Lockhart's big linen-lined envelopes—a registered letter envelope, in fact. My uncle had little time to spare, as he was bound to be back in London to-night. He suggested that as the back of the drawer was

indeed a serious matter. Besides working an injury to the farmer, the fence-manufacturing industry would be demoralized. To increase the cost of wire, both fence production and consumption would be reduced, and farmers everywhere throughout Canada would be hindered in making improvements upon their farms."

Bell (romantic)—"Would you marry a man because he was rich?" Nell (cynical)—"No, I wouldn't; but I might refuse to marry a man because he wasn't rich."

## Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

Magistrate—What's this man charged with? Officer—Aye, your phwat's he loaded with, yer Honor. Oi think it's mostly whiskey an' the loike o' that.

### For Over Sixty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures windcolic, regulates the stomach and bowels, and is the best remedy for Diarrhea. Twenty-five cents a bottle sold by druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "MR. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." 25-31

"I don't see how you can stand the horrible fickleness of your climate." "Sir, what you call fickleness we admire as versatility."

## Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

First Burglar—"Did you make a big haul last night?" Second Burglar—"Didn't get a thing; somebody had been there before me." First Burglar—"That's just it; competition is killing our business."

## Piles

To prove to you that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles, the manufacturers have guaranteed it. See testimonials in the daily press and ask your neighbors what they think of it. You can use it and get your money back if not cured. 50c a box, at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.

## Dr. Chase's Ointment

### GAMBLER IN MANSIONS.

## American Adventurers Under Arrest in Ireland.

A couple, dressed in the height of fashion, who represented themselves to be wealthy Americans, and moved from mansion to mansion, but who are alleged to be adventurers, are under arrest in Ireland under remarkable circumstances. They are James Adams, aged 34, and his mother, Elizabeth Adams, and they were brought up at Armagh Police Court charged with fraud.

The Crown Solicitor, who prosecuted, said that they had practically gambled on mansions, and had been carrying on systematic wholesale swindling in Ireland and England. They had been traced from Queens-town, where Mr. Adams, representing himself as a wealthy American lawyer, took the lease of a mansion for several years, and obtained £200 worth of furniture on credit, and ran up bills with tradesmen for provisions for himself, two sisters and mother.

Finally they disappeared, and next turned up at Dublin, where they entered into an agreement for the lease of a house in the fashionable quarter with an option to purchase at £1,500. Furniture firms who were applied to declined to send in orders over £250 without cash, and Adams and his party left abruptly.

Lisburn, close to Belfast, was next visited. An expensive house was taken, and furniture was sent in by a Belfast firm. Groceries and other necessities were also supplied by local traders. Leaving his unpaid bills behind him, Adams went on to Armagh, where he entered into negotiations for the occupation of Ballyard's Castle. He was told that only a man of wealth could keep up the place with its 200 acres, but Adams said he was used to expensive

## Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria

Butcher—"What can I do for you, mum?" Young Wife—(trying to give her the air of a veteran): "One pound of beef sausages, but without bone, please."

Lever's Y-Z (Wise Head) Disinfectant Soap Powder is better than other powders, as it is both soap and disinfectant.

Buster—Don't you believe the world owes you a living? Hustler—Yes, but the trouble is it won't pay up, and I have to work to collect the money.

The publisher of the best Farmer's paper in the Maritime Provinces in writing to us states:

"I would say that I do not know of a medicine that has stood the test of time like MINARD'S LINIMENT. It has been an unfailing remedy in our household ever since I can remember, and has outlived dozens of would-be competitors and imitations."

### ENTERPRISING JAPS.

Some of the Japanese tradesmen in the smaller towns of Nippon have a curious way of advertising their business. On their right forearms they tattoo figures—the shoemaker, a shoe; the woodcutter, an axe; the butcher, a cleaver. Underneath these emblems are such inscriptions as, "I do my work modestly and cheaply," or, "I am as good at my trade as most of my fellows." When they are looking for work they bare their arms, and walk about the street.

"Are you fond of music?" asked a stranger of the young man at the concert, who was applauding vigorously after a pretty girl had sung a song in a very painful way. "Not particularly," replied the young man, frankly, "but I am extremely fond of the musician."

## You Must Look to the Liver

If You Would Have Good Digestion and Good Health. It is Kept Active by

## DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

Bile in the blood is poison. Bile in the intestines is necessary to digestion and the healthful action of the bowels.

Bile in the blood causes biliousness, headache, jaundice, maddening complexion and is the source of innumerable pains and aches.

The lack of bile in the intestines brings on indigestion, constipation, kidney derangements and a clogging of the whole digestive and excretory systems.

The liver separates bile from the blood, where it is poison, and pours it into the intestines, where it is of inestimable worth.

For this reason the health of the body is dependent on the health and activity of the liver.

By making the liver active, when it becomes torpid and sluggish, Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills insure a healthful flow of bile into the intestines and the cure of all ailments arising from "bile poison," indigestion and constipation.

Set the liver right by using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and you will remove the cause of many pains and aches, of many annoying symptoms, of irritable temper and depressed spirits.

farms for sale; near Yorkton, Assiniboia; on crop payments. James Armstrong, 4 Richmond street east, Toronto.

### ABSENT-MINDED.

Mrs. Schoppen—"I want five pounds of sugar, please."

Grocer—"Yes'm, anything else?"

Mrs. Schoppen—"No, that's all; I'll take it with me if it isn't too heavy a package."

Grocer—"Oh, it'll only weigh three or four pounds, ma'am."

"Would you oblige me," said the reporter, who gets novel interviews, "by telling me what book has helped you most in your life?" After a thoughtful pause the great man answered: "My bank book."

"Time is money," they say," remarked the chronic loafer. "Well, maybe it is," rejoined the village publican, "but if it's all the same to you I wish you would spend a little more money here and a little less time."

## Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

"I wonder why people always speak of the Earth as she?" "It's natural enough. Nobody knows exactly what her age is."

La grippe, pneumonia, and influenza often leave a nasty cough when they're gone. It is a dangerous thing to neglect. Cure it with

## Shiloh's Consumption Cure

The Lung Tonic  
The cure that is guaranteed by your druggist.  
Prices: S. C. WELLS & Co., 309 25c, 50c \$1 LeRoy, N.Y., Toronto, Can.

Gentleman in Crowd—"Now, sir, what are you doing with your hand in my pocket?" Suspicious-looking Person—"Beg parding, sir. Sheer habence of mind, sir. You see, I yours."

# SCROFULA

Scrofula may be described as "scattered consumption."

To cure it take Scott's Emulsion.

Scrofula is consumption of the small glands under the skin, and these break out into sores. Scott's Emulsion heals these sores.

But there's more to the story. The loss of flesh and great weakness that comes with Scrofula is a regular part of the disease—the same as in consumption of the lungs. For this as for the sores, Scott's Emulsion is just the remedy.

Flesh and strength are gained by the use of Scott's Emulsion quicker than in any other way.

Scrofulous children improve in every way on Scott's Emulsion.

Send for Free Sample.  
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto, Ont.



# FEAR ATTACK ON HARBIN

## The Russians Abandon Operations in North-Eastern Corea.

### PROVISIONS BURNED.

A despatch from Tokio says: The Russians intend to abandon all operations in North-Western Corea. This is confirmed by army headquarters. They burned their provisions and other stores, and destroyed the telegraph lines. The withdrawal is evidence that, as a result of the fall of Port Arthur, the Russians fear an attack on Harbin.

Official announcement is made that everything is quiet in the vicinity of Changtan with the exception that the Russians are strenuously entrenching. The Russian force which attacked Ohaitzu Feb. 4, retired northward Feb. 5.

On the afternoon of Feb. 4, and the morning of Feb. 5 the Russian artillery west of Tangshau shelled Manchurtzu Mountain and vicinity. Small bodies of Russian infantry attacked, but they were repulsed.

### STORES AT LIAO-YANG.

A despatch from Sachatum, Manchuria, says: Chinese arrivals here report that the only Japanese force at Liao-Yang is composed of 200 gendarmes and police, though 5,000 troops are quartered in nearby villages. The higher officers live at the railroad station, where a large commissariat and ammunition depot have been established. Huge quantities of rice, fish, sugar, etc., are stored there.

The railroad from Port Arthur to Liao-Yang is intact. Ten trains of forty wagons each were running both ways daily. The second railroad which the Japanese are constructing from the Yalu River to Liao-Yang is not complete, but the Japanese in the meanwhile have a narrow gauge road for horse traction.

### FRICION AT THE FRONT.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Gen. Kouropatkin has tendered to the Czar his resignation of the command of the forces in the Far East.

Gen. Gripenberg has been removed from the command of the second Manchurian army at his own request having declared that he had been dishonored by Kouropatkin's orders to retreat at the Battle of the Hun River.

It is not believed that Gen. Kouropatkin's offer to resign will be accepted at the present stage of affairs, when a great battle may occur at any moment, but there is no questioning the fact that he is not on the best terms with his subordinates, and his breach with Gen. Gripenberg seems to be unhealable. This can be understood, if, as stated, the latter appealed to St. Petersburg over Gen. Kouropatkin's head.

### RELATIONS UNPLEASANT.

A despatch from Paris says: St. Petersburg correspondents of French newspapers say that Gen. Kouropatkin is discouraged because his relations with the generals under him are not pleasant. It is reported that Gen. Linovitch will succeed him.

The Grand Duke Boris is reported to have started again for the front. He was recalled from Liao-Yang last August for the reason, it was said, that he had made a personal attack upon Gen. Kouropatkin when Kouropatkin rebuked him for dissoluteness.

outflanked the Russian detachment that was defending the position. The Japanese afterward encountered a strong Russian force, and were compelled to retire, with the loss of 100 killed and many wounded. The Russians lost fifteen killed and thirty-seven wounded.

### ON THE VERGE OF MUTINY.

According to the Odessa correspondent of the London Daily Mail the crews of the Black Sea fleet are on the verge of a second mutiny, chiefly owing to thirty-eight of their comrades being sentenced to death as ringleaders in the previous outbreak. Numbers of revolutionary pamphlets have been found on the warships. Some of them were concealed in loaves of bread which had been supplied as rations. Revolutionary agents were never more active than they are in the South of Russia to-day.

### FAMINE FACES TROOPS.

The Paris correspondent of The London Times wires:—Information reaches me of the anxiety that prevails in quarters responsible for the supplies for the Russian army in Manchuria as to the provisioning of the troops in April and May. The fact is that the whole of the resources of Manchuria will be exhausted. There will be no harvest this year, and there is none of last year's crop left, neither will there be any cattle.

Three months' stores were burnt at Liao-yang and Mukden, and half a million troops will be dependent upon the supplies forwarded by the Manchurian railway. The army is already living from hand to mouth. Some apprehension is felt lest the temptation to cross the River Liau into the fertile region of China immediately on the other side should prove irresistible to General Kouropatkin's army.

### SOWING SEDITION.

A despatch to the Novoe Vremya, of St. Petersburg, from Mukden states that the Japanese are daily throwing into the Russian advanced posts letters giving descriptions of the internal troubles of Russia.

### RULER THANKS TROOPS.

A despatch from Tokio says:—The Emperor has issued a rescript to Field Marshal Oyama's army thanking the troops for defeating a superior Russian force in the recent battle. Oyama responding, says the men fought desperately day and night in intensely cold weather.

### PRISONERS PAROLED.

A despatch from Nagasaki says:—Five hundred and twenty-four paroled Russian prisoners of war left on Wednesday on the French mail steamer en route to Russia. Eleven Russian officers who recently sailed from here have returned from Shanghai on the steamer Siberia, and are proceeding to San Francisco.

### JAPS AGGRESSIVE.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says:—From the reports of the general staff it is not clear yet whether the fighting on the Hun River is ended. The Russians continue the bombardment of Sandepas, and apparently a strong force of Russians is between Sandepas and Shazpu to check the Japanese, who seem to be trying to use their former turning

# LEADING MARKETS

The Ruling Prices in Live Stock and Breadstuffs.

## BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Feb. 7.—Wheat—Ontario quiet at \$1.04 to \$1.05 for red and white; spring, 97c to 98c; goose, 88c, Manitoba steady; No. 1 northern, \$1.09½ to \$1.10; No. 2 northern, \$1.05½ to \$1.06; No. 3 northern, \$1.00½ to \$1.01, Georgian Bay ports; 6c more grinding in transit.

Flour—Dull; 90 per cent. patents, \$4.80 to \$4.45, buyers' sacks, east and west; 15c to 20c higher for choice. Manitoba, \$5.40 to \$5.60 for first patents, \$5 to \$5.80 for second patents, and \$5 to \$5.20 for bakers'.

Milled—\$14 to \$14.50 for bran in bulk, \$16 to \$16.50 for shorts east and west. Manitoba, \$10 for shorts, \$18 for bran, exports.

Barley—45c for No. 2, 43c for No. 8 extra, and 41c for No. 3 malting, outside. Toronto freights.

Rye—75c to 76c for No. 2 on track here.

Corn—Unchanged; new Canadian yellow, 41c to 42c; mixed, 41c to 41c f.o.b. Chatham freights; new American, No. 3 yellow, 51c to 51½c, mixed, 51c on track Toronto.

Oats—Steady at the advance; 37c to 38c for No. 1 white east; No. 2, 37c to 37½c low freights and 36½c to 37c north and west.

Rolls Oats—\$3.90 for cars of bags and \$4.45 for broken lots here, and 40c for broken lots outside.

Peas—66c to 67c for No. 2 west and east.

Buckwheat—52c to 53c east and west.

## COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Receipts of all kinds are showing a tendency to lighten and the market has a firmer tone. Some dealers seem to expect higher prices. Quotations as yet are unchanged.

Creamery, prints..... 22c to 24c

do solids ..... 22c 23c

Dairy tubs, good to choice 17c 18c

do medium ..... 15c 16c

do inferior grades ..... 12c 14c

Dairy lb. rolls, good to choice ..... 18c 19c

do large rolls ..... 16c 18c

do medium ..... 14c 15c

Cheese—Is fairly steady at 11½c to 11½c per lb. for large and 11½c to 12c for twins.

Eggs—There is less tendency to hold stocks, and the market has an easy tone. Fresh are quoted at 19½c to 20c, and limed at 17½c to 18c.

Poultry—Continues quiet, with prices unchanged. Turkeys, 12c to 15c; ducks, 13c to 14c; geese, 11c to 12c; chickens, choice, 12c to 14c; old, 8c to 10c.

Potatoes—Are quoted unchanged; Ontario, 65c to 70c on track and 75c to 80c out of store. Eastern 75c to 80c on track and 90c to 95c out of store.

Baled Hay—The supply continues adequate. Car lots of No. 1 timothy are quoted unchanged at \$7.50 to \$8 per ton and No. 2 mixed clover at \$6.25 to \$6.50.

Baled Straw—Is unchanged at \$6 to \$6.25 per ton for car lots on track here.

## MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, Feb. 7.—Grain—There is not much doing in wheat in an export way. In oats the feeling keeps firm. The demand from local and country buyers continues good and sales of No. 2 white were made at 44c, and No. 3 at 43c per bushel, ex stores.

Flour—The feeling generally all over the country is more settled and in consequence there is an improved demand at firm prices. Manitoba spring wheat patents, \$5.80; strong bakers', \$5.50; winter wheat patents, \$5.70 to \$5.80; straight rollers, \$5.30 to \$5.40, and in bags at \$2.50 to \$2.60.

Feed—Manitoba bran in bags, \$17; shorts, \$19 to \$20 per ton, Ontario

## DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Notes of Proceedings in the House of Commons.

### SEED BILL EXPLAINED.

Mr. Fisher's bill respecting the inspection and sale of seeds was given a second reading and taken up in committee. Mr. Fisher explained that the bill was the same as that of last year, with the exception of one or two alterations, which had been made in order to meet some of the criticisms which had then been directed against it. The bill is timed to come into operation on Sept. 1 next. It prohibits the sale of seeds for the purpose of seeding which contain seeds of a number of noxious weeds, the list of which is the same as those which were prohibited in last year's bill. In order to be considered free from such noxious seeds there must not be a greater proportion of them than five to one thousand of the seeds sold. Machinery and penalties are provided for the enforcement of the act, involving a fine of \$5 for the first offence and \$25 for each subsequent offence, together with costs, and, in default, imprisonment for not more than one month.

### APPLE PACKING.

Mr. Fisher gave notice of motion that the House should go into committee to consider a resolution providing that apples packed in Canada for export, for sale by the box, shall be put in good strong boxes of seasoned wood, with inside dimensions of not less than ten inches deep by eleven inches wide, and twenty inches long, representing as near as possible, 2,200 cubic inches. The penalty for violation of the Act is to be 25 cents for each box so offered. When trays or fillers are used in boxes or barrels giving a separate compartment for each apple the new regulation is not to apply.

### NEW BILLS PRESENTED.

The following bills were introduced and read a first time:

Respecting the Columbia and Western Railway Company, and respecting the Ottawa Electric Company.—Mr. Gallier.

Mr. Gallier explained that the latter was the same as the bill introduced last session, which caused so much opposition in the House, its purpose being to allow the company to purchase stock in other companies.

Respecting the Atlantic, Quebec, and Western Railway Company.—Mr. Gauvreau.

Respecting the Molsons Bank.—Mr. Ames.

This is a bill to enable the company to redistribute its shares, so that hereafter they may be \$100 instead of \$50.

To incorporate the St. Mary's and Western Ontario Railway Company.—Mr. McIntyre.

Respecting certain patents of the Canada Car Company, Limited, and respecting certain patents of the Goodwin Car Company.—Mr. Demers St. John.

Respecting the Ottawa, Northern and Western Railway Company.—Mr. Parmelee.

To incorporate the Calgary, Red Deer, and Battleford Railway; and to incorporate the Moose Jaw and Edmonton Railway Company.—Mr. Logan.

Mr. Sinclair's Act respecting safety of ships was introduced and read a first time. He explained that it was intended to allow vessels to load lumber between the main and sheltered-decks. He did not intend to press the bill until an answer had been received from the English boards of trade, to whom enquiries had been sent regarding their opinions of the change.

### SECOND READINGS.

The following bills were read a second time:

Respecting the Columbia and Western Railway Co.—Mr. Gallier.

Respecting the Ottawa Electric Company.—Mr. Gallier.

Respecting the Atlantic, Quebec,

The Grand Duke Boris is reported to have started again for the front. He was recalled from Liao-Yang last August for the reason, it was said, that he had made a personal attack upon Gen. Kouropatkin when Kouropatkin rebuked him for dissolute behavior.

#### JAP GENERAL DEAD.

A despatch from Tokio says: Gen. Matsumura, who commanded the Japanese operations at 203 Metre Hill, and who was appointed to the command of a division in recognition of his services in that engagement, has died at the front from congestion of the brain.

#### RUSSIANS BLOW UP ROAD.

A despatch from Gen. Kouropatkin to St. Petersburg reports that a Russian patrol blew up the railway line eight versts south of Liao-Yang. Thirty-four wounded officers and 646 men have arrived at Mukden.

#### AT HUN RIVER.

A despatch from Tokio says:—The Russian casualties last week in the fighting on the Hun River were over ten thousand. The Japanese losses were seven thousand. The Kokumin, commenting upon the fact that the public does not seem to grasp the magnitude of the victory, states that the Russians brought into the field seven divisions of infantry and one of cavalry.

The total forces engaged numbered two hundred thousand, thus outranking the battles of the Yalu and Nanshan.

The prisoners say that the Russian officers expected that the cold would impair the fighting ability of the Japanese.

#### STRUCK GRIPPENBURG.

A despatch from Paris says:—The St. Petersburg correspondent of L'Echo de Paris says, under reserve, that Gen. Gripenberg is to return to Russia under a cloud. Gen. Kouropatkin accuses him of engaging Japanese forces at Sandepas outnumbering his own, and refusing to retire when Kouropatkin ordered him to do so thus sacrificing 10,000 men.

The correspondent asserts that an altercation occurred, in which Kouropatkin struck Gripenberg.

#### FOUND FROZEN CORPSES.

A despatch from Tsinckhchen, Manchuria, says:—The Japanese offensive operations in the neighborhood of Dzianchen, 14 miles south-east of Tsinckhchen has been beaten off. The Japanese left their killed and carried off a couple of hundred. The Russians subsequently found a large number of frozen corpses of Japanese wounded who had tried to crawl off from Chenhatin Pass. The appearance of these corpses were frightful. The bodies were scantily clad.

#### LOST 13,000 MEN.

A despatch to the Novoe Vremya, of St. Petersburg, from Mukden states that the Russian losses in the recent fighting on the Hun River are estimated at 13,000 men. A telegram from Mukden to the Russ says that 8,000 Russian wounded have passed through there.

#### DALNY RENAMED.

A despatch from Tokio says: The port of Dalny, which the Japanese captured from the Russians, will be renamed Tairen on Feb. 11, the traditional anniversary of the accession to the throne of Jimmu, founder of the present dynasty.

#### OUTFLANKED RUSSIANS.

A despatch to the Central News of London, from St. Petersburg says that a telegram received on Friday from the front reports a severe fight at the Chentia Pass. The Japanese made a night attack and

eral staff is not clear yet whether the fighting on the Hun River is ended. The Russians continue the bombardment of Sandepas, and apparently a strong force of Russians is between Sandepas and Shakpu to check the Japanese, who seem to be trying to use their former turning movement across the Hun River. Nothing has been heard of the Russian movement against the Japanese right.

#### JAP 'SURGEONS' TRIUMPH.

A despatch from Gen. Oku's headquarters says:—Japanese field surgeons and field hospitals have accomplished a triumph, according to statistics by the chief surgeon of Gen. Oku's army. There have been in the entire army since the landing on May 6 only forty deaths from disease. The figures show that, up to Dec. 1, there were treated 24,642 cases of disease. Of these, 40 resulted fatally, 18,578 patients recovered, 5,609 were sent to Japan, and the remainder were undergoing treatment when the figures were compiled. It is believed that these figures are unequalled in the history of warfare. There were only 183 cases of typhoid, and 342 of dysentery, while of beri-beri there were 5,070. The other cases of disease were not serious.

The casualties in Gen. Oku's army from May 6 to Dec. 19 were: Killed (officers), 210; men, 4,917. Wounded (officers), 743; men, 20,337. Missing officers 4, men 402. Sixteen per cent. recovered in the field, and 65 per cent. were sent to Japan. Eighty-five per cent. of the wounds were inflicted by rifle shots, 8 per cent. by artillery, and 7 per cent. by cold steel. The largest percentage of recoveries was in the cases of chest wounds. Most of the recoveries were due to the small calibre of the rifle bullets.

#### MEDICAL MIRACLE.

##### What a Girl's Tongue Was Able to Do in Time.

A despatch from Berlin, Germany, says:—The Deutsche Medicinische Wochenschrift, the central organ of the medical profession, tells of an extraordinary case of a girl born at Werthim-on-the-Maine in 1880, who, as the result of illness when six years old, lost the use of every member except her tongue.

By dint of long practice the girl finally was able to eat, write, and even sew, by means of her tongue alone. She took up the end of cotton with her lips, and with a dextrous turn of the tongue made a knot in the end; she cut out dolls' clothes, manipulating an easy-cutting pair of scissors with her lips, while to thread the needle she stuck it into the table with her lips, and with tongue and lips passed the thread through the eye with perfect ease.

In the course of years the tongue lost its original shape, becoming thin and pointed, and of unusual length.

#### C. P. R. IMPROVEMENTS.

##### Eighty-pound Rails Throughout Main Line.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Vice-President Whyte of the C. P. R. returned on Wednesday. He said the company's improvements for this year included the erection of a large yard at Fort William, five hundred miles of 80-pound steel rails would be laid on the western division, completing the line with heavy rails all the way from Montreal to Vancouver. Provision had been made for the construction of a new station and office building at Revelstoke, which is the headquarters of the mountain division, and new stations are to be built at several other points on the western lines. A number of new steel bridges are to be built this year, and others strengthened, including one at Medicine Hat.

mand at firm prices. Manitoba spring wheat patents, \$5.80; strong bakers', \$5.50; winter wheat patents, \$5.70 to \$5.80; straight rollers, \$5.30 to \$5.40; and in bags at \$2.50 to \$2.60.

Feed—Manitoba bran in bags, \$17; shorts, \$19 to \$20 per ton; Ontario winter wheat bran in bulk, \$17 to \$18; shorts, \$19 to \$20; mouille, \$24 to \$28 per ton, as to quality.

Meal—There was no change in rolled oats, for which the demand is somewhat limited, at \$2.05 to \$2.07½ per bag. Cornmeal is quiet at \$1.35 to \$1.45 per bag.

Beans—Choice primes, \$1.40 to \$1.45 per bushel and \$1.35 to \$1.37½ in car lots.

Hay—The demand for baled hay for local consumption continues fair and prices show no change: No. 1, \$9 to \$9.50; No. 2, \$8.25 to \$8.75; clover, mixed, \$7 to \$7.50; pure clover, \$6.50 to \$6.75 per ton, in car lots.

Provisions—Heavy Canadian short cut pork, \$16.50 to \$17.50; light short cut, \$16.50 to \$17; American clear cut fat backs, \$20; compound lard, 6½c to 7c; Canadian lard, 6½c to 7½c; kettle rendered, 8½ to 9½c, according to quality; hams, 12c to 13c; bacon, 12c to 13c; fresh killed abattoir hogs, \$7.75; heavy fat hogs, \$4.75 to \$5; mixed lots, \$5.60 to \$5.75; select, \$5.75 to \$8.85 off cars; country dressed, \$6 to \$6.75.

Cheese—Ontario fall white, 10½c to 10½c; colored, 10½c to 10½c; Quebec, 10c to 10½c.

Butter—Finest grades, 21½c to 22c ordinary finest, 20c to 21c; medium grades, 19½c to 20½c, and western dairy at 17½c.

Eggs—Straight cold-storage, stored 17½c to 19c; No. 2, 16½c to 17½c; Montreal lined, 19c to 19½c.

#### NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, Feb. 7.—Wheat, spot easy; No. 2 red nominal elevator; No. 2 red, \$1.22½ f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 northern, Duluth, \$1.27½ f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba, \$1.11 f.o.b. afloat.

#### CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, Feb. 7.—Buyers required a slightly larger supply of cattle than were offering, consequently prices showed an upward tendency, and in the best grades of heifers buying was decidedly active while the supply lasted. The quantity of the offerings was fairly good. Cows sold fairly free and the market closed steady to firm. The enquiry was fair, at old quotations.

Sheep and lambs did not sell so readily and values were weaker. The offerings were moderate.

Exporters' were quiet at \$4.25 to \$5 per cwt.

The following quotations were prevalent for butchers' cattle:—Select, butchers', \$4 to \$4.35; good butchers', loads of, \$3.60 to \$3.90; fair to good, \$3.20 to \$3.50; cows, \$2.50 to \$3.12½; common to rough, \$1.25 to \$2.

Stockers and feeders were quoted nominally as follows:—Feeders, short-keeps, 1,200 to 1,275 lbs., at \$3.50 to \$4; stockers, 600 to 800 lbs., at \$1.25 to \$2.75; stockers, 400 to 600 lbs., at \$1.40 to \$2.

The prices of sheep and lambs were as follows:—Export ewes, \$4.25 to \$4.50; export bucks, \$3.25 to \$3.75 per cwt.; cull sheep, \$2 to \$3 each; lambs, \$5.25 to \$6.35 per cwt.

Calves sold at 3 to 5½c per lb., and \$2 to \$10 each.

The quotations for hogs, were \$5.50 for select, 160 to 200 lbs., and \$5.25 for lights and fats, off cars, Toronto.

The explosion of a moving picture machine caused a panic in a theatre at Salem, Mass., on Saturday.

Fred. Swededa was arrested at Mound, near Minneapolis, for the murder of Geo. King in Winnipeg on January 16th.

#### SECOND READINGS.

The following bills were read a second time:

Respecting the Columbia and Western Railway Co.—Mr. Gallhier.

Respecting the Ottawa Electric Company—Mr. Gallhier.

Respecting the Atlantic, Quebec and Western Railway Co.—Mr. Gauvreau.

Respecting the Molsons Bank—Mr. Ames.

To incorporate the St. Mary's and Western Ontario Railway Co.—Mr. Mr. McIntyre.

Respecting certain patents of the Goodwin Car Co.—Mr. Bickerdike.

Respecting the Ottawa, Northern and Western Railway Co.—Mr. Belcourt.

To incorporate the Moosejaw and Edmonton Railway Co.—Mr. Scott.

#### SCHOOL TRUST FUND.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier informed Mr. Bole that the amount paid last year to the Government of Manitoba for interest on the School Trust Fund was \$75,224. There was still a dispute in regard to two amounts of money. The first was \$81,342 for the cost of management from the date of the formation of the fund in 1879 to June 30th, 1904, and there was also a dispute in regard to the \$30,000 loan made to the province in 1879 and 1884, which, having been repaid out of the proceeds of sales, the province claimed should now be paid over to it.

#### PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Col Hughes was informed by Mr. Hyman that four buildings or portions of buildings in Ottawa had been leased by the Government for public purposes since Jan. 1st, 1904, at a total rental of \$10,690 per year.

#### EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

Mr. Paterson informed Mr. Foster that the total importation of merchandise for home consumption into Canada for the current fiscal year up to Dec. 31st last was \$123,043,650. The importations from Great Britain were \$28,923,454, and from the United States, \$74,739,987. The total exports were \$118,438,246, and the exports of home products to Great Britain were \$63,072,205, and to the United States, \$38,077,738.

#### MARCONI STATION.

Mr. Lefurgey was informed by Mr. Prefontaine that the Government had contributed towards the construction of the Marconi station at Glace Bay \$80,000. The reason given by the Marconi people for the delay in operating this station was that they had made a change in the site because of the insufficient accommodation at the former place, and in order also to make the station more secure. The delay had also been caused partly by the work being interfered with by bad weather.

#### THE GOD OF MILITARISM.

Another Case of Terrible Cruelty in the German Army.

A despatch from Berlin says:—Sergt. Rehbock, of the 106th Infantry Regiment, stationed at Leipzig, has been sentenced by a court-martial to five year's imprisonment and degradation for gross misuse of his authority and maltreatment of men under his orders.

He used to thrash, beat, and kick his subordinates unmercifully, and when he was tired he made men kneel down in a circle around him, hold their folded hands towards him, and pretend to worship him.

Rehbock's practices were discovered by the authorities through enquiries instituted when the doctor's suspicions were raised by marks on the body of one of the sergeant's victims, whom brutality compelled to go to the military hospital.

A despatch from Panama states that Dr. Kihlbas, the surgeon of the United States Cruiser Boston, is dead of yellow fever, and Sackett the paymaster is dying.



## FINNISH OFFICIAL SHOT

Victim Was Procurator of Senate of Finland.

A Helsingfors despatch says: Soisalon Soininen, Procurator-General of Finland, who before he was ennobled was known by the name of Johnsen, was assassinated on Monday by a young man, whose identity up to the present time has not been determined. The assassin and Soininen's son were both wounded in a revolver duel following the killing. The motive of the crime apparently was purely political, the slain official being a prominent member of the Government party.

The murderer appeared at the Procurator's residence at 11 o'clock on Monday, and sent in a card bearing in French the name of Alexander Gadd, who is in the Russian service. The young man, who was smartly dressed in an officer's uniform, was promptly admitted to the official's private study, and on his entrance fired four shots from a revolver, one of the bullets piercing the breast of the Procurator, who expired almost immediately.

His 17-year-old son, hearing the shots, rushed in from an adjoining room and fired three or four shots at his father's assailant, whose right leg was broken below the knee by a bullet. He was also slightly wounded in the shoulder and a finger of his left hand was struck.

The assassin fired the one bullet remaining in his revolver at Soininen's son, wounding him slightly in the calf of his right leg. He then endeavored to escape, but fell unconscious to the floor in the ante-room. There he was seized. Dr. Wasasterna was called immediately, but found the Procurator beyond need of his services. The assassin was removed to the surgical hospital where he lies guarded by police, answering no questions and evidently unconscious. His recovery, however, is thought to be certain.

Soininen was born in 1856, and practised at the Finnish bar. He was highly esteemed.

## CANADIANS ARE LOSERS

Possibilities of Hay Trade With Trinidad.

An Ottawa despatch says: The Department of Trade and Commerce is in receipt of a communication from Edgar Tripp, Commercial Agent for Trinidad, who desires to draw the attention of hay exporters in Canada to the fact that large quantities of hay, apparently, can be shipped from Canada to Trinidad via dealers in New York at a profit to the New York dealers, which is lost to the Canadian hay exporters by reason of the fact that they do not export themselves direct to Trinidad.

The statistics for Trinidad show the total value of hay imported for the year ended March 31st, 1904, was \$23,334, of which \$22,793 is credited to the United States, and only \$541 credited as coming from Canada. One of the principal exporters from New York writes to Mr. Tripp stating that the only hay that can be exported profitably from New York to Trinidad is hay bought in Canada, which comes through in carload lots of about 150 bales, weighing 140 to 150 pounds each.

## POLAND ON STKIRE.

Cossacks Drive Back Marching Mob of Thousands.

A despatch from Warsaw says:—Practically the whole of Poland is on strike. A state of siege has been proclaimed in the Governments of Kalisz, Radom, and Siedlce. There has been fresh fighting at Radom. The Old Believers, a religious sect, are reported to be burning Orthodox churches at Siedlce. Three already have been destroyed. Thou-

## TAKING A COW CENSUS

ACCURATE FIGURES FROM CANADIAN HERDS.

Records Which Can be Equalled On Many Farms in Next Five Years.

At the Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Convention, Mr. C. F. Whitley, of the Dairy Commissioner's Branch, Ottawa, gave a very interesting account of a cow census which he conducted in the vicinity of Cowansville, Que., during the summer of 1904. Under his supervision seventy-two farmers kept daily milk records of their cows and three times a month took samples for testing from the milk of each individual cow in their dairies. In this way reasonably accurate figures were obtained.

For the month of June the general average of all the herds tested was 652 lb. of milk, yielding 25 lbs. of fat. In one case twenty-two cows had a yield for the month of 17,845 lbs. of milk and 722.5 lbs. of fat, an average per cow of 811 lbs. of milk and 32.4 lbs. of fat. In another herd of eleven cows, every animal was below the general average, the range being as low as 280 lbs. to 805 lbs. of milk per cow, and this herd consisted of Jersey, Guernsey, Ayrshire and Holstein grades and natives. In contrast to this, another herd of twelve cows of similar breeding yielded from 830 to 1,115 lbs. per cow, so that every cow in the herd was above the average. This shows that the flow of milk depends upon the individuality of the cows even more than

### UPON THEIR BREEDING.

In the month of July a herd of twenty-seven cows, Jersey, Ayrshire, Holstein and Shorthorn grades, gave 13,760 lbs. of milk and 473.7 lbs. of fat, an average of 509 lbs. of milk and 17.5 lbs. of fat per cow. This was typical of several herds consisting of mixed grades. The average record per cow is poor, noticeably below the average of the whole 1,120 cows for July. The best showing was made by a Holstein grade, whose record is more than double that of the poorest cow. This dairy had five more cows than that first mentioned, and yet produced 4,000 lbs. less milk in the month. Another July record showed that one herd of six cows gave 2,515 lbs. of milk, while another dairy of twelve cows gave 8,020 lbs.; twice as many cows gave over three times as much milk. In September one lot of twenty-three cows gave 8,120 lbs. of milk, and another lot of twenty-three yielded 11,200 lbs. These records emphasize the need for knowing definitely the production of each individual cow.

The average production per cow must be improved by weeding out the poor ones. Figuring goes well with farming. With forethought and figures, the production of butter in the average farm herd can be increased at least 40 lbs. per year in five years. It has been done scores of times. It is safe to say that almost every farmer milking twenty cows has three on which he loses money. Until he keeps records he cannot tell which they are. It will pay him to find out.

The wide variation in the total yields of butter by individual animals in the same herd is even more apparent in the records for longer periods. For four months the cows in one herd of fourteen varied from 40 to 114 lbs., the best cow yielding

### NEARLY THREE TIMES

as much as the poorest. The average for the herd was 81 lbs. per cow while the general average of all the cows tested for four months was 98 lbs. Would not this man be better off if he disposed of at least four cows? Another herd varied from 51 to 127 lbs. per cow, with an average

# THE CZAR FOR REFORM

## But Influence of the Royal Dukes May Interfere.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: The story sent to the London Daily Telegraph on Wednesday to the effect that the Czar had signed an ukase granting a constitution was telegraphed back to this city. It has elicited a semi-official statement declaring that the report is inaccurate. The statement adds:—"It was probably based on the following circumstances: The Council of Ministers, as already announced, had rejected a motion made by M. de Witte that it should record its opinion in regard to the incidents of January 22, and should adopt measures to prevent the recurrence of such events, on the ground that it would exceed its powers in so doing. Thereupon M. de Witte, whose special opinion was entered upon the minutes of the Council, submitted to the Emperor a memorandum which his Majesty approved. The Council of Ministers held an extraordinary sitting on Jan. 31 to discuss this memorandum, when the question of an enquiry into the events was discussed, and the Minister of Finance was empowered to prepare a scheme of social legislative reform, with special reference to the question of labor."

The Czar has listened at last to the counsels of prudence and common sense offered by certain of his Ministers, who have dared to put the situation in its true light before him. He is convinced of the reasonableness of their recommendations, and it is undoubtedly his honest intention at the present moment to adopt them.

### GRAND DUCAL OPPOSITION.

The first effect will be to bring down on him the full force of the Grand Ducal influence, which five weeks ago induced him to abandon his intention to grant the main demands of the Zeustvos' programme. We may expect, as then, a hurried visit of Grand Duke Serge from Moscow, and the re-employment of whatever arguments and threats that have heretofore served to turn the Czar from a liberal policy, with perhaps more drastic ones added. His Majesty's position is, in fact, more

pitiable than ever. There is, indeed, but one way in which he could effectively establish reform rule in Russia without exposing himself to almost certain assassination. He might secretly authorize a man like M. de Witte to make preparations for a coup d'etat, by which the Czar would be suddenly rescued from his entire entourage, and established under a faithful guard in another palace, whence he could give orders for sweeping out the whole of the rascally official crew, including, of course, the Grand Dukes. It would require courage and great force of character to adopt such a course, and it is not expected that the Emperor could summon up sufficient resolution for so radical a step.

### FRESH STRIKE BREAK OUT.

Meantime Wednesday's conciliatory attitude and vague promises of reforms are not meeting with the popular response that was expected. The authorities were surprised to-day by fresh strikes in two of the principal cotton mills and a large iron works. The sole reason for the strikes was to make a protest against the unrepresentative character of the so-called delegation of workmen received by the Czar. Today's strikers, who had returned to work Monday, complain that the men sent to the Tzarskoe Selo were individuals selected by the authorities, and were not chosen by the workmen, who repudiate them.

There is little doubt that some pretense of granting concessions will be approved even by the reactionaries, as they realize that the country cannot be ruled by bayonets alone, and that an attempt must be made to gain some degree of popular good will. The test will be when it is discovered whether there is any real substance in the reforms. The Czar's present mood is to grant a genuine measure of popular liberty, and even the creation of a legislative body with real powers. It remains to be seen whether the reactionaries will reduce his intention to mere words of empty promises as they with his Christmas proclamation.

### EXPLODED AFTER DRUNK.

Man Froze to Death and Blew up When Thawed Out.

A despatch from St. Paul, Minn., says:—Peter Eberhart, a farm hand, who Thursday drank a small bottle of nitro-glycerine on a wager, froze to death while walking home and on Saturday exploded when efforts were made to thaw him out.

Peter worked near Wheatley, Minn., and while in the village got intoxicated, it is alleged, with the town marshal, who showed him a bottle of nitro-glycerine, saying it was taken from a bank robber. Peter bet that he could drink it and never feel injurious effects. He drank it and started for home.

He failed to get home, but in the morning was found by the roadside frozen to death and much distorted. He was picked up and hauled to the home of Claude Armonvale, his employer, where his late "boss" undertook to thaw him out, so that the body might be placed in a coffin and properly interred. While the body was left in an outbuilding near a stove in which was a roaring fire, the nitro-glycerine exploded. The building was almost as completely wrecked as was the body of

## FLASHES FROM THE WIRE

The Very Latest Items From All Parts of the Globe.

### DOMINION.

According to the directory Winnipeg's population is 97,401.

There were 180 deaths in Peterboro' last year, this being a death rate of nine in a thousand.

Ten cars were thrown down a fifty-foot embankment on the C.P.R. near Rat Portage, but all the crew escaped.

It is rumored that a bill to increase the salaries of Judges of the High Courts will be introduced at Ottawa this session.

Dr. Smith, medical superintendent of the Leper Hospital at Tracadie, N.B., reports that leprosy is rapidly decreasing.

A New Liskeard despatch says that reports from the timber limits show that the work of log-making is almost completed, and the gangs are hauling logs to the streams.

Representatives of the City Council of Stratford will confer with the Grand Trunk and C.P.R. with a view to inducing the companies to

A despatch from Warsaw says:—Practically the whole of Poland is on strike. A state of siege has been proclaimed in the Governments of Kalisz, Radom, and Siedlce. There has been fresh fighting at Radom. The Old Believers, a religious sect, are reported to be burning Orthodox churches at Siedlce. Three already have been destroyed. Thousands of strikers from Dombrowa, carrying flags, marched towards Sosnowice, but Cossacks intercepted them and drove them back without any bloodshed. Baron Molekin, chief of police at Warsaw, has been fired at twice lately.

The strike movement has spread to the Governments of Warsaw, Petrikau, Kalisse, Lublin, and Suwalki. The situation at Lodz has reached a critical stage. The employers met on Saturday and decided to reopen all their factories on Monday, when men reporting for work will be re-engaged, and the remainder discharged. A large number of workmen were disposed to resume, but fear that the malcontents will employ coercion.

## WINTER WHEAT DAMAGED

Lack of Snow Detrimental to United States Crop.

A Washington, D. C., despatch says: The United States Weather Bureau summary of the crop condition for January, 1905, is as follows:—

East of the Rocky Mountains the month was colder than the average, with light precipitation in most districts. In the Rocky Mountain region and to the westward the temperature was milder than usual, with more than the average precipitation in the southern plateau region and Southern California and much less than the average precipitation as a whole. Throughout the Southern States the month was unfavorable for the agricultural interests in that section.

The reports indicate that Winter wheat was generally well protected westward of the Mississippi River and also in portions of the Ohio Valley and Middle Atlantic States, but over much of the last-named district there was insufficient snow protection during severest weather and in portions of Illinois and Indiana it is feared that the crop has suffered injury, large areas being covered with ice. On the North Pacific coast the outlook is favorable for late sown in Washington. In California the prospect is excellent, except along the Sacramento River, where some damage has been caused by heavy rains.

## CANADIAN BUTTER ON TOP

Imports By the United Kingdom Third in Size.

A London despatch says: At the annual dinner of the Bristol District Grocers and Provision Dealers' Association Mr. C. H. Slade, the President of the Provision Merchants' Association, said he was pleased to say, that in Canadian imports of butter they stood third in the United Kingdom. They were third because they cultivated the trade. Up to last year they had to draw their supplies of Australian and New Zealand butter from agents in London. He had written scores of letters pointing out to shippers the disadvantage of sending goods that way, and showing how the Canadians had succeeded in selling their goods on the cost, freight and insurance basis. This year more butter had been sold on the c.i.f. basis than ever before. They must urge that some of these huge shipments of butter and cheese must be shipped to Bristol.

Lindsay Owens, a farmer of Sisterville, Va., shot his wife and committed suicide by plunging into a tank of burning oil, on Saturday.

## NEARLY THREE TIMES

as much as the poorest. The average for the herd was 81 lbs. per cow while the general average of all the cows tested for four months was 98 lbs. Would not this man be better off if he disposed of at least four cows? Another herd varied from 51 to 127 lbs. per cow, with an average below the census average. It is probable that both men think they have pretty good cows.

For a period of five months, one dairy made the creditable showing of 190 lbs. of butter per cow, more than double the average of some other herds, and well above the census average of 115 lbs. per cow for five months. Indeed, every one of the twelve cows in this herd exceeded the general average, ranging from 147 to 251 lbs. These figures are encouraging. This man's record can be, and should be, and shall be, equalled on a thousand farms in the next five years. Such results are obtained by using the scales and Babcock tester to detect the robber cow and get rid of her. Then, by the use of a good dairy-bred sire, and aiming at a standard of say 6,000 lbs. of milk and 250 lbs. of butter per cow annually, a good herd can speedily be graded up. There are hundreds of dairy farmers who have thus raised the butter production of their herds in a few years from 150 or 175 lbs. to 300 lbs. per annum.

## SPOTS ON THE SUN'S FACE

Covers a Tenth of the Total Solar Diameter.

A despatch says: A sun spot, believed to be one of the largest and best defined ever observed, has been discovered by Prof. A. H. Cole, a local astronomer. Projected through a small opera glass on a sheet of white paper, a disc measuring six inches in diameter was disclosed. Mathematical calculations proved that the spot on the surface of the sun was one-tenth of its total diameter, or over 80,000 miles in its widest part. The spot is egg-shaped and can be easily discerned through a smoked glass. It is situated east of the central portion of the sun. The spot will be visible for seven days.

## UNDER THE DETROIT RIVER

Vanderbilt Railroad Interests Are to Construct a Tunnel.

A Detroit despatch says: The News says it is able to state upon reliable information that, as a result of the unification of the New York Central, Lake Shore, Michigan Central and Big Four systems, a tunnel will be immediately constructed under the Detroit River to facilitate the transportation of cars and avoid the delays that are caused by the ice every winter. The tunnel will be built by the Vanderbilt interests, independent of other roads.

## TRIPLETS NINE TIMES.

Parents Will Receive Roosevelt's Congratulations.

A Washington despatch says: President Roosevelt will be introduced next week to the father and mother of 27 children, and it is expected he will present them with an autograph photograph. George W. Dunville, the father, is but 43 years old, and his wife 38. They live at Yankton, South Dakota. They expect to arrive here on a visit next week, and the Senators and representatives will take them to the White House. The 27 children are nine sets of triplets. Twenty-four of them are boys and three are girls. The children will not be here.

He was picked up and hauled to the home of Claude Armonville, his employer, where his late "boss" undertook to thaw him out, so that the body might be placed in a coffin and properly interred. While the body was left in an outbuilding near a stove in which was a roaring fire, the nitro-glycerine exploded. The building was almost as completely wrecked as was the body of Peter.

Eberhart was a strange character, and had often threatened suicide.

## REMOVING TO PETERBORO.

Montreal Plant of the Canadian General Electric Company.

A despatch from Montreal says:—The Montreal plant of the Canadian General Electric Company, it is announced, will be shut down in April, and the equipment removed to Peterboro, because the cost of power is one-third greater in Montreal than it is in Peterboro. It is further pointed out that lower factory costs follow very low cost of power, and the company look to effect an economy of fully 20 per cent. in these costs as compared with Montreal.

## IMMIGRATION UNCHECKED.

140,000 Immigrants Expected to Reach Canada This Year.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The immigration officials anticipate that 140,000 immigrants from Great Britain, the Continent, and the United States will come to Canada this year. Although the steamship companies have raised the rates for transportation, a party of 80 went through on Monday. It is expected that in the course of a few weeks the heavy movement will be begun.

## GREAT BRITAIN.

The National Rifle Association has now a surplus on hand of £37,000.

The Tunbridge Wells Colonization Association is sending lads to Canada.

Speaking at Preston, Lord Hugh Cecil said he believed Mr. Chamberlain had done harm to the cause of union within the empire.

Reports from the timber market of Liverpool say that stock of all descriptions of pine deals and boards is more than sufficient for the demand.

The Marquis of Linlithgow has been appointed Secretary for Scotland, in place of Andrew Graham Murray, who has been appointed to a Judgeship.

It is reported that the Salvation Army have chartered the steamer Vancouver, to sail from Liverpool, April 25, with 1,200 British emigrants for Canada.

## UNITED STATES.

A great building lockout is threatened in Pittsburgh.

The Standard Oil Co. has reduced the price of all crude oil.

New York State's death rate last year was 18.2 per thousand, the highest ever recorded.

The Standard Oil Co. have reduced the price on all grades of refined oil one cent per gallon.

An international naval, marine and military exposition is to be held at Jamestown, Virginia, from May 17 to Nov. 1, 1907.

Agnes L. Long, a 17-year-old book-keeper for P. Berry & Sons, of Hartford, Conn., was knocked down on the street and robbed of \$4,000.

The driver for a laundry at Winstead, Conn., mistook a baby sleeping in a basket for a bundle for him. He placed it in his wagon, and the baby's cries showed him his mistake.

## GENERAL.

A general strike is imminent in the mining centres of Belgium, unless the wages are increased.

The Prussian Government is considering the feasibility of taking over the coal mines of the country.

reports that leprosy is rapid, decreasing.

A New Liskeard despatch says that reports from the timber limit show that the work of log-making is almost completed, and the gang are hauling logs to the streams.

Representatives of the City Council of Stratford will confer with the Grand Trunk and C.P.R. with a view to inducing the companies to erect a union station there.

## FOREIGN.

Owing to the ice blockade nearly the entire coast of Newfoundland is closed to shipping.

The Manchester Guardian says that the Munroe doctrine protects Canada from any over-sea invasion.

The construction of the Panama Canal has been placed entirely in the hands of President Roosevelt.

In an English parish school the Medical Health Officer had the tonsils of one hundred girl pupils cut out.

Andrew Carnegie refused to interest himself in the erection of a large hotel at Pittsburgh, Pa., because it involved selling liquor.

Edward J. Bannon, a former convict, was shot and killed by a policeman while breaking into a saloon at Boston, Mass.

Enraged at Miss Carrie Gray, a school teacher, of Indianapolis, Ind., for thrashing her son, Mrs. D. J. Hawkins trounced the other woman with a rawhide.

Frank Furlong, the 19-year-old boy, of New York, laughed when, after being out fifteen minutes the jury found him guilty of killing his aunt, Mrs. Margaret Keeler. He will be sentenced to die.

The Revere Hotel at Pictou, N.S. was burned on Saturday. One of the employees, Mrs. Mary McEachern, lost her life, and the inmates had to make their escape from the upper windows.

Because the St. Catharines Council would not pay \$7,000, the balance owing on a \$10,000 bonus, J. M. Ross & Sons & Co. closed down their factory at that place and discharged their men.

## BRIDGE GAVE WAY.

Thirty Men and Horses Fell to the Ice Below.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says:—The suspension bridge spanning the Fontaka River collapsed on Thursday morning while a detachment of dragoons was crossing. Thirty men and horses were precipitated into the frozen river, together with a number of cabs, wagons, etc. The ice at that point being weak, the greatest excitement prevailed, but speedily help was forthcoming, and the victims of the accident were rescued with the exception of one dragoon. The chains on both banks broke, and the bridge fell bodily with the whole traffic thereon at the time. The terrified cavalry horses jumped over the railings of the bridge onto the ice which gave way. The river is narrow at that point, and the men managed to scramble ashore, with the assistance of witnesses of the accident.

The Fontaka is a river six miles long, utilized with other waterways, including canals, to drain the marshes south of the Neva River.

## DAVIDSON'S CONFESSION.

Two Other Men Implicated in C. P. R. Hold-up.

A despatch from Vancouver says:—The man Davidson charged with being concerned in the C.P.R. hold-up near Mission last October, has made a full confession to the Pinkertons, which implicates desperado Ball Miner, who is now in hiding in the Hole-in-the-Wall, Wyoming. He also accuses a third man, whose name cannot be obtained, the detectives considering him the most dangerous of the trio, and not wishing to give him warning by publication. Miner, it is thought, can be secured any day.



\$15, \$16, \$17, \$18,  
and \$19  
**SUITINGS**  
—FOR—  
**\$12**

February is always the quietest month of the year in the Tailoring department, that is why we have selected a number of good all wool tweed suitings and marked them at \$12. They will be made up-to-date in every respect and nothing but the best of trimmings used. If you want a good business suit now is your chance. Come a see them anyway.

**J. L. BOYES.**  
Men's and Boy's Outfitters.

## DAFOE'S FLOUR.

Nonesuch, the best family flour made from local and Manitoba No. 1 hard wheat and every bag guaranteed to be first-class. Also No. 1 hard Manitoba hard wheat Patent Flour for the Bakers and choice brands of Pastry Flour and Cornmeal, manufactured by J. R. Dafoe at the Big Mill and for sale by all the principal dealers throughout the country.

**FARMERS** are especially invited to have their wheat exchanged for Nonesuch Flour, and satisfaction guaranteed. Bring your feed grist also and have it ground as fine as desired and with prompt despatch.

All kinds of Grain purchased at the Highest Market Price.

Also a choice stock of the celebrated

**Scranton Coal!**

Your patronage solicited.

**J. R. DAFOE,**

Wednesday next is St. Valentine's Day. The latest out, "Have you seen the spots on the sun."

The town council minutes in this issue will be interesting reading.

A few second hand cook stoves and ranges cheap at **BOYLE & SON.**

Haven't our public-spirited citizens ever looked something? There is no Society for the Suppression of Comic Valentines.

The seating capacity for spectators at the council chamber Monday evening was by far too small. The Canning factory discussion was no doubt the drawing card.

At the council meeting Monday evening W. L. Bennett was appointed assessor for 1905, at a salary of \$200. Robert Boyes was also appointed a member of the Board of Health.

E. Loyat, has a car of Royal Household flour, bran, shorts, all kinds of feed, salt, coal oil. Different grades of flour, buckwheat flour, cornmeal. Good 25c tea, rolled oats. All kinds of breakfast foods the cheapest, and one price to all.

The Neilson-Robinson Chemical Company last week purchased the patent rights in Anker-Pain-Expeller, a remedy



## YOUR LAST CHANCE.

For one week only we will give 20 per cent. discount off the following

**\$5.00 Shoes.**

The Geo. A. Slater \$5.00 Shoe.

The Crossett - - - \$5.00 Shoe.

The Just Wright - , \$5.00 Shoe.

After Feb, 17th these Shoes will cost you \$5.00. Might as well save a \$1.00 as they are all New Clean Goods.

**ALL LEATHERS.**

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.  
JAMES ROBLIN, Manager.

## A FULL LINE OF CEREALS

### NEW FRESH GOODS.

Rolls Oats,  
Granulated Oatmeal,  
Rolled Wheat,  
Wheat Germ,  
Cream of Wheat (in bulk),  
Gold-dust Corn Meal,  
Graham Flour, Etc.

## A FULL LINE OF BREAKFAST FOODS IN PACKAGES.

I Solicit a Share of Your Trade.

**FRANK H. PERRY.**

### Royal Hotel Block.

F. S. Scott's shop strictly up-to-date in every respect. A call solicited.

### Lost.

On Sunday morning Jan 20th, on Bridge St., or Belleville road, a sable ruff, Finder will be rewarded by leaving at Express Office.

### Poultry Foods.

If you want your hens to lay feed them Columbian and Carnefac food. It is guaranteed. Sold by **GREY LION STORES.**

### Township of Richmond Taxes.

Theodore Windover collector, will be at Market Hotel, Napanee, on Saturday, 11th February. All taxes must be paid by that date.

### Sudden Death.

Friday a telegram was received from Sicamous, B. C., announcing the death of Lendrick Saul. The message said he died suddenly after quitting his day's work. sad news was a terrible shock to his wife and daughter, who were looking forward to his return home next week. Deceased was about sixty years of age, and had been west working with the C. P. R. for the past four or five years. His wife and daughter Lizzie, spent three months last summer and early fall visiting their father and other friends in the west. The remains will be brought to Napanee for interment and are expected to arrive here Friday or Saturday. The bereaved wife and daughter have the sincere sympathy of a very large circle of friend.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat

### Stock Taking Sale.

Mitts at unheard of prices. Buy them for next year, it will pay, at

**BOYLE & SON.**

### Stock Foods.

Now is the time to feed them to get your stock in good shape for spring. Buy the best, that is Columbian and Carnefac. Both guaranteed. Sold by

**GREY LION STORES.**

### The C. M. B. A. Ball.

The annual ball given by the Napanee C.M.B.A. was held in the town hall on Tuesday evening. The hall was crowded to its utmost capacity, a large number of guests being present from surrounding places. Music was furnished by Crosby & O'Connor's orchestra, Kingston, and though the hall was somewhat crowded all present thoroughly enjoyed the dancing. a nice lunch was also served at midnight.

### Electric Flash Lights

\$1.25 and \$1.50, electric lamps, ever ready. **BOYLE & SON.**

### Driving Park Association.

A meeting of the Napanee Driving Park Association was held in the town hall, Monday evening. Mr. S. J. Gibson, Vice-Pres., presided. The following officers were elected: W. N. Doller, President; S. Gibson, Vice-President; J. L. Boyes, Secretary. Directors, G. H. Williams, F. F. Miller, W. N. Doller, S. Gibson, J. L. Boyes, Judge Madden and W. F. Hall. It was decided, if the Association was given sufficient encouragement by the citizens, a demonstration would be held this summer, probably July 1st.

Wallaces Electric Rat paste will rid your house of rats and mice in short order.

### Suit for Divorce.

John Grannis has commenced an action in supreme court against Margaret A. Grannis for absolute divorce on statutory grounds. The parties were married in Newburgh, Ont., August 23rd, 1879, and lived together until October, 1901, at which time the plaintiff claims his wife left him and went to Hartford, Conn., to reside.

The acts of adultery are alleged to have been committed in Hartford and this city, and Alexander Grant is named as co-respondent. The plaintiff is now employed by the Dexter Sulphite Pulp and Paper company, and has three children residing in this city. Grant is now conducting a laundry on Main street in this city, and it is alleged that the defendant in this action is

### Shingles.

We have reduced our prices of shingles 25c per thousand on all grades, which makes them the cheapest and best in town **R. J. WALES' STORES.**

### Business Closed.

Miss Barrett's dressmaking establishment will be closed on February 15th and will not be reopened again until March 6th. Her patrons will kindly make a note of this.

### East End Barber Shop.

is the best place in town for a first-class shave or an up-to-date hair cut. We also carry a good stock of cigars and cigarettes. We aim to please our customers. Give us a call. **J. N. OSBORNE Prop.**  
Agent for illustrated Buffalo Times.

### Death at Westbrooke.

Thursday Dec. 22nd, there passed to rest the soul of Mary Lavina Eves. Mrs. Eves, whose maiden name was Orr, was born in the township of Ernestown, near Wilton, and was married twenty years ago to Jas. Eves, of Simcoe Island. Nine years ago they removed to Dupuis farm in Kingston township, near Westbrooke. For seven years Mrs. Eves has born the suspense and miseries of a lingering consumption; about two months ago a hemorrhage set in and hastened the end. She bore her troubles with unflinching patience, and leaves behind the sweet memory of a devoted wife and mother, a quiet and kind neighbor and a devout Christian. Her husband and six children are left to mourn, two girls and four boys, ranging from four years to nineteen. The funeral was held at the house on Saturday, by Rev. Rural Dean Dibb, and the very large attendance testified to the general esteem in which she was held.

Slick hand sleighs at cost at **BOYLE & SON.**

It's Good if you get it at Wallace's Drug Store.

### DEACONESS WORK.

At the last meeting of the W.C.T.U. Miss Cartwright presented her report of the Deaconess work done in the town for the months of October, November and December following is the Report:

Number of canvassing calls.....	61
Missionary and Parish calls.....	304
Calls upon the sick.....	14
Business calls.....	88
Calls received at the home.....	21

Total number of calls.....	488
Papers and tracts distributed.....	126
New garments distributed.....	4
Half worn garments distributed.....	50
Families supplied with food.....	7
Delicacies for sick distributed.....	3
Glasses of Jelly distributed.....	2
Bouquets of flowers distributed.....	3
Families supplied with fuel.....	3
Emergency money spent.....	\$9.75
Persons work secured for.....	3
Times teaching in Sunday School.....	5
Times teaching in Sewing School.....	8
Mothers' or Cottage meetings.....	8
Children's or temperance meetings.....	8
Special meetings attended.....	77
Meetings led.....	1
Hours spent in nursing.....	27
Hours spent in home work.....	31

## To Dye Wool or Cotton

Use **REXALL HOUSEHOLD DYES** guaranteed to give satisfaction, 3 packages for 25 cents. Sole agency at The Medical Hall, **FRED L. HOOPER.**

### GONE TO REST.

In memory of the late James L. Hicg.

On New Year's Day at the home of Mr. Ellison M. Martin near Yarker there occurred the death of an old and much respected citizen in the person of James L. Hicks, who lived to the ripe old age of 78 years and 9 months. Deceased was a man well-known. His early days he spent in the vicinity of Odessa. For a while he kept the Post Office at Violet but being brought up a farmer, he longed for the occupation of his youth. He then moved on a farm near Wilton, where he resided until about eight years ago, when he came to live with his nephew, Mr. Ellison Martin, near Yarker. Deceased was a successful farmer, and much beloved by all who came to know him, having always a desire

E. Loyet, has a car of Royal Household flour, bran, shorts, all kinds of feed, salt, coal oil. Different grades of flour, buckwheat flour, cornmeal. Good 25c tea, rolled oats. All kinds of breakfast foods the cheapest, and one price to all.

The Neilson-Robinson Chemical Company last week purchased the patent rights in Arnott's Arnica Anodyne, a remedy which has been on the market for the past fifty years and has enjoyed a steady sale. The Company are busy putting up a number of large orders of this remedy.

Monday afternoon between five and six o'clock a slight smash-up occurred at the east end of the Grand Trunk yard. A light engine from the west collided with a couple of flats and a box car. The cars were pretty badly wrecked, and the services of the Belleville auxiliary were needed in clearing away the wreck.

A. S. Kimmerly will sell Five Roses Flour \$2.80 per 100, Noneuch Flour \$2.50 per 100, Cream of the west \$2.60; Bran \$16.75 per ton, 85c per 100; 50 lb sack fine salt 40c, Windsor salt \$1.30 per bbl; Buckwheat Flour, \$2.25 per 100; Fresh Corn meal \$1.50 per 100; 10 lbs. Rolled oats 25c; 10 lbs. sulphur 25c; Shorts \$1.00 per 100; Gluten meal \$1.20 per 100. Clover and Timothy Seed wanted.

Three days without food, and exposed to the severe elements, a hen sat perched high up into a tree on Mill street. Saturday noon a hen owned by a resident on Mill street became frightened and flew up into a tree. All efforts to dislodge her failed, and she remained there until Tuesday noon when B. Rogers climbed the tree and with a well-pole forced her to fly down. The funny part of the thing is that the hen did not freeze to death.

Two years Abed.—"For eight years I suffered as no one ever did with rheumatism; for two years I lay in bed, could not so much as feed myself. A friend recommended South American Rheumatic Cure. After three doses I could sit up. To-day I am as strong as ever I was."—Mrs. John Cook, 287 Clinton street, Toronto.—2 Sold by Fred L. Hooper, Medical Hall.

OLD MRS. DALLY had lived all her days in the back country and "never seen nothing." She got tired of the life, scraped up money and took her grandson to an exposition in a far-off city. The crowd, the tumult, the drain of money, the insignificance of the individual sickened her of it all, and she went back to the old home, seeing a new heaven and a new earth as her eyes fell gratefully on every familiar object. The story of "Old Mrs. Dally's Lesson" is admirably told by Sarah Barnwell Elliott in *The Youth's Companion* for December 29th.

The Great Serpent of all Diseases.—Kidney disease may well be called the "a constrictor" disease, unsuspecting and unrelenting, it gets the victim in its coils and gradually tightens till life is crushed out, but the great South American Kidney Cure treatment has proved its power over the monster, and no matter how firmly enmeshed, it will release, heal and cure.—15c Sold by Fred L. Hooper, Medical Hall.

## Read This for Value.

We have for years been looking for a First-Class Reliable \$5.00 Watch.

We have now secured the sole agency for a splendid, gilt finish lever movement, stem wind and set, thin models and all modern improvements.

### These STAR Watches

in Nickel Cases for \$5.00, and in Silver Cases for \$6.75. Just as good timers as Walthams.

The Store of Quality.

F. CHINNECK'S Jewelry Store.

Eyes tested free. Sole agent for the Regina Watch.

summer and early fall visiting their father and other friends in the west. The remains will be brought to Nanapsee for interment and are expected to arrive here Friday or Saturday. The bereaved wife and daughter have the sincere sympathy of a very large circle of friends.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Crescolin tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

No rural mails reached the Nanapsee post office Thursday, owing to the impassable condition of the roads.

Mr. Ed. Huff, Campbellford, who lost his stock by fire a short time ago, will put in a new stock as soon as the building is repaired.

The Citizen's Band, Deserontg, will erect a band stand on the High School grounds where open air concerts will be given during the coming summer.

The Czar has finally seen some working men. He is reported to have been greatly surprised to find that they looked like human beings.

The Russian army is now on the Ham. But after the next battle it will probably resume its old position on the run.

Wednesday morning the thermometer registered 22 degrees below zero. Thursday morning it was somewhat different, owing to the snow storm during the previous evening.

Among the Toronto Globe's list of "Canadian Help for London's Poor," we notice the following: "Collection at annual Sunday School treat, Church of St. Mary Magdalene, \$8.00.

At Kelly's Grocery you can get pure Castile soap 1 lb for 10c, Judd soap 10 bars for 25c, Gold soap 6 bars for 25c. Pea meal, skinned back bacon 18c pound, also fresh white fish, 10c per lb, Yarmouth blotters, Golden finnan haddie, The best flour in town for making good bread. Try it and you will be convinced.

Tuesday afternoon the members of the town council had a meeting with Sir Richard Cartwright's son in reference to matters pertaining to the electric light situation in Nanapsee. The question was asked by Mayor Lowry; "how much would the Company be willing to take for their plant?" \$50,000 was the answer. If this price was too high, Mr. Cartwright thought arbitration proceedings might be taken to determine the price. It was also proposed that the town loan the Company \$16,000, which they would pay back at the rate of \$2000 per year; in the way of lighting the town. That is they would light the business portion of the town with arc lamps and the rest with incandescents. Nothing definite was arrived at. The \$50,000 offer includes both electric light plants. The cost of installing these plants when new is said to be about \$65,000.

### Pure Castile Soap

Ask for the "Shell Brand" made from Pure Olive Oil and Bicarbonate of Soda, sold at The Medical Hall—FRED L. HOOPER.

For the past few days surveyors have been engaged in a survey of land south of the town running in a north-westerly direction from the Grand Trunk grade to Piety Hill and as a consequence rumor has been busy. The general impression is that it is the route for the proposed change in the Grand Trunk Railway. Of course it cannot be stated positively because it is practically impossible to get any direct information on the question. Nevertheless if the above should turn out to be correct it will be somewhat different than was generally supposed. For some time past it has been conceded that a change was about to be made and that the station would be moved west, just beyond the diamond but if the survey being made is in connection with the proposed change, the station, it would appear would become on Piety Hill. At any rate considerable talk has been occasioned by the survey party and the only thing that can be done is to await further developments.

### We Will Discount

all lines of Crockery, China and Glassware for the next 30 days, from 20 to 35 per cent. We are still selling 10 big Cakes of Soap and one package of Napha Washing Powder for 25c, good value at 35c. Our Tea at 25c is still taking the lead, try it.

THE COXALL CO.

The acts of adultery are alleged to have been committed in Hartford and this city, and Alexander Grant is named as co-respondent. The plaintiff is now employed by the Dexter Sulphite Pulp and Paper company, and has three children residing in this city. Grant is now conducting a laundry on Main street in this city, and it alleged that the defendant in this action is employed by him in the laundry. Watertown Standard.

A number of good second hand wood stoves for sale

MADOLE & WILSON.

### Nanapsee Wins from Brockville.

Wednesday afternoon the Nanapsee curlers were successful in their game with Brockville in another of the series of the Eastern Curling Association. The visitors were beaten by 17 shots. The rinks and scores:

BROCKVILLE	NANAPSEE
Wright	Boyes
Cassik	Kastin
Craig	Ham
Downey skip—10	Leonard skip—26
Gilmour	Templeton
Mallory	Smith
Hutecheon	Hellhouse
Crysler, skip—20	Maybee—Skip—21
Total 30	Total 47

Majority for Nanapsee 17 shots.

### Rockwood Beats Nanapsee.

Monday afternoon the Rockwood curlers defeated the home curlers in another of the series of the Eastern Curling League. The rinks and scores were:

ROCKWOOD.	NANAPSEE.
No. 1	No. 1.
J. Lawless	C. I. Maybee
W. Fenwick	W. Daly
W. Potter	J. Hamm
Dr. Clarke, skip—20	Dr. Leonard, skip—12
No. 2	No. 2.
J. Pugh	J. L. Boyes
W. R. Dick	J. L. Robinson
J. Davis	W. A. Bellhouse
J. Davidson skip—17	W. C. Smith skip—7
36	19

Majority for Rockwood 18 shots.

### Canning Factory Proposition.

The canning factory proposition stands in about the same position as reported in our last issue. This fact is due, no doubt to one particular thing. The town does not like to pay \$500 per acre for land for a site. The property where Mr. Carson wishes to locate his factory is owned by Sir Richard Cartwright, and, according to a letter placed before the council Monday evening, the price asked is as above stated. There are other locations procurable, but owing to the absence of Mr. Carson, who is attending a meeting of canners in the States, nothing definite can be done until his return. Mr. Harry Hunter has offered to sell five acres of land for the establishment of this industry, which is just south of the Selby crossing for the sum of \$150. Another piece of land on the east side of the Belleville road, it is said can also be procured at a reasonable figure. Tuesday Mr. Cartwright a son of Sir Richard Cartwright was in town and the matter was brought to his attention by Mayor Lowry. Mr. Cartwright said he felt sure his father did not understand the matter and on his return to Ottawa, he would fully explain the question to him, and would write Mayor Lowry as to the result. It is said the Township of Richmond is willing to help along the industry to the extent of \$200.

T. B. Wallace is selling the highest quality of everything in the drug line. 2 oz Bland's iron tonic price 25c, 3 cakes oatmeal soap 10c, Baby's own soap 25c box Mennen's Talcum powder 25c, a 20c and 25c quality tooth brush for 15c, 3 packages Diamond, Turkish, Standard or Rexall dyes for 25c, genuine Wells and Richardson's butter color 15c, 6 lbs chemically pure sulphur 25c, 12 lbs grocer's sulphur and everything advertised in the Express, fresh and good at the Red Cross Drug store.

he kept the Post Office at Violet but being brought up a farmer, he longed for the occupation of his youth. He then moved on a farm near Wilton, where he resided until about eight years ago, when he came to live with his nephew, Mr. Ellison Martin, near Yarker. Deceased was a successful farmer, and much beloved by all who came to know him, having always a desire to do unto others as he would they should do unto him. Deceased was a consistent member of the Methodist church, being converted to God in his youth. He was always at Sabbath school, always at church, striving to do the will of his Master. Those who remember him in his earlier days would remember seeing him after his daily work was done, walking two or three miles to attend the weekly prayer-meeting. He kept his faith in God up to the last and passed away so peacefully that right well may we say Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord. Deceased had been failing in health for the last few years while the last month it could be seen that he would soon be called to dwell with his blessed Master. The funeral service was conducted at the home of Mr. Martin, on Jan. 4th by the Rev. Farnsworth. The body was placed in Harrowsmith vault to await interment in the spring. The near relatives left to mourn are a daughter, Mrs. D. J. Rutan, Bancroft, and a half brother, Mr. Wm. R. Ferguson, residing near Queensboro.

### 20 Per Cent.

Discount sale on horse blankets, lined mitts and sleigh bells.

MADOLE & WILSON.

### WEATHER FOR FEBRUARY.

As Predicted By Rev. J. R. Hicks.

Rev. J. R. Hicks, of St. Louis, has issued his bulletin of prognostications for the month of February, from which the following data is extracted:

The first regular storm period for the month is central on the 3rd, covering the 1st to the 6th.

A progressive warm wave with falling barometer will appear first; cloudiness with rain, turning to snow will follow, and these, attended with more or less storminess, will pass central to eastern parts of the country from about the 3rd to 5th. Meantime a high barometer with winter winds and change to much colder, north-western sections in due time and regular order to displace the storm areas and spread to eastern extremes.

By the 8th and 9th all the foregoing phenomena of the first storm period will have nearly or quite disappeared except the cold in eastern states. Change to warmer and falling barometer, followed by return to cloudiness and rain and snow will again be advancing from western parts. On and touching the 5th and 9th look for rains, with electrical storms probable, especially southward. As these conditions move out of the way to the eastward, high barometer, cold winds with squalls of snow and clearing weather will follow progressively to the eastward.

The next storm period is central on the 14th, extending from the 12th, to the 16th. The passage of regular winter storm conditions, from west to east in progressive order, may be counted on at this period. First, February rains, turning to snow and sleet squalls, winding up with rising barometer and cold wave.

The 19th, 20th and 21st will bring general and very active winter storms. The first stages of these storms will be warm and tropical—rains with lightning and thunder, especially on and touching the 21st. But in quick order look for change to colder with blizzards visitations from west and north. Decided cold will spread eastward behind progressive storms.

The last storm period for February runs from the 25th into March. On and touching the 27th and 28th, growing change to falling barometer, warmer and cloudiness will merge into widespread rains, fringed on the west and northwest tangents by snow, high winds and much colder. In due time and order these conditions will reach most parts of the country, involving the first day or two of March.

Don't Cough Buy Wallace's Black Cough Knots—5c.

**C.A.S.T.O.R.I.A.**  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*



A GENUINE  
BARGAIN.

ALL WOOL  
TWEED  
30 cts.

A YARD.

JAMES WALTERS

Merchant Tailor,  
Napanee.

Next J. J. Haines' Shoe  
Store.

#### Cemetery Co. Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Napanee Cemetery Company was held in the Council Chambers on Monday. The following officers were elected:

President—R. W. Smith.  
Secretary—W. T. Waller.  
Treasurer—E. S. Lapum.

Directors—The officers and trustees—F. W. Vandusen, S. Gibson, Robt. Boyes, Henry Wilson, and J. Miles. The auditor Mr. W. F. Hall, presented the annual statement showing a very successful year, over three hundred dollars being added to the deposit in the bank besides a comfortable balance being left for current expenses.

Mainly Jones, J.P., committed John Dunn of Roblin to goal for 3 months for vagrancy on Tuesday.

#### Elevated to the Bench.

Roger C. Clute, K.C., L.L.B., one of the prominent men of the Toronto Bar, was appointed Tuesday a Judge of the High Court, in succession to Mr. Justice Idington, who goes to the Supreme Court at Ottawa. Mr. Clute was born near Picton in 1848, of U.E.Loyalist stock. He was educated at the Stirling Grammar School and at Albert College, Belleville taking the degree of L.L.B. in 1873. The same year he was called to the Bar, having pursued his legal studies with A. R. Dougall, K.C., and subsequently with Osler & Mowat, Toronto. He commenced practice in Belleville under the firm name of Clute & Williams and soon built up a business of large proportions. He was made a Queen's Counsel in 1890, and three years later went to Toronto as head of the firm Clute, Macdonald, Macintosh & McCrimmons. He has acted as crown prosecutor in over thirty murder cases since 1881, when he secured the conviction of Lee, the Napanee murderer. Among the celebrated trials which he has conducted was the Hancock murder case in Toronto in 1892. Justice Clute was a number of years ago a partner in the firm of Gibson & Clute with office in the Grange block. Mr. Stephen Gibson, Registrar being the other partner.

#### The Warden's Supper.

That time honored function, the Warden's supper, was given on Friday evening last in the Campbell House by the Warden, Mr. W. A. Martin. About half past eight a goodly company assembled to do honor to Mr. Martin, who so ably fills the important position of Warden of the County and we are sure that under Mr. Martin's leadership the affairs of the County will be well managed. The tables in the dining room were very tastefully arranged and the repast served by Mr. Taylor, was all that could be desired. After the supper the toast list was taken up and a very pleasant and profitable evening was spent in listening to the many

Rennie Block,  
**NAPANEE.** **Madill Bros.** **NAPANEE.**

Spring 1905 Spring 1905  
**Advance styles in new Dress Goods & Silks**  
**At Napanee's Most Popular Store**

New Dress Goods here in great profusion await your inspection. Spring, 1905 brings many changes in styles, materials, etc. and we having every detail very carefully considered, we are proud in saying that our stock of Dress Goods and Silks, are the finest for style, finish and durability, ever shown in Napanee. Our many patrons are no doubt aware that we are sole agents here for Priestley's Famous Dress Fabrics, and our stock is almost complete with the latest including, Mohair, Lustres, Brillantine, Sicilienne, Voiles, Crepe-de-Chenes, Venetians, and Panneau Cloths and the new check Louisienne and Tamoline Silks for Shirt Waist Suits.

#### SEE WINDOWS

New Mohair Brillantine, in plain colors and spot effects. Colors are black, cream, navy, new blue, brown and green excellent range of prices at from 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c, to 75c yd.

New Mohair Lustres in the leading shades, brown, navy, greens, cream and black. Prices range at from 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c, and 75c yd.

**The Much Called For Siciliennes!**

An exceptionally good range including the Famous Priestley's makes in colors of, several shades of browns, blues, greens, check effects; cream and black.

Prices 50c, 75c, \$1.00 \$1.25 and \$1.50 per yd.

New Banza Voiles.

New Lucana cloth.

New Garron Cloth.

In all the leading and most popular shades and the prices range at from 50c, 75c, \$1.00 to \$2.00 yd.

New Eoelienne and Crepe-de-Chene, the much called for sheer materials, shades of navy, brown, black, cream, reseda, pink, and sky. These are beautiful sheer fabrics, very suitable for summer gowns and the prices at from 50c, 75c \$1.00 to \$2.00 yd.

**Priestley's  
Dress Fabrics**



Are the most  
serviceable for  
All-Time Wear

They comprise  
lines which will  
suit every lady's  
taste

**Louisienne and Tamoline Check  
Silks, a leader for Spring.**

Having placed in stock an exceptionally large consignment of these goods, we are in a position to show a good range of colors, prices etc., in the small, medium and double check and shot effect and the prices range

the present position of affairs in the County and we are sure that under Mr. Martin's leadership the affairs of the County will be well managed. The tables in the dining room were very tastefully arranged and the repast served by Mr. Taylor, was all that could be desired. After the supper the toast list was taken up and a very pleasant and profitable evening was spent in listening to the many short but interesting speeches, interspersed with songs by Mr. Hecsher, Aylesworth, Deseronto. Following is the toast list:

#### TOAST LIST.

King—G. D. Hawley.  
The Army and Navy—Col. Clyde.  
Our Legislatures—J. T. Grange, M. S. Madole.  
The County Council—H. A. Baker, M. C. Rogers.  
Our Host—W. A. Martin.  
Our Educational Institutions—F. Burrows, G. A. Aylesworth.  
The Learned Professions—W. G. Wilson, C. H. Edwards.  
The Ladies—T. B. German.

The following guests were present:

W. A. Martin	M. C. Rogers,
G. A. Aylesworth,	M. S. Madole,
C. H. Finkle,	J. T. Grange,
John English,	W. P. Deroche,
Irvine Parks,	T. Symington,
J. Hamm,	Stewart Paul,
T. B. German,	W. G. Wilson,
H. Aylesworth,	G. C. Creighton,
W. A. Grange,	E. J. Pollard,
A. B. Root,	W. J. Shannon,
Jas. Bryden,	John Allison,
Z. A. Vanloven,	Geo. Woods,
Morley Hoffman, Moscow.	
D. W. Lucas,	N. B. Miller,
F. P. Johnston, Moscow,	
C. H. Edwards,	H. A. Baker,
M. N. Empey,	E. Burrows,
G. D. Hawley,	Col. Clyde.
Everton Vanloven, Moscow.	

## Gas Supplies.

Pedants, swing brackets, gas lamps, chimneys, shades, self-lighting mantles, no matches required. Just turn on the gas. Block light mantles, chimneys, cluster mantles. We can supply you with a lamp that gives you a light equal to the block and does not consume but little over half the gas. Gas lamps repaired.

## PERRY'S COUGH MIXTURE

Sure cure for a bad cold or LaGrippe. Every bottle guaranteed.

10,650

Bottles sold in last three years.

J. J. PERRY, Druggist.



## CHOOSE.

The easy way to choose a suit is to come where the greatest variety of styles abound and that place is here. The more particular you are about your clothes the more you will enjoy looking at these master pieces of the tailor's art. Every detail in cut, make and trimmings shows plainly the excellence of our

## CLOTHING

Our prices will at once convince you that we are a fair house to do business with. We begin the good work at \$3.50 for a splendid Tweed Suit, and give you lots of chances for suit satisfaction before we quit at \$15.00.

We invite you to inspect our stock, now as we are selling at greatly reduced prices.

C. A. GRAHAM & CO.



They comprise  
lines which will  
suit every lady's  
taste for  
Everyday Wear  
Evening Wear

A large consignment of Crums Famous Prints. Famous B. B. B. Prints and muslins to hand.

We draw special attention to this space during our Spring Campaign.

# NAPANEE'S MOST MODERN STORE.

### In Light Distress.

A new term was heard the other day. An old lady and her two daughters came into a millinery store. The young women were mourning black. The old woman said to the clerk: "I want a mourning hat, for I am in mourning. But my datter here," indicating, "is a widder of two years' standing, and she is in light distress. Give her a hat with blue feathers on it."

### Schoolboy Humor.

Etc. Is a sign used to make believe you know more than you do.

The equator is a menagerie lion running around the center of the earth.

The zebra is like a horse, only striped and used to illustrate the letter Z.

A vacuum is nothing shut up in a box.—Definitions by London School Children.

### That Was Different.

Mrs. Tittle—What a beautiful world it must have been when there were only Adam and Eve in it! There was nobody to say nasty things about them. Mrs. Tattle—But, then, they had nobody to talk about. Mrs. Tittle—Well, I guess, after all, the world has improved since their time.

THE DUKE OF ARGYLL has long been a regular yearly contributor to THE YOUTH'S COMPANION. For the issue of December 29th he has written an informing article on the powers and duties of the Governor-General of Canada. Having formerly held the appointment himself, the Duke speaks with authority as to the influence which the viceroy is able to exert, if he is a man of tact and ability, in promoting the internal welfare of the Dominion and strengthening the attachment of the people to the mother country. A fine portrait of Earl Grey, the new Governor-General, illustrates the article.

### Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with local applications as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonic known, combined with the best blood purifier, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo O Sold by Druggists, Price 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Having placed in stock an exceptionally large consignment of these goods, we are in a position to show a good range of colors, prices etc., in the small, medium and double check, and shot effect, and the prices range at from 50c per yd. Shan-Tung and Habitua Silks in navy, reseda, natural and fancy spots.

At from 50c per yd.

### Sarcasm.

Cholly—D'you know, I'm sometimes inclined to think— Clara (encouragingly)—Why don't you do it, Cholly? It's not such a difficult thing if you really try.

### Limit to Rights.

Even the free citizen of a free country may not have in all cases the right to do what he pleases with his own property.

### Not So Enjoyable.

Friend—Your wedding breakfast was a delightful affair. Mr. Honeymoon (with a sigh)—Yes, but we've had others since.

### The American Eagle.

Our baldheaded eagle, so called because the feathers on the top of his head are white, was called the Washington eagle by Audubon, the great naturalist. Like Washington, he is brave and fearless, and as his name and greatness are known the world over so can the eagle soar to heights beyond others. The eagle was adopted as the emblem of the United States in 1783, since when it has been used on the tips of flag-poles, coins, United States seals and on the shield of Liberty.

### Unfiring.

"When I took you into partnership," said the indignant father, "I expected you to be untiring in your devotion to the interests of the business."

The son took one foot down from the desk long enough to strike a match to light his cigarette.

"I think I have been," said he. "You never have noticed me fire myself yet, have you, pa?"

### Pen Picture of Bunyan.

In the life of John Bunyan by W. Hale White the author of "Pilgrim's Progress" is described as follows: "He appeared in countenance to be a stern and rough temper, but in conversation mild and affable, not given to loquacity or much discourse in company unless some urgent occasion required it. He never boasted of himself or his parts. He abhorred lying and swearing, being just in all that lay in his power to his word, not seeming to revenge injuries, loving to reconcile differences and make friendship with all. He had a sharp, quick eye, accompanied with an excellent discerning of persons, being

of good judgment and quick wit. As for his person, he was tall of stature, strong boned, though not corpulent, somewhat of a ruddy face, with sparkling eyes, wearing his hair on his upper lip after the old British fashion, his hair reddish, but in his latter days time had sprinkled it with gray. His nose was well set, but not declining or bending, and his mouth moderately large, his forehead something high and his habit always plain and modest."

### Susan's Accomplishments.

Mr. Hayrake—Well, Susan must be studyin' art. Mrs. Hayrake—Land sakes! Mr. Hayrake—Yes; she says, "I am writing this letter in my drawing room."

### Fourth Grace.

Faith, hope and charity should crowd closer and make room for gratitude.—*Atchison Globe.*

# LOOKOUT FOR PAUL'S SALE

—OF—

# Wall Paper

Beginning Saturday,

# 18th February

VALENTINES—All Sorts and kinds at

# A. E. PAUL'S.